DANGEROUS POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



Herbicide

ACTIVE CONSTITUENTS:

250 g/L BROMOXYNIL

present as the OCTANOATE

25 g/L DIFLUFENICAN

SOLVENTS: 150 g/L N-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE (C)

OR

387 g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBONS 175 g/L N-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE (D)

GROUP 6 12 HERBICIDE

Crops: Winter Cereals and Pasture

Controls or Suppresses: Broadleaf weeds as specified in the

Directions for Use

Formulation type
Emulsifiable
Concentrate







adama.com CONTENTS: 5 L - 1000 L

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Restraints: DO NOT apply if crop or weeds are stressed due to dry or excessively moist conditions.

DO NOT apply to crops under stress due to disease or insect damage.

DO NOT apply to frost-affected crops or if frosts are imminent.

DO NOT apply if heavy rain is expected within 4 hours.

DO NOT apply with crop oils (cereals only).

CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	RATE/Ha	STATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat, Barley, Triticale, Cereal Rye (including undersown with Clover and/or Lucerne), and these cover crops in vineyards Pasture Clover and/ or Lucerne based pasture (newly sown or established) including cover crops in vineyards	Wild Radish	Up to 2 leaf stage and not more than 60 mm in diameter and where weed density is less than 50 plants/m²	350 mL	WA only	CROP STAGE Cereals 2 leaf to fully tillered (Zadok's Z12-29). Optimum results are achieved when sprayed at 4-8 weeks post-sowing. Warning: COLT® may cause transient crop yellowing
	Wild Mustard, Wild Radish	Up to 4 leaf stage and not more than 120 mm in diameter	500 mL	All States	of cereals. (Refer to "Crop Tolerance" section of General Instructions). Clover and Lucerne Application is recommended prior to the 8th trifoliat
		Up to 6 leaf stage and not more than 150 mm in diameter	750 mL		leaf stage. Application can be made from the 1st trifoliate leaf stage in Qld, NSW, ACT and Vic only. In other States applications prior to the 3 leaf stage may result in crop damage if seedlings are under stress and in sandy soils. DO NOT apply to
		Up to 8 leaf stage and not more than 180 mm in diameter	1.0 L		annual medics. Warning: COLT® may affect growth and seed set of some varieties of clover and lucerne (Refer to "Crop Tolerance" section of General Instructions).
	Canola (Rapeseed), Charlock, Turnip Weed, Wild Turnip Up to 2 leaf stage and not more than 60 mm in diameter Up to 4 leaf stage	500 mL		Cover Crops in Vineyards: When using in vineyard situations, apply during vine dormancy only. Contact with vines must be avoided. Particular care should be	
		Up to 4 leaf stage and not more than 120 mm in diameter	750 mL		taken if applied in late Autumn or early Spring, when vines may not be fully dormant.
	Shepherd's Purse		1.0 L		Weed Stage: Apply from early post-emergence. continued overleaf

APVMA Approval No: 63316/RV2024 (C/D) COLT® Herbicide PAGE 1 OF 6



CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	RATE/ha	STATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat, Barley, Triticale, Cereal Rye (including undersown with Clover and/or Lucerne), and these cover crops in vineyards Pasture Clover and/	Capeweed	Up to 4 leaf stage and not more than 120 mm in diameter	500 mL	All States	Application: Apply when weeds are actively growing. Ensure thorough coverage of weeds. Where crop or weed density is high, increase water volume. In most situations the rate specified for each weed size will give satisfactory control. However, under certain conditions such as: * high crop and weed density; * late season germinations; * abnormal weed growth (including early flowering); higher rates of product (up to the maximum rate of application specified for that weed) may be required.
		Up to 6 leaf stage and not more than 150 mm in diameter	750 mL		
		Up to 8 leaf stage and not more than 180 mm in diameter	1.0 L		
or Lucerne	Corn Gromwell	Up to 4 leaf stage	500 mL	1	COLT® will not effectively control:
based pasture (newly sown		Up to 6 leaf stage	750 mL		* regrowth of suppressed weeds;
or established)	Climbing Buckwheat	Up to 2 leaf stage	500 mL		* transplanted weeds; * regrowth from rhizomes or roots;
including cover crops in vineyards		Up to 4 leaf stage	750 mL		* weeds growing under stress from previous
Crops in vineyards		Up to 6 leaf stage	1.0 L	1	herbicide applications;
– continued	Deadnettle,	Up to 2 leaf stage	500 mL	1	* radish plants beyond rosette stage.
	Paterson's Curse (Salvation Jane), Rough Poppy	Up to 4 leaf stage	750 mL		Wild Radish: Effective residual activity of this product may be reduced where: * rates lower than 1.0 L/ha are used; * dry conditions prevail; * poor coverage of the soil surface is achieved;
	Amsinckia			011	
	Doublegee (Spiny Emex)	Up to 2 leaf stage	500 mL	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, WA only	* crop is grown in non-wetting sand; * soils have a high content of clay or organic matter. Volunteer Lupins: In some situations, the higher rate of 1.0 L/ha may be required to effectively suppress volunteer lupins at the 4 leaf stage.
		Up to 4 leaf stage	750 mL	All	# COLT® will suppress seedling dock but will not
	Chamomile, Common Peppercress, Lesser Swinecress, Purple Calandrinia (Mountain Sorrel), Tree Hogweed	Up to 4 leaf stage	1.1 L	States	suppress regrowth from transplanted roots.
	Fat Hen, Field Madder, Saffron Thistle, Variegated Thistle		1.0 L		
	Ox-Tongue, Wireweed	Up to 2 leaf stage			
	Fireweed	Up to 4 leaf stage	500 mL	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA, NT only	
	Common Cotula (Bird's Eye), Pheasants Eye (Adonis)	Up to 4 leaf stage	560 mL	SA only	
		Greater than 4 leaf stage	1.1 L		
Wheat, Barley, Triticale, Cereal Rye	Fumitory	2 - 6 leaf stage	350 + 200 mL/ha terbutryn (500 g/L)	WA only	



CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	RATE/ha	STATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
	SUPPRESSION OF THE FOLLOWING WEEDS					
Wheat, Barley,	Dense-flower Fumitory	Up to 2 leaf stage	750 mL	All States	CROP STAGE Cereals	
Triticale,		Up to 4 leaf stage	1.0 L	States	2 leaf to fully tillered (Zadok's Z12-29). Optimum results	
Cereal Rye	Chickweed, Common Sowthistle				are achieved when sprayed at 4-8 weeks	
(including undersown with	(Milk Thistle).				post-sowing. Warning: COLT® may cause transient crop yellowing	
Clover and/or	Dock#, Hexham Scent				of cereals. (Refer to "Crop Tolerance section of	
Lucerne), and	(King Island Melilot), Prickly Lettuce,				General Instructions).	
these cover crops in vineyards	Scarlet Pimpernel,				Clover and Lucerne	
,	Skeleton Weed, Sorrel,				Application is recommended prior to the 8th trifoliate leaf stage. Application can be made from the 1st	
Pasture Clover and/	Speedwell, Three-Horned				trifoliate leaf stage in Qld, NSW, ACT and Vic only. In	
or Lucerne	Bedstraw, Toad Rush				other States applications prior to the 3 leaf stage may result in crop damage if seedlings are under stress	
based pasture	Volunteer Lupins		500 mL-		and in sandy soils.	
(newly sown or established)			1.0 L		DO NOT apply to annual medics.	
including cover	Crassula (Stonecrop)	Up to 5 leaf stage	500 mL		Warning: COLT® may affect growth and seed set of some varieties of clover and lucerne (Refer to "Crop	
crops in vineyards	Long Storksbill	Up to 4 leaf stage		-	Tolerance" section of General Instructions).	
	Volunteer Field Peas	Up to 5 node stage	750 mL		Cover Crops in Vineyards: When using in vineyard	
	Ward's Weed	Up to 5 leaf stage	1.0 L		situations, apply during vine dormancy only. Contact with vines must be avoided. Particular care should be	
	Vetch	Up to 2 leaf stage			taken if applied in late autumn or early spring, when	
	Mouse-Eared Chickweed			NSW, ACT only	vines may not be fully dormant.	
					Trood otago. Apply from early post emergence.	
	Mexican Poppy Mintweed.	Un to Aloof stone	-	Old only	Application: Apply when weeds are actively growing. Ensure thorough coverage of weeds. Where crop	
	Spoon Cudweed	Up to 4 leaf stage		NSW, ACT only	or weed density is high, increase water volume. In	
	New Zealand Spinach	Up to 2 leaf stage	750 mL	Qld only	most situations the rate specified for each weed size	
	Cleavers	Up to 1 whorl	1.0 L	SA only	will give satisfactory control. However, under certain conditions such as:	
		stage]		* high crop and weed density;	
	Ball Mustard	Up to 4 leaf stage			* late season germinations; * abnormal weed growth (including early flowering);	
	Horehound	Pre-emergence			higher rates of product (up to the maximum rate of	
	Marshmallow	Up to 2 leaf stage			application specified for that weed) may be required.	
					COLT® will not effectively control:	
					* regrowth of suppressed weeds; * transplanted weeds;	
					* regrowth from rhizomes or roots;	
					* weeds growing under stress from previous herbicide applications;	
					* radish plants beyond rosette stage.	
					Wild Radish: Effective residual activity of this product	
					may be reduced where: * rates lower than 1.0 L/ha are used;	
					* dry conditions prevail;	
					* poor coverage of the soil surface is achieved;	
					* crop is grown in non-wetting sand; * soils have a high content of clay or organic matter.	
					Volunteer Lupins: In some situations, the higher rate	
					of 1.0 L/ha may be required to effectively suppress	
					volunteer lupins at the 4 leaf stage.	
					# COLT® will suppress seedling dock but will not suppress regrowth from transplanted roots.	
CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	RATE/ha	STATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
Wheat,	Wild Radish	Up to the 4 leaf	350 mL +	WA only	Refer also to all Critical Comments for cereals above.	
Barley,		stage and not	200 mL		DO NOT use this tank-mix if cereals are undersown	
Triticale, Cereal Rye		more than 120 mm in diameter	MCPA LVE (500 g/L)		with lucerne or annual medics. DO NOT use this tank-mix in vineyards.	
veleal nye		Up to the 6 leaf	500 g/L/	All	Crop Stage	
		stage and not more than 150 mm in diameter	200 mL MCPA LVE (500 g/L) 500 mL + 400 mL MCPA LVE (500 g/L)	States	COLT® 350 mL + MCPA LVE 200 mL: Apply from 3 leaf	
					to fully tillered (Zadok's Z13 to Z30). COLT® 500 mL + MCPA LVE 200 mL: Apply from 3 leaf	
		Up to the 8 leaf stage and not more than 180 mm in diameter			to fully tillered (Zadok's Z13 to Z30).	
					COLT® 500 mL + MCPA LVE 400 mL: Apply from 5 leaf	
					stage to fully tillered (Zadok's Z15 to Z30). Optimum results are achieved when sprayed at	
					4 - 8 weeks post sowing.	
					Warning: COLT® may cause transient crop yellowing of cereals. (Refer to "Crop Tolerance" section of	
					General Instructions).	
					Observe instructions also on MCPA LVE product label.	
NOT TO BE USED	FOR ANY PURPOSE (OR IN ANY MANN	IER CONTR	ARY TO T	HIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER	

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE OR IN ANY MANNER CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.



WITHHOLDING PERIODS:

Harvest: CEREALS, GRAPES – NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

Grazing: PASTURE, CEREALS - DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD WITHIN 8 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

WEED TABLE

WEED IABLE	
Common name	Scientific name
Amsinckia	Amsinckia spp.
Ball Mustard	Neslia paniculata
Canola (Rapeseed)	Brassica napus
Capeweed	Arctotheca calendula
Chamomile	Matricaria matricarioides
Charlock	Sinapis arvensis
Chickweed	Stellaria media
Cleavers	Galium aparine
Climbing Buckwheat	Fallopia convolvulus
Common Cotula (Bird's eye)	Cotula australis
Common Peppercress	Lepidium africanum
Common Sowthistle (Milk Thistle)	Sonchus oleraceus
Corn Gromwell	Buglossoides arvense
Crassula (Stonecrop)	<i>Crassula</i> spp.
Deadnettle	Lamium amplexicaule
Dense-Flower Fumitory	Fumaria densiflora
Dock	Rumex spp.
Doublegee (Spiny Emex)	Emex australis
Fat Hen	Chenopodium album
Field Madder	Sherardia arvensis
Fireweed	Senecio spp.
Fumitory	Fumaria spp.
Hexham Scent (King Island Melilot)	Melilotus indicus
Horehound	Marubium vulgare
Lesser Swinecress	Coronopus didymus
Long Storksbill	Erodium botrys
Mexican Poppy	Argemone ochroleuca
Marshmallow	Malva parviflora
Mintweed	Salvia reflexa

Common name	Scientific name
Mouse-Eared Chickweed	Cerastium glomeratum
New Zealand Spinach	Tetragonia tetragonoides
0x-Tongue	Picris echioides
Paterson's Curse (Salvation Jane)	Echium plantagineum
Pheasants Eye (Adonis)	Adonis dentatus
Prickly Lettuce	Lactuca serriola
Purple Calandrinia (Mountain Sorrel)	Calandrinia menziesii
Rough Poppy	Papaver hybridum
Saffron Thistle	Carthamus lanatus
Scarlet Pimpernel	Anagallis arvensis
Shepherd's Purse	Capsella bursapastoris
Skeleton Weed	Chondrilla juncea
Sorrel	Rumex acetosella
Speedwell	Veronica spp.
Spoon Cudweed	Stuartina muelleri
Three-Horned bedstraw	Galium tricornutum
Toad Rush	Juncus bufonius
Tree Hogweed	Polygonum patulum
Turnip Weed	Rapistrum rugosum
Variegated Thistle	Silybum marianum
Vetch	Vicia sativa
Volunteer Field Peas	Pisum sativum
Volunteer Lupins	Lupinus angustifolius
Ward's Weed	Carrichtera annua
Wild Mustard	Sisymbrium spp.
Wild Radish	Raphanus raphanistrum
Wild Turnip	Brassica tournefortii
Wireweed	Polygonum aviculare
-	

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

This product is a post-emergence contact herbicide, which may provide residual control of wild radish up to 4 weeks after application.

- Apply COLT® immediately after mixing. DO NOT allow to stand in the spray tank overnight.
- Optimum results will be obtained if good soil moisture exists at and after application and weeds are not stressed.
- Some pre-emergence herbicides, such as atrazine, can cause stress to certain crops resulting in an increase in crop damage when using this product. Crops which are particularly sensitive are lucerne and subterranean clover.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

COLT® Herbicide is a member of the nitrile and nicotinanilide groups of herbicides. COLT® is an inhibitor



of photosynthesis at photosystem II and carotenoid biosynthesis. For weed resistance management, COLT® is a Group 6, 12 herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to COLT® and other Group 6, 12 herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by COLT® or other Group 6, 12 herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Adama Australia accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of COLT® to control resistant weeds.

TEMPERATURE WARNING

DO NOT apply COLT® if frosts are imminent. Frost causes stress on crops and weeds and could result in increased crop effects and/or decreased weed control. To ensure good results COLT® should only be applied once the weeds and crop are no longer under stress from the frost conditions.

Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application, as increased crop damage may result.

CROP TOLERANCE

Cereals

After application some transient crop yellowing may occur. This usually appears as yellow or white banding on leaves. Provided the crop is not under stress from pre-emergent herbicide, root disease, insect damage, frost, dry or excessively moist conditions, the development of the crop and subsequent growth will be unaffected.

Lucerne

Warning: The tolerance of lucerne varieties to COLT® can vary with rate of application, soil type, crop health, stage of growth and degree of moisture and temperature stress. COLT® may result in transient crop yellowing and suppression of growth with a resultant initial reduction in dry matter. For this reason we recommend application prior to the 8 trifoliate leaf stage. However, under normal growing conditions subsequent growth and seed yield should not be affected. Crop damage may be increased if rates higher than 500 mL/ha are used and in areas where spray overlapping has occurred. Under normal growing conditions, the following lucerne varieties have shown acceptable levels of foliage tolerance to COLT® applied at 500 mL/ha: Hunter River, Nova and Dekalb 185. Varieties not listed should be tested before using COLT® over large areas. Consult your local Adama representative for advice on specific varieties.



APVMA Approval No: 63316/RV2024 (C/D) COLT® Herbicide PAGE 4 OF 6

Subterranean clover

Warning: The tolerance of Subterranean Clover varieties to COLT® can vary with rate of application, soil type, crop health, stage of growth and degree of moisture and temperature stress. COLT® may result in transient crop yellowing and suppression of growth with an initial reduction in dry matter. For this reason we recommend application prior to the 8 trifoliate leaf stage. However, under normal growing conditions subsequent growth and seed yield should not be affected. Crop damage may be increased if rates higher than 500 mL/ha are used and in areas where spray overlapping has occurred. Under normal growing conditions, the following varieties have shown acceptable levels of foliage tolerance to COLT® applied at 500 mL/ha: Daliak, Dalkeith, Denmark, Goulburn, Karridale, Leura, Mt. Barker, Nungarin, Rosedale, Seaton Park, Trikkala and Woogenellup. The variety Junee has shown increased sensitivity to COLT® so care should be taken if this variety is part of the pasture sward. The effects of COLT® on Subterranean Clover seed yield have been tested on the following varieties. Under normal growing conditions they show acceptable levels of tolerance to COLT® applied at 500 mL/ha. However, higher rates may reduce seed yield under conditions of low weed pressure: Denmark, Goulburn, Larissa, Nungarin, Seaton Park, Trikkala and Woogenellup. Varieties not listed should be tested before using COLT® over large areas. Consult your local Adama representative for advice on specific varieties.

Other Clovers

Warning: The tolerance of clover varieties to COLT® can vary with rate of application, soil type, crop health, stage of growth and degree of moisture and temperature stress. COLT® may result in transient crop yellowing and suppression of growth with a resultant initial reduction in dry matter. For this reason we recommend application prior to the 8 trifoliate leaf stage.

However, under normal growing conditions subsequent growth and seed yield should not be affected. Crop damage may be increased if rates higher than 500 mL/ha are used and in areas where spray overlapping has occurred. The effect on seed yield of other clovers has not been determined.

The following varieties of clover have shown increased sensitivity to COLT®: Big Bee, Sacromonte (Berseem), Haifa (White), Zulu (Arrowleaf), Kyambro, Lupers and Maral (Persian). Care should be exercised if these clovers are part of the pasture sward. Varieties not listed should be tested before using COLT® over large areas. Consult your local Adama representative for advice on specific varieties.

Subsequent Crops

To reduce effect on subsequent susceptible crops (e.g. canola), ensure thorough cultivation of soil prior to the sowing of these crops.

To ensure even mixing, half fill the spray tank with clean water and add the required amount of product. Agitate thoroughly while carrying out spray operations. Reseal part-used container immediately after use.

APPLICATION

Boom Sprayer: A minimum of 50 L water/ha should be used, however, for optimum results water rates of 70 - 100 L/ha are recommended. Increase the water volume where weed infestation is heavy or the crop cover is dense. Complete coverage of weeds is essential. Higher water volumes (up to 100 L/ha) will ensure faster activity of the product on the weeds but may increase the symptoms of crop damage. Controlled Droplet Application (CDA)

Insufficient information is available to recommend the application of this product by CDA.

Warning: The rubber components present in some spraying units may be affected by exposure to the solvents in COLT®. To reduce this risk it is recommended that the spray unit be thoroughly washed with a boom cleaner and fresh water after use.

Aircraft: Insufficient information is available to recommend the application of this product by air.

COMPATIBILITY

The following herbicide products are physically compatible with COLT® as two-way mixtures in the spray tank, but should only be used for the crops specified, and only when the crop is also specified on the label of the compatible product (See below for list of compatible insecticides):

Crop	COLT®	Compatible Product	
Wheat, Triticale, Cereal Rye (including undersown)	Up to 750 mL/ha	Fenoxaprop-p-ethyl (Wild Oats only, high rate), Diclofop (Barley also)	
Wheat, Barley, Triticale, Cereal Rye (including undersown)	All rates	Flumetsulam	
Wheat, Barley, Triticale, Cereal Rye (not undersown)	Up to 500 mL/ha	Lynx® WG, Tackle® WG, MCPA LVE (500 g/L product) (up to 500 mL/ha only)	
	All rates	2,4-D Amine 625, Eclipse*, clopyralid, dicamba (up to 115 g only).	
Wheat only (not undersown)	All rates	Mandate [®]	
Established Up to Lucerne only 750 mL/ha		Simazine (500 g/L product) (up to 1.25 L/ha only) and simazine (500 g/L)/paraquat (200 g/L) mixture	
Newly sown and established	Up to 750 mL/ha	Leopard® 200, 2,4-DB amine, fluazifop-p-ethyl	
Lucerne and Clover only	Up to 1.0 L/ha	Flumetsulam	

When mixing COLT® with other herbicides, crop yellowing may be enhanced. When mixing with Fenoxaprop-p-ethyl + mefenpyr-diethyl or Rhino some reduction in the efficacy and speed of action of these products may occur. When mixing with Leopard or Resilience® some reduction in the efficacy and speed of action of these products and COLT® may occur. In tank-mixtures with Lynx® WG and Tackle® WG, rates of CÓLT® higher than 500 mL/ha may cause significant crop damage. If the crop is stressed, the application of the herbicide tank-mixtures may cause yield reduction. When mixing with dicamba a temporary wilting may be evident in some crops after application. The mixture of COLT® and simazine should be applied during winter to lucerne which is not actively growing. This mixture may result in an increased crop effect but this can be reduced if the lucerne is grazed or cut before spraying. DO NOT mix COLT® with haloxyfop. Growers should seek advice before spraying recently released cereal varieties. This product may be mixed in the spray tank with one of the following insecticides according to the directions for the insecticide product: Alpha-Scud®, Ballistic® Elite, dimethoate, Strike-Out® and Venom® Use the recommended rates for COLT® and its tank-mix partner as well as the surfactant recommendation of the tank-mix partner. Read the label of the tank-mix partner before mixing and using the tank mixture. If another herbicide is applied as a tank mix, observe the plantback restrictions on that label.

Warning: DO NOT use crop oils with COLT® or COLT® tank mixtures in cereals. As formulations of other manufacturers' products are beyond the control of Adama, all mixtures should be tested prior to mixing commercial quantities.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants, crops, cropping lands or pastures. Wash sprayer thoroughly after use.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT Dangerous to fish. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or watercourses with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

5 L - 100 L: This product must be stored in a locked room or place away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilisers. This container can be recycled if it is clean, dry, free of visible residues and has the drumMUSTER logo visible. Triple-rinse container for disposal. Dispose of rinsate by adding it to the spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemical on site. Wash outside of the container and the cap. Store cleaned container in a sheltered place with cap removed. It will then be acceptable for recycling at any drumMUSTER collection or similar container management program site. The cap should not be replaced, but may be taken separately.



If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

110L Returnable containers: This product must be stored in a locked room or place away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilisers. If tamper evident seals are broken prior to initial use then the integrity of the contents cannot be assured. Empty container by pumping through dry-break connection system.

DO NOT attempt to breach the valve system or the filling point, or contaminate the container with water or other products. Ensure that the coupler, pump, meter and hoses are disconnected, triple rinsed with clean water and drained after each use. When empty, or contents no longer required, return the container to the point of purchase. This container remains the property of Adama Australia.

1000 L Refillable Containers

This product must be stored in a locked room or place away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilisers. Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area, DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. This minibulk container is reusable and remains the property of Adama Australia. Do not rinse empty container. No other liquid, solid or pesticide product should be put into it. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply/designated collection point for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Product is harmful if inhaled or swallowed. Will irritate eyes, nose, throat and skin. Avoid inhaling spray mist. When preparing spray wear elbow-length PVC gloves and face-shield. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use wash gloves, face shield and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26. If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes and see a doctor.

SDS

Additional information is listed in the safety data sheet (SDS). A safety data sheet for COLT® is available from adama.com or call Customer Service on 1800 423 262

CONDITIONS OF SALE: The use of COLT® Herbicide being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no warranty expressed or implied is given by Adama Australia regarding its suitability, fitness or efficiency for any purpose for which it is used by the buyer, whether in accordance with the directions or not and Adama Australia accepts no responsibility for any consequence whatsoever resulting from the use of this product.

- ® Registered trademark of an Adama Group Company
- * Other trademarks

NOT A DANGEROUS GOOD ACCORDING TO THE **AUSTRALIAN DANGEROUS GOODS (ADG) CODE.**

Combustible liquid.

Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. In case of fire, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam. Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal foam can be used.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

DO NOT handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice.

May cause respiratory irritation.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

APVMA Approval No: 63316/RV2024 (C/D) COLT® Herbicide PAGE 6 OF 6

