MAPP 16642

A residual herbicide for control of weeds in potatoes. A water dispersible granule formulation containing 70% w/w metribuzin.

Warning

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Keep out of reach of children.
Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty, clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

To access the Safety Data Sheet for this product scan the QR code or use the weblink: https://bit.ly/2ybNjwo - Alternatively, contact your supplier.
SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Operator Protection

Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable in addition to the following personal protective equipment.

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND SUITABLE RESPIRATORY PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT* when handling the product.

*Disposable filtering facepiece respirator to at least EN149 FFP3 or equivalent.

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES when handling contaminated surfaces.

However, engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment if a COSHH assessment shows they provide an equal or higher standard of protection.

WASH CONCENTRATE from skin or eyes immediately.

DO NOT BREATHE SPRAY.

WHEN USING DO NOT EAT, DRINK OR SMOKE.

Wash all protective clothing after use.

Environmental Protection

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads.

To protect aquatic organisms respect an unsprayed buffer zone to surface water bodies in line with LERAP requirements.

DO NOT ALLOW DIRECT SPRAY from horizontal boom sprayers to fall within 5 metres of the top of the bank of a static or flowing water body, unless a Local Environment Risk Assessment for Pesticides (LERAP) permits a narrower buffer zone, or within 1 metre of the top of a ditch which is dry at the time of application. Aim spray away from water.

This product qualifies for inclusion within the Local Environmental Risk Assessment for Pesticides (LERAP) scheme. Before each spraying operation from a horizontal boom sprayer, either a LERAP must be carried out in accordance with HSE’s published guidance or the statutory buffer zone must be maintained. The results of the LERAP must be recorded and kept available for three years.

Extreme care must be taken to avoid spray drift onto non-crop plants outside of the target area.

Storage and Disposal

KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, TIGHTLY CLOSED, IN A SAFE PLACE.

KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD, DRINK AND ANIMAL FEEDINGSTUFFS.

EMPTY CONTAINER COMPLETELY and dispose of safely.

READ THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON THE LEAFLET ATTACHED TO THE BAG.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL HERBICIDE

Crops: Potato - earlies and maincrop

Maximum individual dose

Maximum total dose

Latest time of application

Full details are given in the information box within this leaflet.

Other specific restrictions

A minimum of 21 days must be observed between applications.

A maximum total dose of 0.35 kg a.s./ha/season (0.50 kg CLEANCROP FRIZBEE/ha/season) may be applied post-emergence of the crop.

Do not apply via handheld equipment.

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE. FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR USING PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS.
This leaflet is part of the approved label.
For advice on medical emergencies, fires or major spills telephone the National Chemical Emergency Centre on 01865 407333

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**IMPORTANT INFORMATION**
FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL HERBICIDE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Maximum individual dose</th>
<th>Maximum total dose</th>
<th>Latest time of application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Potato – earlies</td>
<td>0.75 kg/ha</td>
<td>0.75 kg/ha per crop</td>
<td>Pre-emergence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potato – maincrop</td>
<td>0.75 kg/ha pre-emergence</td>
<td>1.25 kg/ha per crop</td>
<td>Before the shoots of potatoes reach 15 cm in length</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AND/OR 0.5 kg/ha post-emergence</td>
<td>(maximum 0.5 kg/ha applied post-emergence)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Environmental Protection
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Storage and Disposal
KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, TIGHTLY CLOSED, IN A SAFE PLACE.
KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD, DRINK AND ANIMAL FEEDINGSTUFFS.
EMPTY CONTAINER COMPLETELY and dispose of safely.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be read carefully in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

General information
CLEANCROP® FRIZBEE™ is both a contact and residual herbicide. It can be used to control weeds in named varieties pre-emergence and in certain varieties post-emergence. A list of varieties which may be treated is summarised below. For the latest information, please consult Adama Agricultural Solutions UK Ltd representatives.
CLEANCROP FRIZBEE should not be used if a previously applied residual herbicide still remains in the soil. This is especially significant on organic soils.

RESTRICTIONS
Avoid drift as CLEANCROP FRIZBEE may damage sensitive crops especially sugar beet, brassicas and lettuce.
Do not apply CLEANCROP FRIZBEE to crops suffering from disease, stress or nutrient deficiencies or that are cold, waterlogged or grown in acidic conditions.
Care should be taken to avoid spray overlap, as crop damage may occur which may not be outgrown.

Soil types and conditions
Do not use CLEANCROP FRIZBEE on sands.
Do not use CLEANCROP FRIZBEE pre-emergence on Maris Piper in very light soils and do not treat this variety post-emergence. Tubers should be planted in a moist, clod-free bed with a good tilth with well-rounded ridges. After planting, no further improvements should be required to the soil tilth; further cultivations will increase weed germination and reduce the effectiveness of CLEANCROP FRIZBEE.
The soil should be moist when spraying. Dry conditions may reduce the effectiveness of CLEANCROP FRIZBEE. The residual activity of CLEANCROP FRIZBEE may be reduced on peaty and organic soils and on mineral soils with high organic matter content.

Weather
Yellowing of foliage may occur as a result of treatment, which is more frequent if spraying is carried out less than 3 days after cool cloudy weather and particularly if a sudden change to hot sunny conditions occurs at the time of spraying. The crop should outgrow this yellowing.

In conditions of high sunlight intensity and high daytime temperatures, spraying should be carried out in the evening.

On gravelly or stony soils damage may occur particularly if heavy rain falls soon after application.

Following crops
Before drilling or planting the next crop, the soil must be mould-board ploughed to a depth of at least 15 cm. It is recommended that ploughing takes place as soon as possible after lifting and definitely before the end of December.

The following intervals must be observed between application of CLEANCROP FRIZBEE and drilling or planting the following crops:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cereals, ryegrass, winter beans:</th>
<th>16 weeks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All crops except lettuce and radish:</td>
<td>the following spring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lettuce and radish:</td>
<td>these crops should not be grown in the year after CLEANCROP FRIZBEE treatment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Contact Adama Agricultural Solutions UK Ltd in the event of crop failure due to poor growing conditions.

Resistance
CLEANCROP FRIZBEE contains metribuzin a triazinone belonging to HRAC group C₁.
Always follow WRAG guidelines for preventing and managing herbicide resistant weeds.
Maximise the use of cultural control measures wherever possible (e.g. crop rotation, ploughing, stale seedbeds, delayed planting, etc.).
Use tank-mixes or sequences of herbicides with different modes of action within individual crops.
Copies of the guidelines may be obtained from the CPA, your distributor, crop advisor or product manufacturer.
For further advice on resistance management, contact your agronomist or specialist advisor.

Potato varieties
Not all varieties of potato may be safely treated with CLEANCROP FRIZBEE. For the latest list of potato varieties which may be treated with CLEANCROP FRIZBEE contact Adama Agricultural Solutions UK Ltd.

Varieties which may be treated:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First earlies, pre-emergence</th>
<th>Alcmaria, Arran Comet, Ostara, Maris Bard, Pentland Javelin, Ulster Sceptre, Orla</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Second earlies, pre-emergence</td>
<td>Ausonia, Estima, Marfona, Maris Peer, Nadine, Wilja</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maincrop, pre-emergence</td>
<td>Maris Piper*, Asterix, Markies, Mayan Gold, Melody, Rooster, Shannon, Vales Sovereign</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maincrop, pre- and post-emergence</td>
<td>Cara, Desiree, King Edward, Kingston, Pentland Crown, Pentland Dell, Pentland Squire, Record, Romano, Claret, Isle of Jura, Vales Everest, Vivaldi</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*not on sands or very light soils.
WEEDS CONTROLLED

In the Weed Susceptibility table which follows, 
S = susceptible, MS = moderately susceptible, 
R = resistant, - = insufficient information.

*Post-emergence weed control up to 1 expanded true leaf is recorded in the table; however most annual broad-leaved weeds will be controlled beyond this stage.

See section: Specific Weed Situation

Perennial broad-leaved weeds and grasses are not controlled by CLEANCROP FRIZBEE.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Pre-emergence</th>
<th>Post-emergence*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.35-0.5 kg/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual meadowgrass</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black-bindweed</td>
<td>MS</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blackgrass</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>MS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black nightshade</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>MS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bugloss</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlock</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleavers</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>MS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common chickweed</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common fumitory</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common orache</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common poppy</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn marigold</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>MS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn spurrey</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fat-hen</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field forget-me-not</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field pansy</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>MS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field penny-cress</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Groundsel</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Henbit dead-nettle</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hemp-nettle</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Knotgrass</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>MS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mayweed spp.</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pale persicaria</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red dead-nettle</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redshank</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scarlet pimpernel</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shepherd’s purse</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small nettle</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speedwell spp.</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sun spurge</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volunteer oilseed rape</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wild radish</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Specific weed situations
Early germinating weeds
For best control, apply CLEANCROP FRIZBEE between the cotyledon to one true leaf stage.
Black-bindweed is best controlled at the cotyledon to two true leaf stage. It is less sensitive to pre-emergence treatments.
Late germinating weeds, including black-bindweed
A post-emergence application may be made to listed safe main crop varieties before leading shoots reach 15 cm. Efficacy of CLEANCROP FRIZBEE on black-bindweed is improved with post-emergence applications.

Perennial grasses
If the potato crop follows grass, then either a suitable herbicide and/or cultivations should be used to kill the sward in the autumn. Following weeds can then be controlled using CLEANCROP FRIZBEE post-emergence on recommended maincrop varieties. CLEANCROP FRIZBEE will suppress common couch when applied post-emergence up to the two leaf stage.

CROP SPECIFIC INFORMATION
Traditional method
Overall application (not incorporated) pre-emergence to recommended earlies varieties and pre- or post-emergence to recommended maincrop varieties. Persistence and residual activity and weed control may be less than the listed susceptibilities in maincrops grown on all soil types and earlies grown on all soil types except very light and light soils.

Pre-crop emergence applications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Potato &amp; Soil Type*</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Earlies (first and second):</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very light, light, medium and heavy soils:</td>
<td>0.75 kg/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second earlies</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peaty and organic soils</td>
<td>0.75 kg/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maincrop</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very light, light, medium, heavy, peaty and organic soils:</td>
<td>0.75 kg/ha</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Post-emergence application

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Listed maincrop varieties</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All soils:</td>
<td>0.35 kg/ha or 0.5 kg/ha*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#See Specific Timings and Application Methods below. *Soil Classification ADAS 85 system.

Do not use CLEANCROP FRIZBEE on potatoes grown in sandy soils.

Water volumes
Traditional method
Use a minimum of 200 litres of water per hectare using a Medium Quality spray (as defined by BCPC). Where the soil is cloddy, it is advisable to increase the volume of water.
For post-emergence application use a minimum of 130 litres of water per hectare and a Fine Quality spray (as defined by BCPC).
Application

Apply pre- or post-emergence to the soil surface. Even coverage of both sides of the ridge is important. Care should be taken in particular with post-emergence applications where the crop is sheltering the weeds; it is essential that the spray penetrates the canopy. Do not apply CLEANCROP FRIZBEE in windy conditions.

Filters should be at least size 80 mesh. Filters finer than 80 mesh should not be used.

Specific timings and application methods

Incorporation of CLEANCROP FRIZBEE into the soil

On soils containing greater than 10% organic matter and on mineral soils under dry conditions, CLEANCROP FRIZBEE should be incorporated at a rate of 0.75 kg/ha into the top 10-15 cm of soil during the final cultivation. This gives increased activity and is especially advantageous for those varieties which cannot be treated post-emergence. This method is particularly useful to increase activity on soils with more than 10% organic matter.

Pre-planting: On soils containing greater than 10% organic matter and on mineral soils in dry conditions, apply 0.75 kg/ha of CLEANCROP FRIZBEE, incorporating into the top 10-15 cm of soil during the final cultivation. Suitable cultivators are rotary harrows, rotary cultivators or spring tine harrows. A suitable granular nematicide may be incorporated into the soil at the same time, in accordance with the manufacturer’s recommendations. After planting, ridging up should occur as soon as possible. It is important that ridges do not incorporate untreated soil which would allow weeds to establish. A final ridging up may be made, before the crop meets across the rows.

For recommended maincrop potatoes grown in two-row beds only, a follow-up post-emergence treatment of up to 0.5 kg/ha of CLEANCROP FRIZBEE may be applied. This will give useful control of late germinating weeds in the furrows.

Post-planting: Place the tubers in shallow ridges and apply 0.75 kg/ha of CLEANCROP FRIZBEE. Before the crop emerges, incorporate by cultivating shallowly while at the same time ridging up. The cultivator should be fitted with suitable ridging bodies. In the case of second early varieties this application may only be made on soils containing more than 10% organic matter.

A further application of up to 0.5 kg/ha of CLEANCROP FRIZBEE will be needed to control later germinating weeds. The second application may also be applied post-emergence before the leading shoots of the potatoes are 15 cm long.

Post-emergence applications

This method is for use on recommended maincrop varieties only. The method is only recommended until the weeds reach the cotyledon stage. If weeds are beyond this stage control may be reduced.

Rate of use: On recommended varieties only, make 1 application at 0.35-0.5 kg/ha.

Timing: Application should be carried out at or before early cotyledon stage of the weeds until the most advanced shoots of the potatoes are 15 cm long.

CLEANCROP FRIZBEE should be used pre-emergence on crops destined for use as seed.

Temporary plastic mulches

Using the traditional method of application, early potatoes may be treated with CLEANCROP FRIZBEE and covered with plastic mulches. Since effective control of weeds by CLEANCROP FRIZBEE is dependent on soil moisture, it is important that crops are well irrigated before the mulch is applied. Application should also be made to well-prepared, clod-free ridges. If using this method on mineral soils with a high organic matter content the residual activity of CLEANCROP FRIZBEE may be reduced. This may result in inadequate weed control.
MIXING AND APPLICATION

For use by tractor mounted/trailed sprayer only.
Add half the required amount of water to the spray tank and begin agitation. Add the recommended quantity of CLEANCROP FRIZBEE. On emptying the container, RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using an integrated pressure rinsing device or manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling, through the filter basket, and dispose of container safely. Maintain agitation throughout the filling, travelling and spraying operations. Dilute solutions should be sprayed immediately. After spraying, thoroughly clean the sprayer using a recognised decontaminant. Crops should not be re-entered until spray residues are dry.

DISCLAIMER/CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY

The specified properties of our products and the mode of application stated on this label have been established on the basis of research and experience. Products conform to specification at the time of delivery but, as we exercise no control over their subsequent storage, handling, mixing or use or the weather conditions before, during and after application, all of which may affect the performance of the products, no responsibility or liability will be accepted by us or our re-sellers for any failure in performance, damage or injury to person or property whatsoever arising from the storage, handling, application or use of the products. These conditions cannot be varied by our staff or agents whether or not they supervise or assist in or make recommendations concerning the use of such products. We recommend you contact your dealer to request advice on the suitability of this product for any new and/or unusual growing methods or for new varieties not listed on this label.