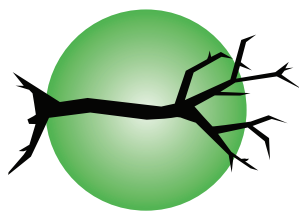


CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



Adama

Di-Bak™ G

Herbicide

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: **700 g/kg GLYPHOSATE**

present as the mono-ammonium salt (Each capsule contains 261 mg GLYPHOSATE)

GROUP **M** HERBICIDE

For the control of tree weeds and unwanted tree plants in forestry, pasture, commercial, industrial and public service areas as per the Directions For Use table.



ADAMA

adama.com

CONTENTS: 20 – 1000 Capsules

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRAINTS

DO NOT allow stock to graze surrounding the treated areas until complete browning of treated tree has occurred.

SITUATION	UNWANTED TREES	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
Stem Injection Forestry, Pasture, Commercial & Industrial Areas, Rights of Way, Around Agricultural Buildings & Public Service areas.	Glyphosate susceptible trees including: Dunn's white gum (<i>Eucalyptus dunnii</i>) Flooded gum (<i>E. grandis</i>), Ghost gum (<i>E. papuana</i>), Gum topped bloodwood (<i>E. dichromophloia</i>), Messmate stringybark (<i>E. obliqua</i>), Narrowleaf ironbark (<i>E. creba</i>), Pink bloodwood (<i>E. intermedia</i>), Poplar box (<i>E. populnea</i>), Silverleaf ironbark (<i>E. melanophloia</i>), Silvertop ash (Ironbark) (<i>E. sieberi</i>), Spotted gum (<i>E. maculata</i>), Sydney blue gum (<i>E. saligna</i>), Swamp mahogany (<i>Tristania suaveolens</i>), Western white gum (<i>E. argophloia</i>) White mahogany (<i>E. acmenoides</i>), Willows (<i>Salix babylonica</i>), Prickly acacia (<i>Vachellia nilotica</i>), Privet (<i>Ligustrum</i> spp.), Rhus (<i>Toxicodendron succedaneum</i>), Camphor laurel (<i>Cinnamomum camphora</i>)	1 capsule every 10 cm of circumference	Use an applicator to drill a hole and deliver ADAMA DI-BAK G capsule in the sapwood layer beneath the bark. Space capsule insertions at 10 cm, centres around tree circumference below any branching, otherwise remove or treat all branches below the capsule insertion. On multiple trunk trees ensure each trunk is treated.	ALL TREES - Apply a minimum of two capsules to each tree. - Apply at waist height.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

This product is an encapsulated non-volatile, water soluble granule with non-selective herbicidal activity against many weed plants. Product is injected directly to the stem's sapwood ie stem injection into the vascular system. This product moves throughout the plant from the point of injection.

The most effective time to apply herbicides to woody plants is during growth periods when herbicidal materials will be translocated to growth points throughout the plant. Visible effect/efficacy of the product may be delayed/ impacted by poor growing conditions following treatment.

Ensure that the plug to the hole is well secured. The plug is vitally important to create a humid atmosphere within the tree for the capsule to disintegrate and the granules to dissolve so the glyphosate is translocated within the tree.

Mortality of adult trees occurs 4 months after treatment. Visible effects are a gradual yellowing and wilting of the leaves which advances to complete browning of above ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

This product is a non-selective translocated herbicide. Capsule insertion into non-target plants may cause severe injury or destruction to that plant.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

ADAMA DI-BAK G Herbicide is a member of the Glycine group of herbicides. ADAMA DI-BAK G has the inhibitors of EPSP synthase in mode of action. For weed resistance management ADAMA DI-BAK G is a Group M herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to ADAMA DI-BAK G and other Group M herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by ADAMA DI-BAK G or other Group M herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Adama Australia accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of ADAMA DI-BAK G to control resistant weeds.



PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical (capsules) or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, well ventilated area out of direct sunlight. Do not contaminate seed, feed or foodstuff. Do not dispose of any surplus capsules on site. Puncture or shred and bury empty containers in an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty containers 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Harmful if swallowed. Capsule contents will damage eyes and will irritate the skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When handling the product, wear disposable gloves. Wash hands after use.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26.

SDS

Additional information is listed in the safety data sheet (SDS). A safety data sheet for ADAMA DI-BAK G Herbicide is available from adama.com or call Customer Service on 1800 423 262.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

The use of ADAMA DI-BAK G Herbicide being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no warranty expressed or implied is given by Adama Australia regarding its suitability, fitness or efficiency for any purposes for which it is used by the buyer, whether in accordance with the Directions for Use or not. Adama Australia accepts no responsibility for any consequence whatsoever resulting from the use of this product.

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