SQUADRON®

This broad-spectrum herbicide is registered for grassy and broadleaf weed control in a wide range of crops, most notably lentils, peas, chickpeas, faba beans, soybeans and potatoes. It can work alone or in combination with recommended tank mixes.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT
Metribuzin

CHEMISTRY GROUP
Group 5

APPLICATION RATES AND PACKAGING
- 1 case – 4 x 5 kg jugs, treats 60 – 240 acres
- Please refer to the label for application rates as these vary based on crop, soil type and application methods.

REGISTERED CROPS:
- Asparagus (established)
- Chickpeas
- Dryland winter wheat
- Faba beans
- Field peas
- Highbush blueberries (newly seeded)
- Lentils
- Potatoes (including sprinkler irrigation)
- Processing peas
- Shelterbelts
- Soybeans
- Spring barley
- Spring wheat

WEEDS CONTROLLED:
- Annual bluegrass
- Barnyard grass
- Bromegrass
- Common chickweed
- Common groundsel
- Corn spurry
- Cow cockle
- Downy brome
- Flixweed
- Green foxtail
- Green smartweed
- Goose grass
- Hempnettle
- Kochia
- Lamb’s quarters
- Night-flowering catchfly
- Persian darnel
- Redroot pigweed
- Russian thistle
- Shepherd’s purse
- Stinkweed
- Tartary buckwheat
- Volunteer non-triazine-tolerant canola
- Wild buckwheat
- Wild mustard
- Wild oats
- Wormseed mustard
- Yellow foxtail

1 Control at 80 g/ac post-emergence.
2 Suppression at 80 g/ac post-emergence.
3 Control at 110 g/ac post-emergence.
4 Control at 150 g/ac post-emergence.
5 Control at 225 – 300 g/ac post-emergence.
6 Pre-seed incorporated with Treflan™ EC or Rival® herbicide.
7 Suppression only in chickpeas and lentils as post-emergence application.
HOW IT WORKS:
Metribuzin inhibits the photosynthesis of grassy and broadleaf weeds. Used pre-emergent, susceptible weeds and crop seedlings emerge through treated soil, but 2–5 days later the weeds show chlorosis and necrosis. Plants treated post-emergent show chlorosis and necrosis between leaf veins, followed by wilting and death.

SOIL TYPES AND RESTRICTIONS:
The recommended use rates of Squadron® are dependent upon soil texture and the organic matter content of the soil being treated: coarse, medium and fine.

The following chart outlines the soil textures included in each of the soil texture groupings:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Coarse</th>
<th>Medium</th>
<th>Fine</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Loamy sand, Sandy loam</td>
<td>Loam, Silt loam, Silt, Sandy clay loam, Sandy clay</td>
<td>Silty clay loam, Silty clay, Clay loam, Clay</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- On variable soils with coarse sandy areas, some crop injury may occur on the sandy areas if the rate used is for the finer soil type.
- Sandy loam and silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium-textured soils in some regions.
- Do not use this product on muck soils. If Squadron is applied to muck soils, subsequent crops may be injured.
- Do not use on coarse soils with less than 2% organic matter.

SUPPORTED TANK MIXES:
Spring wheat and spring barley (post-emergent):
- MCPA amine
- 2,4-D amine
- Banvel® II
- Dicamba
- Target® Liquid

Field peas (post-emergent):
- MCPA sodium salt
- Phantom® 240 SL
- Venture L

Lentils, soybeans, faba beans and field peas (pre-seed incorporated):
- Treflan™ EC
- Broadstrike Dual
- Dual II Magnum
- Frontier
- Linuron
- Trifluralin

Potatoes (pre-seed incorporated and pre-emergence through irrigation system):
- Eptam® 8-E
- Bravo 500
- Glyphosate
- Gramoxone

RAINFASTNESS:
6 hours after foliar application
APPLICATION TIMING AND CROP STAGING:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Crop Stage</th>
<th>Application Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Barley</td>
<td>2 – 5 leaf</td>
<td>Post-emergence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheat</td>
<td>2 – 5 leaf</td>
<td>Post-emergence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peas</td>
<td>Pea vines must be less than 6 inches long at time of post-emergent application.</td>
<td>Post-emergence or pre-seed incorporated (spring and fall)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chickpeas</td>
<td>1 – 3 above ground nodes</td>
<td>Post-emergence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lentils</td>
<td>Vines must be less than 6 inches long or in 3 – 5 node stage.</td>
<td>Post-emergence or pre-seed incorporation (fall)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soybeans</td>
<td>Before seeding</td>
<td>Pre-seed incorporation (spring)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fababeans</td>
<td>Before seeding</td>
<td>Pre-seed incorporated (spring and fall)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potatoes</td>
<td>First use on a potato variety should be limited to a small test area to ensure varietal tolerance.</td>
<td>Post-emergence or pre-seed incorporated. Refer to the label for sprinkler irrigation application.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CROP ROTATIONS:
Rotational crops such as onions, celery, peppers, cole crops, lettuce and spinach, sugar beets, table beets and turnips, pumpkins and squash, cucumbers and melons, tobacco and non-triazine-tolerant canola (rapeseed) are sensitive to Squadron and may be injured if seeded in soil treated with Squadron during the year of application or the following crop year.
Fall seeded or cover crops such as wheat, oats and rye may be injured when seeded within the same season as the application of Squadron.

GRAZING:
- Do not graze treated wheat or barley for 30 days after application.
- Do not graze peas, chickpeas or lentils for 70 days after application.

Always read and follow pesticide label directions.