MANA

Phantom 240 SL

Herbicide Solution

COMMERCIAL (AGRICULTURAL)

GUARANTEE: Imazethapyr ....................... 240 g/L

REGISTRATION NO. 30017
PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT

READ THE LABEL AND ATTACHED BROCHURE BEFORE USING

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

NET CONTENTS: 1-1050 Litres

IN CASE OF SPILLS, POISONING OR FIRE TELEPHONE EMERGENCY RESPONSE NUMBER 1-800-535-5053 (24 HOURS A DAY).

Adama Agricultural Solutions Canada Ltd.
302 - 179 McDermot Avenue
Winnipeg, MB
R3B 0S1
855-264-6262
PRECAUTIONS

- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- This product may be harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through the skin.
- Do not contaminate food or feed products.
- Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
- Avoid breathing vapour or spray mist. Use with adequate ventilation.
- May cause eye damage. May cause skin irritation.
- Wear dust and/or splash-proof goggles or face shield and chemically resistant gloves when mixing, loading and during application, clean-up and repair.
- Wear long-sleeved shirt and long-legged pants when handling.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using.
- Wash hands and face before eating, drinking, smoking and using the toilet.
- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.
- Take a shower IMMEDIATELY after work.
- Store and wash all protective clothing separately from normal laundry.
- Clean protective equipment (gloves, goggles, face shield) upon removal with soapy water.
- Clean spray equipment thoroughly after use. Wash in detergent and hot water before reuse.
- Wear freshly laundered clothes daily.
- If this pest control product is to be used on a commodity that may be exported to the U.S. and you require information on acceptable residue levels in the U.S., visit CropLife Canada’s web site at www.croplife.ca.
- DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.

FIRST AID

If swallowed: Call a poison control centre or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control centre or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control centre or doctor for further treatment advice.

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Treat symptomatically.
STORAGE

1. Store the leftover product in original tightly closed container.

2. Keep product from freezing. DO NOT store below 0°C. If the product is exposed to temperatures below 0°C during shipment or storage, make sure the product has thawed completely, and shake the container vigorously.

3. DO NOT ship or store the product near food, feed, seed and fertilizers.

4. Store the product in cool, dry, locked, well-ventilated areas without floor drain.

DISPOSAL

Do not reuse this container for any purpose. This is a recyclable container, and is to be disposed of at a container collection site. Contact your local distributor/dealer or municipality for the location of the nearest collection site. Before taking the container to the collection site:

1. Triple- or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to the spray mixture in the tank.

2. Make the empty, rinsed container unsuitable for further use.

If there is no container collection site in your area, dispose of the container in accordance with provincial requirements. For information on the disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer or the provincial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for clean-up of spills.

NOTICE TO USER

This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the Pest Control Products Act to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label. The user assumes the risk to persons or property that arises from any such use of this product.
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NET CONTENTS: 1-1050 Litres

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

GENERAL INFORMATION

Phantom 240 SL is a selective herbicide that can be applied as an early pre-plant, pre-plant incorporated, pre-emergent or post-emergent treatment in various crops. The application method depends upon the crop, anticipated weed spectrum and the preference of the applicator. With early pre-plant and pre-emergent treatments, susceptible weeds emerge, are present as stunted plants and then die. When Phantom 240 SL is applied post-emergence, absorption may occur through both the roots and foliage. Susceptible weeds stop growing and eventually die.

Eastern Canada Directions:

Use Phantom 240 SL at 312 mL (75 g active) – 420 mL (100 g active) in 400 L of water per hectare. See appropriate rate tables for specific application rates for each crop.

NOTE: A NONIONIC SURFACTANT CONTAINING AT LEAST 80% ACTIVE INGREDIENT (e.g. AGRAL® 90, AG-SURF®) at the rate of 0.25% (v/v) MUST BE ADDED to the spray solution (2.5 L of surfactant per 1000 L of spray solution).

REGISTERED CROPS

Adzuki Beans
Alfalfa Grown for Seed Production
Dry Common Beans (black, Dutch brown, kidney, white, yellow eye and cranberry beans only)
Lima Beans (Ontario only)
Processing Peas
Snap Beans
Snow Peas
Soybeans

MOISTURE REQUIREMENTS

As with most soil-applied herbicides, pre-emergent applications of Phantom 240 SL require moisture for activation. Soil-applied Phantom 240 SL requires sufficient water within 7 days of application to moisten the soil to a depth of 5 cm for activation. If adequate moisture is not received within 7 to 10 days of application, perform a shallow inter-row cultivation 5-8 cm deep using a roller or S-tine cultivator to control escaped weeds until the field receives adequate moisture. For early pre-plant applications (soybeans only), more than 7-10 days may elapse before the receipt of adequate precipitation to activate the herbicide and reduce the risk of weed escapes. Growers preferring surface applications of herbicides may choose this type of application of Phantom 240 SL.

PLANT BACK RESTRICTIONS AND ROTATIONAL CROPS

In cases of crop failure, replant only soybeans, kidney beans, cranberry beans, Dutch brown beans, black beans, yellow eye beans, white beans, lima beans, adzuki beans and processing peas in the year of application. Winter wheat may also be re-planted in cases of crop failure or as a rotational crop 100 days following a Phantom 240 SL application. Soil preparation for re-planting should be no deeper than 10 cm.
Field corn, soybeans, winter wheat, spring wheat, spring barley, kidney beans, cranberry beans, Dutch brown beans, black beans, yellow eye beans, white beans, lima beans, adzuki beans and processing peas may be planted the season following a Phantom 240 SL application. Conduct a field bioassay (a test strip grown to maturity) the year BEFORE growing any other crop.

**APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

**CROP: SOYBEANS**

Apply Phantom 240 SL as an early pre-plant, pre-plant incorporated, pre-emergent or post-emergent treatment in soybeans.

For fields that contain weeds other than those listed in the “Weed Control in Soybeans: Phantom 240 SL Alone” table, tank mix for broad-spectrum weed control (see “Herbicide Tank Mix Options – Soybeans”). The choice of product for tank mixing will depend on the specific weed(s) to be controlled. Consult the labels of the tank mix products to determine which product will provide control of the specific weeds present in the field.

**Weed Control in Soybeans: Phantom 240 SL Alone**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weeds</th>
<th>Application Timing</th>
<th>Application Timing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Early Pre-plant (prior to weed emergence)</td>
<td>Early Pre-plant (emerged weeds prior to 2 leaf stage)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Broadleaf weeds</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lamb’s quarters</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>PC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redroot pigweed</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>C C C C C C(12)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smartweed</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lady’s thumb</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wild mustard</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>C C C C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Velvetleaf</td>
<td>C^1</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ragweed, common</td>
<td>PC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ragweed</td>
<td>PC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eastern black nightshade</td>
<td>PC</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wild buckwheat</td>
<td>PC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cocklebur</td>
<td>C^1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Grasses</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foxtail, green and yellow</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>C C C C C C(4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barnyard grass</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>PC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Old witchgrass</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proso millet</td>
<td>PC</td>
<td>PC PC PC PC PC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crabgrass, large</td>
<td>PC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Perennials</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow nutsedge</td>
<td>PC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
C = Control PC = Partial Control and Reduces Competition
1 Some plants of velvetleaf and/or cocklebur that germinate deeper in the soil and emerge late may escape treatment.
2 Tank mixing is recommended for fields with a history of heavy infestations of this weed species.
3 The higher label rate or tank mixing is recommended for fields with a history of heavy infestations of this weed species.
4 The higher label rate is required for heavy infestations of this weed species.

Herbicide Tank Mix Options - Soybeans

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tank Mix Option</th>
<th>Application Timing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Early Pre-plant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gramoxone®</td>
<td>X¹</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roundup® or Glyfos®</td>
<td>X¹</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roundup + FirstRate®</td>
<td>X²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sencor®/Lexone®</td>
<td>X¹</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treflan®/Rival®/Trifluralin® or Edge</td>
<td>X¹</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lorox®/Afolan®/Linuron®</td>
<td>X¹</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basagran®</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basagran® Forte</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Refer to the label of the specific tank mix product for information regarding: rates, recommendations, precautions and restrictions.
2 Refer to Tank Mix Options under the appropriate Application Timing in this label.
3 Glyphosate Tolerant Soybeans only (i.e., varieties with the Roundup Ready®). Refer to CROP: GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT gene SOYBEANS section.
4 Roundup Original Liquid Herbicide, Roundup TransorbTM Liquid Herbicide or Roundup WeatherMaxTM with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide.

Early Pre-plant Application - Soybeans

Timing
Apply Phantom 240 SL up to 30 days before planting in conventional, reduced tillage or no-till soybeans. Phantom 240 SL alone may be applied as a surface application using this technique. Only one additional working of the soil to prepare the seedbed is recommended following the application. This final seedbed preparation should not work the soil deeper than 10 cm. Deeper tillage will result in reduced concentration of herbicide in the weed germination zone and reduction in weed control. DO NOT plow following the application.

Rate
Early Pre-plant – Prior to Weed Emergence 420 mL/ha
Early Pre-plant – to Emerged Weeds (before the weeds reach the 2 true leaf stage). 420 mL/ha + non-ionic surfactant. Nonionic surfactant MUST BE ADDED. Liquid fertilizer added to the spray solution will provide quicker burndown of weed

Water Volume
100-400 L/ha

Surfactant/Adjuvant
For Early Pre-plant – to Emerged Weeds: Non-ionic surfactant – 0.25% v/v (e.g. 2.5 L/1000 L of spray solution) Liquid fertilizer solution - 2 L/ha

Weeds Controlled
See “Weed Control in Soybeans” table above.

Remark
Plant only soybeans during the season of application.
Tank Mix Options

Phantom 240 SL may also be tank mixed with the herbicides listed in the “Herbicide Tank Mix Options – Soybeans” table. Always follow the most conservative rates, recommendations, precautions and restrictions on the tank mix labels.

For the combined tank mix with ROUNDUP and FIRSTRATE, use the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rates</th>
<th>Phantom 240 SL – 312 mL/ha</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ROUNDUP – 2.5 L/ha (0.900 kg ai/ha)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>FIRSTRATE – 21 g/ha (0.0175 kg ai/ha)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Volume</td>
<td>100-400 L/ha</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments: This tank mix provides control of emerged weeds found on the ROUNDUP herbicide label and residual control of germinating weeds found on the Phantom 240 SL and FIRSTRATE herbicide labels. Temporary crop injury may occur, however, yield will not normally be affected. Avoid sprayer overlap. Severe crop injury will occur.

Timing

Pre-plant Incorporated Application - Soybeans
Incorporate Phantom 240 SL evenly throughout the top 5 cm of the soil profile. Incorporation may be achieved with a double pass using discs or cultivator operated at 8 to 12 kph with the second pass at an angle to the first. Cultivators must have 3 or 4 rows of flexible sweeps staggered and spaced less than 15 cm apart followed by a drag or rolling basket to ensure no soil is left unturned.

| Rate            | 312 mL/ha                  |
| Water Volume    | 100-400 L/ha               |
| Weeds Controlled| See “Weed Control in Soybeans” table above. |
| Remark          | DO NOT apply Phantom 240 SL as a pre-plant incorporated application more than one year in sequence. Allow at least 24 months between pre-plant incorporated applications. |
| Tank Mix Options| For fields that contain heavy lamb's-quarters, common ragweed and/or barnyard grass infestations or weeds other than those listed under “Phantom 240 SL Alone”, tank mixing may be required to provide broad-spectrum weed control (see “Herbicide Tank Mix Options – Soybeans” table). Follow the most conservative rates, recommendations, precautions and restrictions on the tank mix labels. For SENCOR and LEXONE herbicide, refer to the following table for rates: |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Soil Texture</th>
<th>Application Rate (g/ha)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SENCOR 75DF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium (loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay, sandy clay loam)</td>
<td>750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heavy (silty clay, silty clay loam, clay and clay loam)</td>
<td>750</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Do not use on light (loamy sand, sandy loam) textured soils. Do not use on soil with less than 2% organic matter.
## Pre-emergent Application - Soybeans

Pre-emergent applications of Phantom 240 SL may be applied before the crop and weeds emerge.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Timing</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Water Volume</th>
<th>Weeds Controlled</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Early Post-emergent</td>
<td>312 - 420 mL/ha</td>
<td>100-400 L/ha</td>
<td>See “Weed Control in Soybeans” table above.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Tank Mix Options
For fields that contain heavy infestations of common ragweed, old witchgrass, barnyard grass, lady’s-thumb or weeds other than those listed under “Phantom 240 SL Alone”, tank mixing may be required to provide broad-spectrum weed control (see “Herbicide Tank Mix Options – Soybeans” table). Follow the most conservative rates, recommendations, precautions and restrictions on the tank mix labels.

## Early and Late Post-emergent Application - Soybeans

Apply Phantom 240 SL early post-emergent after the crop has emerged and before the weeds reach the 2 true leaf stage.

Phantom 240 SL may also be applied late post-emergent after the crop has emerged for control of certain weed species up to the growth stages indicated in the “Weed Control in Soybeans: Phantom 240 SL Alone” table. To minimize weed competition with the crop, application should be made as early as possible after weed emergence.

### Timing

- **Early Post-emergent**
  - (before the weeds reach the 2 true leaf stage)
  - Rate: 312-420 mL/ha + non-ionic surfactant + liquid fertilizer
- **Late Post-emergent**
  - Rate: 420 mL/ha + non-ionic surfactant + liquid fertilizer

### Water Volume
100-400 L/ha

### Surfactant/Adjuvant
- Non-ionic surfactant – 0.25% v/v (e.g. 2.5 L/1000 L of spray solution)
- Liquid fertilizer solution (10-34-0, 28-0-0 or 32-0-0) - 2 L/ha

### Weeds Controlled
See “Weed Control in Soybeans” table above.

### Remark
Addition to the spray solution of a non-ionic surfactant plus liquid fertilizer is essential for post-emergent application, improving uptake of the product by weeds resulting in improved herbicidal activity.

Avoid applications when weeds and/or crop are under growth stress. Stunting of the crop may result following post-emergence application. This condition is the result of stem inter-node shortening but will not result in yield reduction.

### Tank Mix Options
Phantom 240 SL may also be tank mixed with the herbicides listed in the “Herbicide Tank Mix Options – Soybeans” table. Always follow the most conservative rates, recommendations, precautions and restrictions on the tank mix labels.

**Comments:**
- Use the 312 mL/ha rate of Phantom 240 SL when tank mixed with Basagran or Basagran Forte herbicide.
- For Phantom 240 SL plus BASAGRAN herbicide, a non-ionic surfactant at the rate of 0.25% (v/v) and fertilizer solution at the rate of 2 L/ha MUST BE ADDED to the spray solution.
- For Phantom 240 SL plus BASAGRAN FORTE herbicide, only fertilizer solution MUST BE ADDED at the rate of 2 L/ha.
**CROP: GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT SOYBEANS**
(i.e., varieties with the Roundup Ready® gene)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Timing</th>
<th><strong>Post-emergent Application</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For broadleaf and grass weeds other than those listed in “Weed Control in Soybeans: Phantom 240 SL Alone” table, Phantom 240 SL may be tank mixed with ROUNDUP herbicide and applied to Roundup Ready soybeans. Follow the rates, application timings, recommendations, precautions and restrictions on the ROUNDUP herbicide label. Refer to the ROUNDUP herbicide label for adjuvant recommendations.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Rate  | 312 mL/ha |
| Water Volume | 100-400 L/ha |

**Remarks**

**WARNING**
Apply Phantom 240 SL + ROUNDUP herbicide tank mix ONLY to glyphosate tolerant soybeans, i.e. varieties with the Roundup Ready® gene. **SOYBEANS WHICH ARE NOT DESIGNATED AS GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT WILL BE DAMAGED OR DESTROYED BY THIS TREATMENT.**

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**CROP: EDIBLE BEANS (including kidney beans, cranberry beans, Dutch brown beans, black beans, lima beans (Ontario only), yellow eye beans, white beans and adzuki beans)**

Apply Phantom 240 SL as a pre-emergent treatment in kidney beans, cranberry beans, Dutch brown beans, black beans, yellow eye beans, white beans, adzuki beans and lima beans (Ontario only), and as a pre-plant incorporated treatment in white beans, kidney beans, cranberry beans and adzuki beans.

**Weed Control in Edible Beans: Phantom 240 SL Alone**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weeds</th>
<th>Application Timing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pre-Emergent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(kidney beans, cranberry beans, white beans and adzuki beans only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Broadleaf weeds</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lamb’s quarters</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redroot pigweed</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smartweed</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lady’s thumb</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wild mustard</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Velvetleaf</td>
<td>C(^1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ragweed, common</td>
<td>PC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eastern black nightshade</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Grasses</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foxtail, green and yellow</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proso millet</td>
<td>PC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C = Control                  PC = Partial Control and Reduced Competition

1 Some plants of velvetleaf that germinate deeper in the soil and emerge late may escape treatment.
### Edible Beans

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Timing</th>
<th>Pre-emergent Application – Edible Beans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rate</td>
<td>312 mL/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Volume</td>
<td>100-400 L/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tanks Mix Options</td>
<td>For fields that contain heavy infestations of broadleaf weeds other than those listed under “Phantom 240 SL Alone”, tank mixing may be required to provide broad-spectrum weed control. <strong>Cranberry and Kidney Beans</strong> Tank mix Phantom 240 SL with 1.15 – 1.75 L/ha (1.05-1.60 kg ai/ha) of DUAL® MAGNUM herbicide to control labelled broadleaf weeds and grasses in cranberry beans and kidney beans. Refer to the DUAL MAGNUM herbicide label for additional recommendations, precautions and restrictions not specified on this label. <strong>Cranberry and Kidney Beans</strong> Tank mix Phantom 240 SL with 1.15 – 1.75 L/ha (1.05-1.60 kg ai/ha) of DUAL MAGNUM herbicide to control labelled broadleaf weeds and grasses in cranberry beans and kidney beans. Refer to the DUAL MAGNUM herbicide label for additional recommendations, precautions and restrictions not specified on this label.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### White Beans

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Timing</th>
<th>Pre-plant Incorporated Application (kidney beans, cranberry beans, white beans; adzuki beans in Eastern Canada only)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rate</td>
<td>312 mL/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Volume</td>
<td>100-400 L/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tanks Mix Options</td>
<td><strong>White Beans</strong> Tank mix Phantom 240 SL with 1.25-2.4 L/ha of TREFLAN® herbicide to control a broader spectrum of weeds in white beans only. Follow recommendations, precautions and restrictions on the TREFLAN herbicide label. Consult the tank mix partner label for weeds controlled other than those listed for Phantom 240 SL alone. <strong>Cranberry and Kidney Beans</strong> Tank mix Phantom 240 SL with 1.15 – 1.75 L/ha (1.05-1.60 kg ai/ha) of DUAL MAGNUM herbicide to control labelled broadleaf weeds and grasses in cranberry beans and kidney beans. Refer to the DUAL MAGNUM herbicide label for additional recommendations, precautions and restrictions not specified on this label.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### CROP: PROCESSING PEAS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Timing</th>
<th>Pre-emergent or Pre-plant Incorporated Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rate</td>
<td>312 mL/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Volume</td>
<td>200 L/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weeds Controlled</td>
<td>See “Phantom 240 SL Alone: Weed Control in Soybeans”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### CROP: SNOW PEAS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Timing</th>
<th>Pre-emergent or Pre-plant Incorporated Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rate</td>
<td>312 mL/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Volume</td>
<td>100-400 L/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weeds Controlled</td>
<td>See “Phantom 240 SL Alone: Weed Control in Soybeans”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### CROP: SNAP BEANS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Timing</th>
<th>Pre-emergent or Pre-plant Incorporated Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rate</td>
<td>312 mL/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Volume</td>
<td>200 L/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weeds Controlled</td>
<td>See “Phantom 240 SL Alone: Weed Control in Soybeans”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CROP: ALFALFA GROWN FOR SEED PRODUCTION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Timing</th>
<th>Pre-emergent or Pre-plant Incorporated Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rate</td>
<td>312-420 mL/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Volume</td>
<td>200 L/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surfactant/ Adjuvant</td>
<td>A non-ionic surfactant at the rate of 0.25% (v/v) MUST BE ADDED to the spray solution (e.g., 2.5 L of surfactant per 1000 L of spray solution). Fertilizer Solutions MUST BE ADDED to the spray solution at the rate of 2 L/ha to provide quicker burndown of weeds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weeds Controlled</td>
<td>See “Phantom 240 SL Alone: Weed Control in Soybeans”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

1. Ensure the spray tank is clean before use. Follow the clean-out recommendations stated on the label of the product that was previously used.
2. Fill the spray tank one-half full to three-quarters full of water and start agitation.
3. Using a calibrated measuring device, add the required amount of tank mix partner (refer to the tank mixture section of each crop for tank mixtures).
4. Mix thoroughly.
5. Using a separate calibrated measuring device, add the required amount of Phantom 240 SL to the tank while agitating the spray solution.
6. While the solution remains agitating, add the required amount of non-ionic surfactant if required.
7. If required, add the required amount of liquid fertilizer (28-0-0, 10-34-0 or 32-0-0) to the spray solution.
8. Continue agitation while filling the remainder of the spray tank with water.
9. Clean the spray tank after use.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Phantom 240 SL is toxic to aquatic organisms. DO NOT apply this product directly to aquatic habitats (such as lakes, rivers, sloughs, ponds, prairie potholes, creeks, marshes, streams, reservoirs, ditches, and wetlands), estuaries, or marine habitats. DO NOT contaminate irrigation or drinking water supplies or aquatic habitats by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

1. DO NOT APPLY PHANTOM 240 SL BY AIR. APPLY WITH GROUND EQUIPMENT ONLY.
2. DO NOT over apply Phantom 240 SL. Over application may result in injury particularly if the crop is under stress.
3. Crop Pre-harvest Interval

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Application to Harvest Interval (days)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Soybeans</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dry Beans</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lima Beans</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Processing Peas</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Snow Peas</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Snap Beans</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1 kidney, adzuki, Dutch brown, black, yellow eye, white and cranberry beans

4. **CAUTION:** Do not graze treated crops or cut for hay, sufficient data are not available to support such use.

5. **DO NOT** let spray drift contaminate crops in adjacent fields.

6. **ONLY ONE (1)** application of Phantom 240 SL may be made during the season.

7. **DO NOT** apply Phantom 240 SL as a pre-plant incorporated application in all crops more than one year in sequence. Allow at least 24 months between pre-plant incorporated applications.

8. Emerged weeds in pre-emergent applications which reach the 2 - 3 true leaf stage might be considered as escapes. Shallow cultivation or application of a post-emergent herbicide is recommended. **DO NOT** cultivate deeply.

9. **DO NOT** apply Phantom 240 SL when crop is under stress conditions because crop injury may result.

10. Post-emergent application of Phantom 240 SL to soybeans may cause stunting. This condition is the result of stem inter-node shortening and does not cause yield reductions if Phantom 240 SL has been used at label rates and following label recommendations.

11. Phantom 240 SL may cause stunting or delayed maturity in white beans and kidney beans. Stunting is the result of stem inter-node shortening and should not cause yield reductions if Phantom 240 SL has been used at label rates and following label recommendations.

12. Over-spray or drift to important wildlife habitats such as shelterbelts, water-bodies, wetlands, woodlots, vegetated ditch-banks, hedgerows and other cover on the edge of fields should be avoided. Leave a 15-meter buffer zone between the last spray swath and the edge of any of these habitats.
Western Canada Directions:

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON FIELD PEAS**
Phantom 240 SL is a selective herbicide that can be applied as an early post-emergence treatment in field peas. When Phantom 240 SL is applied early post-emergence, absorption may occur through both the roots and foliage. Susceptible weeds stop growing and eventually die.

**SOIL ZONES:** Black and grey wooded soils

**CROPS:** Field peas up until the sixth (6th) trifoliate leaf stage

**ROTATIONAL CROPS**
There is the possibility of residual soil activity from Phantom 240 SL the year following application. Research studies have shown the following crops can be safely grown in black and grey wooded soil zones the year following a Phantom 240 SL application:

Spring barley, spring wheat, lentils, alfalfa, field peas

Conduct a field bioassay (a test strip grown to maturity) the year BEFORE growing any other crop than those listed above.

**RATES**
Apply 50 g active (a.e.) in 100 to 400 litres of water per hectare. Equivalent to 210 mL of product per hectare.

**NOTE: A NONIONIC SURFACTANT CONTAINING AT LEAST 80% ACTIVE INGREDIENT**
(e.g. AGRAL® 90, AG-SURF®) at the rate of 0.25% (v/v) MUST BE ADDED to the spray solution (2.5 L of surfactant per 1000 L of spray solution).

**BROADLEAF WEED and GRASS CONTROL POST-EMERGENCE APPLICATIONS**
Phantom 240 SL, by early post-emergence application up to the 4 true leaf stage of the weeds, will control:

- Chickweed
- Green foxtail
- Redroot pigweed
- Stinkweed
- Volunteer canola
- Wild mustard
- Cleavers
- Hemp-nettle
- Shepherd's purse
- Smartweed
- Wild buckwheat**

* For control of wild oats apply Phantom 240 SL between the 2-4 leaf stage of the weed. ** Suppression only

**MIXING INSTRUCTIONS**
Fill the spray tank one-half to three-quarters full with water. Using a calibrated measuring device, add the required amount of Phantom 240 SL while agitating the spray solution. While the solution remains agitating, add the required amount of non-ionic surfactant. Fill the remainder of the tank with water.

**WARNINGS**
An interval of 60 days must follow the Phantom 240 SL application before field peas are harvested.

Field peas treated with Phantom 240 SL may be fed to livestock 30 days after application.
DO NOT over-apply Phantom 240 SL. Over application may result in injury particularly if the crop is under stress.

DO NOT let spray drift contaminate crops other than those being sprayed. ONLY ONE (1) application of Phantom 240 SL may be made during the season. DO NOT tank-mix Phantom 240 SL.

In cases of crop failure, only field peas may be re-planted in the year of application.

DO NOT APPLY BY AERIAL APPLICATION - GROUND APPLICATION ONLY. Over-spray or drift to important wildlife habitats such as shelterbelts, water bodies, wetlands and woodlots, vegetated ditch banks, hedgerows & other cover on the edge of the field should be avoided. Leave a 15-meter buffer zone between the last spray swath and the edge of any of these habitats.

ROTATIONAL CROPS
There is the possibility of residual soil activity from Phantom 240 SL the year following application. Research studies have shown the following crops can be safely grown in black and grey wooded soil zones the year following a Phantom 240 SL application:

Spring barley, spring wheat, lentils, alfalfa, and field peas

Conduct a field bioassay (a test strip grown to maturity) the year BEFORE growing any crop other than those listed above.

RATES
Apply 50 grams active (a.e.) in 100 to 400 litres of water per hectare. Equivalent to 210 mL of product per hectare.

NOTE: A NONIONIC SURFACTANT CONTAINING AT LEAST 80% ACTIVE INGREDIENT (AGRAL 90, AG-SURF) at the rate of 0.25% (v/v) MUST BE ADDED to the spray solution (e.g., 2.5 L of surfactant per 1000 L of spray solution).

BROADLEAF WEED and GRASS CONTROL

EARLY POST-EMERGENCE APPLICATIONS
Phantom 240 SL, by early post-emergence application (up to and including the 4 leaf stage of susceptible weeds) will control:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Broadleaf weeds:</th>
<th>Chickweed</th>
<th>Grasses:</th>
<th>Green foxtail</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cleavers</td>
<td>Wild oats*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Redroot pigweed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Smartweed Stinkweed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Volunteer canola</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wild buckwheat**</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wild mustard</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*2 - 4 leaf stage  ** Suppression only

In addition, Phantom 240 SL provides partial control of and reduces competition from:
Volunteer barley, Volunteer wheat

**MIXING INSTRUCTIONS**
Fill the spray tank one-half to three-quarters full with water. Using a calibrated measuring device, add the required amount of Phantom 240 SL while agitating the spray solution. While the solution remains agitating, add the required amount of non-ionic surfactant. Fill the remainder of the tank with water.

**WARNINGS**
- CAUTION: Do not graze the treated crop or cut for hay, sufficient data are not available to support such use.
- DO NOT over-apply Phantom 240 SL. Over application may result in injury, particularly if crop is under stress.
- ONLY one (1) application of Phantom 240 SL may be made during the season.
- DO NOT let spray drift contaminate crops other than those being sprayed.
- DO NOT tank-mix Phantom 240 SL.
- An interval of 70 days should follow the last Phantom 240 SL application before canola harvest.
- In cases of crop failure, only field peas or imazethapyr and imazamox tolerant canola (e.g. canola varieties with the CLEARFIELD trait) may be re-planted in the year of application.
- Over-spray or drift to important wildlife habitats such as shelterbelts, water bodies, wetlands and woodlots should be avoided. Leave a 15-meter buffer zone between the last spray swath and the edge of any of these habitats.
- DO NOT APPLY BY AERIAL APPLICATION - GROUND EQUIPMENT ONLY.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON NEWLY SEEDED PURE STAND ALFALFA FOR FORAGE OR SEED PRODUCTION**
Phantom 240 SL is a selective herbicide that can be applied as an early post-emergence treatment in newly seeded pure stand alfalfa in the year of establishment. Phantom 240 SL may be applied when the crop has developed at least one (1) fully expanded trifoliate leaf and up to and including the 4 leaf stage of susceptible weeds. Do not spray before all weeds have emerged. When Phantom 240 SL is applied early post-emergence, absorption may occur through both the roots and foliage. Susceptible weeds stop growing and eventually die.

**CROPS**
Phantom 240 SL may be used on pure stand alfalfa in the year of establishment in the black, grey wooded and irrigated brown soil zones.

**USE**
Phantom 240 SL is intended for use on pure stand alfalfa in the year of establishment, on stands that will remain for 3 or more years.

**ROTATIONAL CROPS**
In the event of crop failure, only field peas may be replanted during the same season as the Phantom 240 SL application. Do not apply 2 applications of Phantom 240 SL within the same year.

If necessary, spring wheat, lentils, field peas or alfalfa may be planted the season following a Phantom 240 SL application in the black, grey wooded and irrigated brown soil zones. Barley may also be planted in the black and grey wooded soil zones the season following application. Conduct a field bioassay (a test strip grown to maturity) BEFORE growing any other crop.
**RATES**
Apply 50 grams active (a.e.) in 100 to 400 litres of water per hectare. Equivalent to 210 mL of product per hectare.

**NOTE:** For early post-emergence applications a NONIONIC SURFACTANT CONTAINING AT LEAST 80% ACTIVE INGREDIENT (AGRAL 90, AG-SURF) at the rate of 0.25% (v/v) MUST BE ADDED to the spray solution (e.g., 2.5 L of surfactant per 1000 L of spray solution).

**BROADLEAF WEED and GRASS CONTROL**

**EARLY POST-EMERGENCE APPLICATIONS**
Phantom 240 SL, by early post-emergence application (up to and including the 4 leaf stage of susceptible weeds) will control:

**Broadleaf weeds:** Redroot pigweed, Wild mustard, Stinkweed, Volunteer canola and Green smartweed

In addition, Phantom 240 SL provides partial control of and reduces competition from:
Common groundsel Green foxtail Shepherd's purse

**MIXING INSTRUCTIONS**
Fill the spray tank one-half to three-quarters full with water. Using a calibrated measuring device, add the required amount of Phantom 240 SL while agitating the spray solution. While the solution remains agitating, add the required amount of non-ionic surfactant. Fill the remainder of the tank with water.

**WARNINGS**
Apply only in the year of establishment and only after the crop has one fully developed trifoliate leaf.
DO NOT over-apply Phantom 240 SL. Over application may result in injury particularly if the crop is under stress.
DO NOT let spray drift contaminate crops other than those being sprayed.
ONLY ONE (1) application of Phantom 240 SL may be made during the life of the alfalfa stand.
DO NOT tank-mix Phantom 240 SL.
In cases of crop failure, only field peas may be re-planted in the year of application.
DO NOT graze or harvest for forage until 14 days after treatment.
Mature seed from treated plants should not be used for human consumption.
Over-spray or drift to important wildlife habitats such as shelterbelts, water bodies, wetlands, woodlots, vegetated ditch banks, hedgerows and other cover should be avoided. Leave a 15-meter buffer zone between the last spray swath and the edge of any of these habitats.
DO NOT APPLY BY AERIAL APPLICATION - GROUND EQUIPMENT ONLY.
### DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON ESTABLISHED ALFALFA FOR SEED PRODUCTION PURPOSES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CROP</th>
<th>WEEDS CONTROLLED</th>
<th>RATE</th>
<th>DIRECTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Established alfalfa for seed production</td>
<td>Stinkweed, wild mustard, volunteer canola, redroot pigweed and suppression of green foxtail</td>
<td>50 g a.e./ha</td>
<td>One application per year; post-emergent; ground application; apply before alfalfa reaches 30 cm. Do not use Phantom 240 SL in the last year of the alfalfa stand.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON DRY BEANS (PINTO, PINK, RED)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CROP</th>
<th>PEST</th>
<th>RATE</th>
<th>DIRECTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dry beans – pinto, pink, red</td>
<td>Hairy nightshade</td>
<td>50 g a.e./ha</td>
<td>One application per year; ground sprayer; apply in 100 - 400 L water/ha; post-emergence; apply up to the 2nd trifoliate leaf stage of the dry bean; up to 6 leaf stage of hairy nightshade; black, grey wooded and irrigated brown soil zones only; PHI of 75 days.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON CHICKLING VETCH (FOR SEED PRODUCTION ONLY)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CROP</th>
<th>PEST</th>
<th>RATE</th>
<th>DIRECTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chickling vetch/ grass pea</td>
<td>Labelled weeds</td>
<td>50 g a.e./ha</td>
<td>One application per year; post-emergent; ground application; PHI 60 days; apply at the 5-7 leaf stage of chickling vetch/grass pea.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON SOYBEANS (MANITOBA ONLY)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CROP</th>
<th>PEST</th>
<th>RATE</th>
<th>DIRECTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Soybeans</td>
<td>Annual grass and broadleaf weeds</td>
<td>50 g a.e./ha plus non-ionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v</td>
<td>Apply as post-emergent application once per season at 1 to 3 leaves of soybean growth; ground application only; PHI 85 days.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS:

For resistance management, Phantom 240 SL is a Group 2 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to Phantom 240 SL and other Group 2 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Other resistance mechanisms that are not linked to site of action, but specific for individual chemicals, such as enhanced metabolism, may also exist. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance:
• Where possible, rotate the use of Phantom 240 SL or other Group 2 herbicides with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
• Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group when such use is permitted.
• Herbicide use should be based on an IPM program that includes scouting, historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and considers tillage (or other mechanical), cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
• Monitor treated weed populations for resistance development.
• Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment and planting clean seed.
• Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
• For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact Adama Agricultural Solutions Canada Ltd. at 855-264-6262.

PRECAUTIONS

- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- This product may be harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through the skin.
- Do not contaminate food or feed products.
- Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
- Avoid breathing vapour or spray mist. Use with adequate ventilation.
- May cause eye damage. May cause skin irritation.
- Wear dust and/or splash-proof goggles or face shield and chemically resistant gloves when mixing, loading and during application, clean-up and repair.
- Wear long-sleeved shirt and long-legged pants when handling.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using.
- Wash hands and face before eating, drinking, smoking and using the toilet.
- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.
- Take a shower IMMEDIATELY after work.
- Store and wash all protective clothing separately from normal laundry.
- Clean protective equipment (gloves, goggles, face shield) upon removal with soapy water.
- Clean spray equipment thoroughly after use. Wash in detergent and hot water before reuse.
- Wear freshly laundered clothes daily.
- If this pest control product is to be used on a commodity that may be exported to the U.S. and you require information on acceptable residue levels in the U.S., visit CropLife Canada’s web site at www.croplife.ca.
- DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.

STORAGE

1. Store the leftover product in original tightly closed container.
2. Keep product from freezing. DO NOT store below 0°C. If the product is exposed to temperatures below 0°C during shipment or storage, make sure the product has thawed completely, and shake the container vigorously.
3. DO NOT ship or store the product near food, feed, seed and fertilizers.
4. Store the product in cool, dry, locked, well-ventilated areas without floor drain.

DISPOSAL

DO NOT reuse this container for any purpose. This is a recyclable container, and is to be disposed of at a container collection site. Contact your local distributor/dealer or municipality for the location of the nearest collection site. Before taking the container to the collection site:
1. Triple- or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to the spray mixture in the tank.
2. Make the empty, rinsed container unsuitable for further use.
If there is no container collection site in your area, dispose of the container in accordance with provincial requirements.
For information on disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer or the provincial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for clean-up of spills.

FIRST AID

If swallowed: Call a poison control centre or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control centre or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control centre or doctor for further treatment advice.

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.
Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

**TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**
Treat symptomatically.

**NOTICE TO USER**

This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label. The user assumes the risk to persons or property that arises from any such use of this product.
This label transcript service is offered by the Pest Management Regulatory Agency to provide efficient searching for label information. This service and this information do not replace the official hard-copy label. The PMRA does not provide any guarantee or assurance that the information obtained through this service is accurate, current or correct, and is therefore not liable for any loss resulting, directly or indirectly, from reliance upon this service.