This label has been updated according to the re-evaluation decision of lambda-cyhalothrin RVD2021-04. While users are encouraged to follow this updated label immediately, the previously approved label is valid until 29/04/2023 in accordance with the phase out period set out in RVD2021-04. This previously approved label will be provided upon request by emailing hc.pmra.info-arla.sc@canada.ca. In your email please include the product name and Registration number of the label you are requesting.

# GROUP 3 INSECTICIDE

#### ZIVATAEmulsifiable Concentrate Insecticide

## AGRICULTURAL

For the Control of Listed Insects on Oilseeds, Cereals, Tree Fruit, Strawberries, Tobacco, Potatoes, Tomatoes, Cole Crops, Chokecherry, Legume Vegetables (Crop Group 6), Corn, Ferns of Asparagus, Timothy (For Seed Production Only), Sweet Potato, Carrots and Outdoor Ornamentals

> ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Lambda-cyhalothrin ......120 g/L

#### READ THE LABEL AND ATTACHED PAMPHLET BEFORE USING

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN



# POTENTIAL SKIN SENSITIZER

#### **REGISTRATION NO. 32427 PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT**

NET CONTENTS: 1 – 1050 L

ADAMA Agricultural Solutions Canada Inc. 300 – 191 Lombard Ave Winnipeg MB R3B 0X1 1-855-264-6262

For emergency medical help and health/safety inquires call ProPharma at 1-877-250-9291 (24 hours a day) For spill, leak or fire call INFOTRAC at 1-800-535-5053 (24 hours a day)

**NOTICE TO USER:** This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label.

# FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control centre or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control centre or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control centre or doctor for further treatment advice.

Take the container label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

# TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Treat symptomatically.

Skin exposure may cause transient sensations (tingling, burning, itching, numbness).

#### PRECAUTIONS

- 1. KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN AND ANIMALS. Keep unused product in original container tightly closed, locked up and away from food.
- 2. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. May irritate eyes. Avoid contact with eyes. Potential skin sensitizer. If hands are contaminated, wash with soap and water before touching other areas of skin.
- 3. Wear long pants, a long-sleeved shirt, chemical-resistant gloves, socks and chemical resistant boots during mixing, loading, application, clean-up and repair, unless otherwise specified below. Gloves are not required in a closed cab or cockpit. In addition, during mixing, loading, clean-up and repair activities, workers must also wear safety goggles and a face shield. Avoid touching face with contaminated gloves or clothing. Wash gloves before removal. Wash protective equipment with soap and water after each use.
- 4. For applications using an open-cab groundboom equipment, when handling more than 59.6L per person per day, also wear a respirator with a NIOSH-approved organic-vapour-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides or a NIOSH-approved canister approved for pesticides OR use a closed cab tractor that provides both a physical barrier and respiratory protection (such as dust/mist filtering and/or vapour/gas purification system). The closed cab must have a chemical-resistant barrier that totally surrounds the occupant and prevents contact with pesticides outside the cab. Respirator and gloves are not required to be worn during

application within a closed cab. These restrictions are in place to minimize exposure to individual applicators. Application may need to be performed over multiple days or using multiple applicators.

- 5. For open cab airblast application also wear a respirator with a NIOSH approved organic vapour removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides OR a NIOSH approved canister approved for pesticides.
- 6. When handling more than 0.92 L per person per day using mechanically-pressurized handheld equipment, also wear a respirator with a NIOSH-approved organic-vapour-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides OR a NIOSH-approved canister approved for pesticides during mixing, loading and application.
- 7. For application using handheld airblast/mistblower equipment, wear chemical-resistant coveralls with a chemical-resistant hood over long-sleeved shirt, long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, socks, chemical-resistant footwear and a respirator with a NIOSH-approved organic-vapour-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides OR a NIOSH-approved canister approved for pesticides. DO NOT handle more than 42.5 mL per person per day. This restriction is required to minimize exposure to the worker. Applications may be required over multiple days or using multiple applicators.
- 8. For all applications using handheld equipment, wear eye, head and respiratory protection when applying above waist height, including overhead.

Crop(s)	REI	
Come (arreat)	Hand harvesting	3 days
Corn (sweet)	All other activities	12 hours
Com (cood)	Hand detasseling	3 days
Corn (seed)	All other activities	12 hours
All other crops	All activities	12 hours

9. **DO NOT** enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the intervals specified in the following table. Workers shall be given oral warning of the re-entry interval.

- 10. Apply only when the potential for drift beyond the area to be treated is minimal. Take into consideration wind speed, wind direction, temperature inversions, application equipment, and sprayer settings.
- 11. ZIVATA may be applied aerially only to those crops for which this use is specified on this label.

If this pest control product is to be used on a commodity that may be exported to the U.S. and you require information on acceptable residue levels in the U.S., visit CropLife Canada's website at www.croplife.ca.

# **ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS**

Toxic to aquatic organisms. Observe buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

Toxic to small wild mammals.

Toxic to bees. Minimize spray drift to reduce harmful effects on bees in habitats close to the application site. Avoid application during the crop blooming period. If applications must be made during the crop blooming period, restrict applications to the evening when most bees are not foraging. Avoid applications when bees are foraging in the treatment area in ground cover containing blooming weeds. To further minimize exposure to pollinators, refer to the complete guidance "Protecting Pollinators during Pesticide Spraying – Best Management Practices" on the Health Canada website (www.healthcanada.gc.ca/pollinators).

Toxic to certain beneficial arthropods (which may include predatory and parasitic insects, spiders, and mites). Minimize spray drift to reduce harmful effects on beneficial arthropods in habitats next to the application site such as hedgerows and woodland.

To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habitats avoid application to areas with a moderate to steep slope, compacted soil, or clay.

Avoid application when heavy rain is forecast.

To reduce risk to aquatic organisms from runoff, a vegetative filter strip of at least 10 metres wide between the field edge and adjacent, downhill aquatic habitats must be observed, as specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE

This product contains an active ingredient and aromatic petroleum distillates, which are toxic to aquatic organisms.

Greenhouse use: Toxic to beneficial arthropods (which may include predatory and parasitic insects, spiders, and mites). May harm beneficial arthropods, including those used in greenhouse production. Avoid application when beneficial arthropods are in the treatment area.

#### STORAGE

Store this product away from food or feed.

Store in a cool, well ventilated area away from foodstuffs and out of the reach of children and animals. Store above 0°C. Storage below 0°C will not impair the effectiveness of ZIVATA, however, following such storage, agitate well before use.

#### SPILL CLEANUP

Wear appropriate protective equipment (gloves, glasses, apron) when attempting to clean up the spill. If the container is leaking, secure leak and place the container into a drum or heavy gauge plastic bag. Contact ADAMA Agricultural Solutions Canada Inc. at 1-204-396-1640 for further information.

*For spills and leaks* – contain the liquid with dikes of inert material (soil, clay, kitty litter, etc.). Absorb the spill onto inert material and shovel into a sealable waste container.

*On hard surfaces* – sprinkle spill area with detergent and scrub in a small quantity of water with a coarse broom. Let stand 10 minutes then absorb onto an inert material and shovel into the waste container. Dispose of all waste, including broom, in accordance with provincial requirements.

*On soil* – remove the top 15 cm of soil in the spill area and replace with fresh soil. Dispose of all waste in accordance with provincial requirements. For more information on the disposal of waste and the clean-up of spills, contact the provincial regulatory agency and the manufacturer.

## DISPOSAL OF UNUSED, UNWANTED PRODUCT

For information on disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer or the provincial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for clean-up of spills.

#### **CONTAINER DISPOSAL**

#### **Recyclable Container:**

Do not reuse this container for any purpose. This is a recyclable container, and is to be disposed of at a container collection site. Contact your local distributor/dealer or municipality for the location of the nearest collection site. Before taking the container to the collection site:

- 1. Triple- or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to the spray mixture in the tank.
- 2. Make the empty, rinsed container unsuitable for further use.

If there is no container collection site in your area, dispose of the container in accordance with provincial requirements.

# IN CASE OF EMERGENCY INVOLVING A MAJOR SPILL, FIRE OR POISONING CALL 1-800-535-5053 (24 hours a day)

# GROUP 3 INSECTICIDE

#### ZIVATA Emulsifiable Concentrate Insecticide

AGRICULTURAL

For the Control of Listed Insects on Oilseeds, Cereals, Tree Fruit, Strawberries, Tobacco, Potatoes, Tomatoes, Cole Crops, Chokecherry, Legume Vegetables (Crop Group 6), Corn, Ferns of Asparagus, Timothy (For Seed Production Only), Sweet Potato, Carrots and Outdoor Ornamentals

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IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control centre or doctor for further treatment advice.

Take the container label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

# TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Treat symptomatically.

Skin exposure may cause transient sensations (tingling, burning, itching, numbness).

#### PRECAUTIONS

- 1. KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN AND ANIMALS. Keep unused product in original container tightly closed, locked up and away from food.
- 2. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. May irritate eyes. Avoid contact with eyes. Potential skin sensitizer. If hands are contaminated, wash with soap and water before touching other areas of skin.
- 3. Wear long pants, a long-sleeved shirt, chemical-resistant gloves, socks and chemicalresistant boots during mixing, loading, application, clean-up and repair unless otherwise listed below. In addition, during mixing, loading, clean-up and repair activities, workers must also wear safety goggles and a face shield. Avoid touching face with contaminated gloves or clothing. Wash gloves before removal. Wash protective equipment with soap and water after each use.
- 4. For applications using an open-cab groundboom equipment, when handling more than 59.6L per person per day, also wear a respirator with a NIOSH-approved organic-vapour-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides or a NIOSH-approved canister approved for pesticides OR use a closed cab tractor that provides both a physical barrier and respiratory protection (such as dust/mist filtering and/or vapour/gas purification system). The closed cab must have a chemical-resistant barrier that totally surrounds the occupant and prevents contact with pesticides outside the cab. Respirator and gloves are not required to be worn during application within a closed cab. These restrictions are in place to minimize exposure to

individual applicators. Application may need to be performed over multiple days or using multiple applicators.

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- 7. For application using handheld airblast/mistblower equipment, wear chemical-resistant coveralls with a chemical-resistant hood over long-sleeved shirt, long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, socks, chemical-resistant footwear and a respirator with a NIOSH-approved organic-vapour-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides OR a NIOSH-approved canister approved for pesticides. DO NOT handle more than 42.5 mL per person per day. This restriction is required to minimize exposure to the worker. Applications may be required over multiple days or using multiple applicators.
- 8. For all applications using handheld equipment, wear eye, head and respiratory protection when applying above waist height, including overhead.

Crop(s)	Postapplication Activity	REI
Come (autoat)	Hand harvesting	3 days
Corn (sweet)	All other activities	12 hours
(	Hand detasseling	3 days
Corn (seed)	All other activities	12 hours
All other crops	All activities	12 hours

9. **DO NOT** enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the intervals specified in the table below. Workers shall be given oral warning of the re-entry interval.

- 10. Apply only when the potential for drift beyond the area to be treated is minimal. Take into consideration wind speed, wind direction, temperature inversions, application equipment, and sprayer settings.
- 11. ZIVATA may be applied aerially only to those crops for which this use is specified on this label.

If this pest control product is to be used on a commodity that may be exported to the U.S. and you require information on acceptable residue levels in the U.S., visit CropLife Canada's website at www.croplife.ca.

# **ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS**

Toxic to aquatic organisms. Observe buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

Toxic to small wild mammals.

Toxic to bees. Minimize spray drift to reduce harmful effects on bees in habitats close to the application site. Avoid application during the crop blooming period. If applications must be made during the crop blooming period, restrict applications to the evening when most bees are not foraging. Avoid applications when bees are foraging in the treatment area in ground cover containing blooming weeds. To further minimize exposure to pollinators, refer to the complete guidance "Protecting Pollinators during Pesticide Spraying – Best Management Practices" on the Health Canada website (www.healthcanada.gc.ca/pollinators).

Toxic to certain beneficial arthropods (which may include predatory and parasitic insects, spiders, and mites). Minimize spray drift to reduce harmful effects on beneficial arthropods in habitats next to the application site such as hedgerows and woodland.

To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habitats avoid application to areas with a moderate to steep slope, compacted soil, or clay.

Avoid application when heavy rain is forecast.

To reduce risk to aquatic organisms from runoff, a vegetative filter strip of at least 10 metres wide between the field edge and adjacent, downhill aquatic habitats must be observed, as specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE

This product contains an active ingredient and aromatic petroleum distillates, which are toxic to aquatic organisms.

Greenhouse use: Toxic to bees and other beneficial arthropods (which may include predatory and parasitic insects, spiders, and mites). May harm bees and other beneficial arthropods, including those used in greenhouse production. Avoid application when bees or other beneficial arthropods are in the treatment area.

#### STORAGE

Store this product away from food or feed.

Store in a cool, well ventilated area away from foodstuffs and out of the reach of children and animals. Store above 0°C. Storage below 0°C will not impair the effectiveness of SILENCER 120 EC Low VOC, however, following such storage, agitate well before use.

#### SPILL CLEANUP

Wear appropriate protective equipment (gloves, glasses, apron) when attempting to clean up the spill. If the container is leaking, secure leak and place the container into a drum or heavy gauge plastic bag. Contact ADAMA Agricultural Solutions Canada Inc.at 1 204 396-1640 for further information.

*For spills and leaks* – contain the liquid with dikes of inert material (soil, clay, kitty litter, etc.). Absorb the spill onto inert material and shovel into a sealable waste container.

*On hard surfaces* – sprinkle spill area with detergent and scrub in a small quantity of water with a coarse broom. Let stand 10 minutes then absorb onto an inert material and shovel into the waste container. Dispose of all waste, including broom, in accordance with provincial requirements.

*On soil* – remove the top 15 cm of soil in the spill area and replace with fresh soil. Dispose of all waste in accordance with provincial requirements. For more information on the disposal of waste and the clean-up of spills, contact the provincial regulatory agency and the manufacturer.

#### DISPOSAL OF UNUSED, UNWANTED PRODUCT

For information on disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer or the provincial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for clean-up of spills.

#### **CONTAINER DISPOSAL**

#### **Recyclable Container:**

Do not reuse this container for any purpose. This is a recyclable container, and is to be disposed of at a container collection site. Contact your local distributor/dealer or municipality for the location of the nearest collection site. Before taking the container to the collection site:

- 1. Triple- or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to the spray mixture in the tank.
- 2. Make the empty, rinsed container unsuitable for further use.

If there is no container collection site in your area, dispose of the container in accordance with provincial requirements.

# IN CASE OF EMERGENCY INVOLVING A MAJOR SPILL, FIRE OR POISONING CALL 1-800-535-5053 (24 hours a day)

#### **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

ZIVATAis a photostable, synthetic pyrethroid insecticide. It is a fast acting stomach and contact insecticide effective against a broad spectrum of foliar pests. It has no fumigant or systemic activity. Best results will be obtained with SILENCER 120 EC Low VOC when applied against the early development stages of the pest as determined by regular monitoring.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

Control or suppression of some insect species with pyrethroid insecticides decreases as temperature rises. For best results, apply ZIVATAduring the early morning before temperatures rise, and during the evening, past the heat of the day. Use sufficient water for thorough coverage.

**DO NOT** apply in greenhouses. Unless otherwise specified in the crop-specific use directions.

When tank-mixes are permitted, read and observe all label directions, including rates and restrictions for each product used in the tank-mix. Follow the more stringent label precautionary measures for mixing, loading and applying stated on both product labels.

As this product is not registered for the control of pests in aquatic systems, DO NOT use to control aquatic pests.

DO NOT contaminate irrigation or drinking water supplies or aquatic habitats by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

To protect pollinators, follow the instructions regarding bees in the Environmental Precautions section.

A Vegetative Filter Strip (VFS) of at least 10 metres wide must be constructed and maintained. The VFS is required between the field edge and adjacent, downhill aquatic habitats to reduce risk to aquatic organisms from run-off. Aquatic habitats include, but are not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, and estuaries.

The VFS is to be composed of grasses and may also include shrubs, trees, or other vegetation. Additional guidance can be found on the PMRA Environmental Risk Mitigation webpages.

Both VFS and spray drift buffer zones must be observed.

DO NOT allow effluent or runoff from greenhouses containing this product to enter lakes, streams, ponds or other waters.

Optimum application timing for the control of specific pest species is best determined by monitoring pest development and populations. In general, ZIVATA is most effective against early developmental stages of surface feeding pests and against adults of pests which deposit eggs within plant parts. Follow recommendations provided by local pest monitoring services regarding appropriate application timing for your area. Follow provincial spray calendars for optimum timing of programmed spray applications.

Repeated applications are not advised for orchards where integrated pest management programs are being followed because severe reductions in beneficial arthropods may result. If pest monitoring services recommend repeated insecticide applications, consider alternating ZIVATAapplications with insecticides from different classes to prevent the development of resistant pest populations. Localized populations of some insect pests (e.g., Colorado Potato Beetle, Spotted Tentiform Leafminer) have developed resistance to other synthetic pyrethroid insecticides and can be expected to quickly develop resistance to ZIVATA. Consult regional extension specialists regarding the susceptibility of local populations. Follow Integrated Pest Management (IPM) techniques to minimize the need for insecticide applications and ensure that needed applications are timed for optimum effectiveness.

## **Ground Application:**

Field sprayer application: DO NOT apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. DO NOT apply when wind speed is greater than 8 km/h at the site of application. DO NOT apply with spray droplets smaller than the American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE S572.1) medium classification. Air-induction nozzles must be used for the ground application of this product. Boom height must be 60 cm or less above the crop or ground.

Airblast application: DO NOT apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. DO NOT direct spray above plants to be treated. Turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and outer rows. DO NOT apply when wind speed is greater than 16 km/h at the application site as measured outside of the treatment area on the upwind side.

#### **Aerial Application**

**DO NOT** apply by air, unless otherwise specified in the crop-specific use directions.

#### **Generic Aerial Application Label Instructions – Directions for Use**

Apply only by fixed-wing or rotary aircraft equipment which has been functionally and operationally calibrated for the atmospheric conditions of the area and the application rates and conditions of this label.

Label rates, conditions and precautions are product specific. Read and understand the entire label before opening this product. Apply only at the rate recommended for aerial application on this label. Where no rate for aerial application appears for the specific use, this product cannot be applied by any type of aerial equipment.

Ensure uniform application. To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

#### **Use Precautions**

Apply only when meteorological conditions at the treatment site allow for complete and even crop coverage. Apply only under conditions of good practice specific to aerial application as outlined in the *National Aerial Pesticide Application Manual*, developed by the Federal/Provincial/Territorial Committee on Pest Management and Pesticides.

Do not apply to any body of water. Avoid drifting of spray onto any body of water or other non-target areas. Specified buffer zones should be observed.

Coarse sprays are less likely to drift, therefore, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in fine particles (mist). Do not apply during periods of dead calm or when wind

velocity and direction pose a risk of spray drift. Do not spray when the wind is blowing towards a nearby sensitive crop, garden, terrestrial habitat (such as shelter-belt) or aquatic habitat.

#### **Operator Precautions**

Do not allow the pilot to mix chemicals to be loaded onto the aircraft. Loading of premixed chemicals with a closed system is permitted.

It is desirable that the pilot have communication capabilities at each treatment site at the time of application.

The field crew and the mixer/loaders must wear chemical resistant gloves, coveralls and goggles or face shield during mixing/loading, cleanup and repair. Follow the more stringent label precautions in cases where the operator precautions exceed the generic label recommendations on the existing ground boom label.

All personnel on the job site must wash hands and face thoroughly before eating and drinking. Protective clothing, aircraft cockpit and vehicle cabs must be decontaminated regularly.

#### **Product Specific Precautions**

Read and understand the entire label before using this product.

For aerial applications, ensure the aircraft is equipped and calibrated to deliver a uniform spray coverage with a minimum potential for drift. To ensure uniform application, use an appropriate marking device. Apply in weather conditions that will not promote drift.

Use nozzles rated to deliver medium-coarse droplets of volume median diameter of 340 microns or greater.

Apply in a spray volume of 40 litres per hectare.

Aerial application: DO NOT apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. DO NOT apply when wind speed is greater than 8 km/h at flying height at the site of application. DO NOT apply with spray droplets smaller than the American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE S572.1) medium-coarse classification. DO NOT apply under weather conditions of less than 50% relative humidity and temperatures greater than 20°C. Nozzle distribution along the spray boom length MUST NOT exceed 65% of the wing- or rotorspan.

Apply only by fixed-wing or rotary aircraft equipment which has been functionally and operationally calibrated for the atmospheric conditions of the area and the application rates and conditions of this label.

Label rates, conditions and precautions are product specific. Read and understand the entire label before opening this product. Apply only at the rate recommended for aerial application on this label. Where no rate for aerial application appears for the specific use, this product cannot be applied by any type of aerial equipment.

Ensure uniform application. To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices. Use Precautions Apply only when meteorological conditions at the treatment site allow for complete and even crop coverage. Apply only under conditions of good practice specific to aerial application as outlined in the National Aerial Pesticide Application Manual, developed by the Federal/Provincial/Territorial Committee on Pest Management and Pesticides.

Do not allow the pilot to mix chemicals to be loaded onto the aircraft. Loading of premixed chemicals with a closed system is permitted.

It is desirable that the pilot have communication capabilities at each treatment site at the time of application.

Clean and decontaminate protective clothing and application equipment regularly.

## **SPRAY BUFFER ZONES**

A spray buffer zone is NOT required for:

• Uses with hand-held application equipment permitted on this label

The spray buffer zones specified in the table below are required between the point of direct application and the closest downwind edge of sensitive freshwater habitats (such as lakes, rivers, sloµghs, ponds, prairie potholes, creeks, marshes, streams, reservoirs and wetlands) and estuarine/marine habitats.

		Spray Buffer Zones (metres) Required for the Protection of:				
Method of	Crop	Freshwa	ter Habitat of	Estuarin	e/Marine	
application		I	Depths:	Habitats	of Depths:	
		Less than	Greater than	Less than	Greater	
		1 m	1 m	1 m	than 1 m	
Field sprayer	Barley, oats, wheat, carrots, flax, , mustard (oilseed type), canola, sweet potato, timothy (for seed production only), ferns of asparagus	10	5	3	1	
	Alfalfa	15	5	3	1	
	Corn (including field, pop and sweet types, and crops grown for seed production), outdoor ornamentals	25	10	5	3	
	Brassica crops: Broccoli, chinese broccoli (gai lon), brussels sprouts, cabbage, chinese cabbage (napa), cauliflower, and kohlrabi					

	Legume Vegetables (inclu and Dry Edible Beans, Suc Peas, field peas, Chickpea bean, Soybean )	cculent and Dry	30	15	5	3
	Potatoes		10	5	4	2
	Tomatoes					
	Strawberry		15	5	3	2
	Field tobacco	tahaaaa (naat	2	1	1	1
	Tobacco(soil treatment), planting treatment)	iobacco (post	5	2	3	1
	Rye or wheat (tobacco co treatment)	over crop	3	1	2	1
Airblast	Chokecherry, shelterbelts	Early growth stage	55	45	50	40
		Late growth stage	45	35	40	30
	Pears	Early growth stage	60	50	50	40
		Late growth stage Early growth	50	40	40	35
	Apples, cherries, nectarines, peaches, plums, strawberries		70	60	55	45
		Late growth stage	60	50	45	35
	Outdoor ornamentals	Early growth stage	80	70	60	50
		Late growth stage	70	60	50	40
Aerial	Alfalfa, flax	Fixed wing	375	150	175	55
		Rotary wing	375	150	175	40
	Lentils, potatoes, barley, wheat, oats, succulent	Fixed wing	800	300	175	55

and dry edible beans, succulent peas, field peas, dry peas and soybeans.	Rotary wing	575	300	175	40
Chickpeas, <del>dry edible</del> beans, fava beans, soybeans, - Legume Vegetables, Dwarf pea, edible-pod pea, snow pea, sugar snap pea, english pea, garden pea, green pea, pigeon pea. Peas (Pisum spp.) (includes peas field)					
Canola, mustard (oilseed type)	Fixed wing	800	400	175	55
3 Applications	Rotary wing	700	400	175	40
Corn (including field, pop and sweet types, and	Fixed wing	800	800	800	250
crops grown for seed production)	Rotary wing	800	675	400	225

For tank mixes, consult the labels of the tank-mix partners and observe the largest (most restrictive) spray buffer zone of the products involved in the tank mixture and apply using the coarsest spray (ASAE) category indicated on the labels for those tank mix partners.

The spray buffer zones for airblast application of this product can be modified based on weather conditions and spray equipment configuration by accessing the Spray Buffer Zone Calculator on the Pest Management Regulatory Agency web site. Spray buffer zones for field sprayer or aerial application CANNOT be modified using the Spray Buffer Zone Calculator.

# When applied as directed, ZIVATAInsecticide will control the listed pests, unless otherwise indicated as suppression.

DO NOT cut treated fields for hay/forage. DO NOT graze treated fields. **DO NOT** feed treated crops to livestock. For grasses/non-grasses grown for seed production only, DO NOT feed seed screenings and aftermath to livestock.

CROPS	PEST	RATE (mL/ha)	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES
FRUIT CROPS					
CROPS	PEST	RATE (mL/ha)	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES
APPLES	Apple Aphid, Apple Brown Bug, Apple Leaf Midge, Codling Moth, Fruit Tree Leafroller, Oblique Banded Leafroller, Pale Apple Leafroller, Spotted Tentiform Leafminer, White Apple Leafhopper, Winter Moth	83	Ground application only	Timing of applications should be based on the presence of vulnerable pest developmental stages and significant populations as determined by local monitoring.	DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest. DO NOT use more than 3 applications per year. Allow a 7 day interval between treatments. <b>DO NOT</b> feed treated crops to livestock. DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.
	Plum Curculio, Tarnished Plant Bug, Woolly Apple Aphid	104	Ground application only		
CHERRIES	Plum Curculio, Cherry Maggot	104	Ground application only	<i>Plum Curculio:</i> Shuck stage, when the fruit is the size of a pea, and 10 to 12 days later if oviposition scars are detected. <i>Cherry Maggot:</i> When the fruit is turning from green to pink. A second application may be required 10 days later.	DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest. DO NOT use more than 3 applications per year. Allow a 7 day interval between treatments. DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.
PEACHES AND NECTARINES	Green Peach Aphid, Oriental Fruit Moth, Tarnished Plant Bug	104	Ground application only	Presence of vulnerable pest developmental stages and significant populations as determined by local monitoring.	DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest. DO NOT use more than 3 applications per year. Allow a 7 day interval between treatments. DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.
PEARS	Pear Psylla (nymphs and adults), Codling Moth	83	Ground application only	Presence of vulnerable pest developmental stages and significant populations as determined by local monitoring.	DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest. DO NOT use more than 1 application per year. DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.
PLUMS	Plum Curculio, Mealy Plum Aphid	104	Ground application only	<i>Plum Curculio:</i> Shuck stage, when the fruit is the size of a pea, and 10 to 12 days later if oviposition scars are detected.	DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest. DO NOT use more than 3 applications per year. Allow a 7 day interval between treatments. DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.

				Mealy Plum Aphid: Timing of applications should be based on local monitoring for significant populations.	
STRAWBERRIES	Bud (Clipper) Weevil, Meadow Spittle Bug and Tarnished Plant Bug	104	Ground application only	Bud Weevil: when buds are visible in crown and again when first buds show white. Spittle Bug: when first noticed.	DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest. DO NOT use more than 3 applications per year. Allow a 7 day interval between treatments. DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.

CROPS	PEST	RATE (mL/ha)	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES
	Black Vine Weevil adults (Suppression only)			<i>Plant Bug:</i> 7 to 10 days after first bloom and repeat 7 to 10 days later. <i>Black Vine Weevil</i> <i>adults:</i> Applications to be made as soon as weevils appear, and just after the final harvest of strawberries.	Black Vine Weevil adults: For the suppression of black vine weevil adults, apply in sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage. The recommended application volume is 300-400 L/ha.
VEGETABLE CROPS					
COLE CROPS (Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower)	Crucifer Flea Beetle, Diamondback Moth Larvae, Imported Cabbageworm	42	Ground application only	Timing of applications should be based on the presence of vulnerable pest developmental stages and significant	DO NOT apply within 1 day of harvesting cabbage and 3 days of harvesting broccoli, Brussels sprouts or cauliflower. DO NOT use
	Cabbage Looper	83		populations as determined by local monitoring.	more than 3 applications per year. Allow a 7 day interval between treatments.
CORN (including field, pop and sweet types, and crops grown for seed production)	Fall Armyworm, Cutworms, European Corn Borer, Corn Earworm	83	Ground or aerial application	Spray no later than when the first feeding is seen on foliage. Repeat sprays at 4 to 7 day intervals depending on the presence of significant populations as determined by local monitoring. Where there are two generations, late plantings of sweet corn will require sprays from the late whorl stage until close to harvest. This treatment will not prevent internal cob damage if the insect has penetrated the ear. <i>Cutworms</i> (up to the 5- leaf stage): Applications should be made under moist conditions in the evening or night when cutworm activity is highest. Do not disturb the soil surface for 5 days after treatment.	DO NOT APPLY BY AIR. DO NOT apply within 1 day of harvest for sweet corn. DO NOT cut treated field for silage/forage. DO NOT graze treated fields. <b>DO NOT</b> feed treated crops to livestock. For grasses/non-grasses grown for seed production only, DO NOT feed seed screenings and aftermath to livestock. <i>Ground Application:</i> DO NOT use more than 3 applications per year. <i>Aerial Application:</i> DO NOT make more than 2 applications by air.

CROPS	PEST	RATE (mL/ha)	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES				
Tank Mix with Bumper 418 EC Fungicide									
ZIVATA can be tank mixed with Bumper 418 EC Fungicide for insect and foliar disease control. Apply ZIVATAat a rate of 83 mL/ha in tank mix with Bumper 418 EC Fungicide at a rate of 150-300 mL/ha. Refer to both the ZIVATAand Bumper 418 EC Fungicide labels for insects and diseases controlled, specific application instructions and precautions. Insects and crops must be at the correct stage as specified on the ZIVATAas well as Bumper 418 EC Fungicide labels.									
This tank mix can be appl	This tank mix can be applied by air and ground. Use 40 L of water per hectare when applying by air.								
This tank mix is not registered for use on popcorn.									
Do not harvest treated corn within 14 days of this tank-mix application.									

Do not make more than 3 applications on seed corn and 2 applications on field and sweet corn per year.

DO NOT cut treated field for hay/forage. DONOT graze treated fields. DO NOT feed treated crops to livestock. For grasses/non-grasses grown for seed production only, DO NOT feed seed screenings and aftermath to livestock.

Compatibility should always be confirmed by premixing small proportional quantities of water, ZIVATA, and the tank-mix partner in advance.

CRO PS	PEST	RATE (mL/ha)	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES
POTATOES	Potato Flea Beetle, Potato Leafhopper,	83	Ground application		The maximum rate per season must not exceed 250
	Tarnished Plant Bug, Tuber Flea Beetle	83	Aerial application	applications should be based on the presence of vulnerable pest developmental stages and significant populations as determined by local monitoring. Allow a 7 day interval between treatments.	<ul> <li>mL of product per hectare.</li> <li>DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest.</li> <li>DO NOT feed treated crops to livestock.</li> <li>Ground Application:</li> <li>DO NOT use more than 3 applications per year if using</li> </ul>
	Colorado Potato Beetle: susceptibility	83 to 125	Ground application	Use 125 mL rate when Colorado Potato Beetle	the 83 mL per hectare rate.
	to pyrethroid insecticides should be confirmed using an appropriate assay.	83	Aerial application	larvae are beyond the second instar stage of development or when populations are high. Allow a 7 day interval between treatments.	applications per year if using the 125 mL per hectare rate. Use a minimum of 100 L water for ground application. Use sufficient water for thorough coverage.
	European corn borer	83	Ground application	Spray at egg hatch and no later than when the first	Aerial Application: DO NOT make more than 2
		83	Aerial application	feeding damage is seen on foliage. Reapply at 4 to 7 day intervals if monitoring indicates that it is necessary. Consult provincial guidelines and local extension experts for monitoring protocols and thresholds for treatment.	applications of 83 mL/ha of the allowed seasonal total by air.
TOMATOES	Potato Flea Beetle, Potato Leafhopper, Tarnished Plant Bug Cutworms	83	Ground application only	When insects or damage appear. Timing of applications should be based on the presence of vulnerable pest	DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest. DO NOT use more than 3 applications per year if using the 83 mL per hectare rate. DO NOT

CROPS	PEST	RATE (mL/ha)	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES
	Colorado Potato Beetle: susceptibility to pyrethroid insecticides should be confirmed using an appropriate assay.	83-125	Ground application only	developmental stages and significant populations as determined by local monitoring. <i>Cutworms</i> (up to the 5- leaf stage): Applications should be made under moist conditions in the evening or night when cutworm activity is highest. Do not disturb the soil surface for 5 days after treatment. <i>Colorado Potato Beetle:</i> Use 125 mL per hectare rate when Colorado Potato Beetle larvae are beyond the second instar stage of development, or when populations are high.	use more than 2 applications per year if using the 125 mL per hectare rate. Allow a 7 day interval between treatments. The maximum rate per season must not exceed 250 mL of product per hectare. DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.
ТОВАССО				I	
TOBACCO Seedlings, Greenhouse	Cutworm (Darksided and White)	2 mL/30 L water	Ground application only	Cutworm activity is greatest during the late evening and night. Application of ZIVATA should be timed as close as possible to insect feeding activity.	Mix 2 mL of ZIVATA in 30 L of water and apply to 200 m <sup>2</sup> of plant bed. DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.
FIELD TOBACCO	Cutworm (Darksided and White)	2 mL/30 L water	Ground application only	Cutworm activity is greatest during the late evening and night. Application of ZIVATA should be timed as close as possible to insect feeding activity.	Apply the recommended rate of ZIVATA in 225 to 450 L of water per hectare using spray pressure of 175 to 350 kPa. DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.
COVER CROP TREATMENT (RYE OR WHEAT)	Cutworm (Darksided and White)	42	Ground application only	When crop is 10 to 15 cm high, 4-5 days before ploughdown. Cutworm activity is greatest during the late evening and night. Application of ZIVATA should be timed as close as possible to insect feeding activity.	Apply 42 mL of ZIVATA per hectare once to rye or wheat cover. Application should also be made to fence rows and to a 15 m strip into nearby cover crop. DO NOT cut treated field for hay/forage. DO NOT graze treated fields. DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.
SOIL TREAT MENT	Cutworm (Darksided and White)	83	Ground application only	Apply once to the soil 5 days before transplanting. Cutworm activity is greatest during the late evening and night. Application of ZIVATAshould be timed as close as possible to insect feeding activity.	DO NOT incorporate. DO NOT disturb the soil surface for at least 5 days following treatment since mixing of ZIVATAwith soil will reduce its effectiveness. Application should also be made to fence rows and to a 15 m strip into nearby cover crops. DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.

CROPS	PEST	RATE (mL/ha)	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES
POST PLANTING TREATMENT	Cutworm (Darksided and White)	83	Ground application only	At transplanting. Cutworm activity is greatest during the late evening and night. Application of ZIVATAshould be timed as close as possible to insect feeding activity.	Spray in a 25 cm band over the row using 150 to 300 L of water per hectare. Under conditions of severe insect pressure, application should be made to fence rows and to a 15 m wide strip into nearby cover crops. A follow-up treatment with another insecticide registered for this use may be necessary if there are late developing cutworms. DO NOT use more than 1 application per year. DO NOT apply within 60 days of harvest.
					DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.
OILSEED CROP	'S				
CANOLA AND MUSTARD (OILSEED TYPE)	Crucifer Flea Beetle, Lygus Bug Cabbage Seedpod Weevil (adults)	83	Ground application Aerial application	For Cabbage Seedpod Weevil (adults): Apply at the bud to early flowering stage of crop development. Timing of applications should also be based on the presence of significant populations of adults, as determined by local monitoring. Application prior to adult migration into the field will not be effective. ZIVATA will not control larvae developing within the pod, and must be applied prior to egg laying.	To prevent migration of overwintering flea beetle adults throughout the field, ground-spray a 15 m strip around the field at the first sign of flea beetle feeding. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not use more than 3 applications per year. Allow a 7 day interval between treatments. DO NOT cut treated field for hay/forage. DO NOT graze treated fields. <b>DO NOT</b> feed treated crops to livestock. For grasses/non-grasses grown for
	Imported Cabbageworm Diamondback Moth Larvae Cabbage Looper	83	Ground application	Apply when the insects are at a vulnerable stage (early larval instars). Consult provincial guidelines and local extension experts for treatment threshold and advice.	grasses/holn-grasses grown for seed production only, DO NOT feed seed screenings and aftermath to livestock. <i>For cabbage seedpod</i> <i>weevil:</i> Do not make more than 1 application per season by either ground or aerial application equipment. <b>Aerial Application:</b> Do not make more than 1 application of 83 mL/ha of the allowed seasonal total by air.
	Bertha Armyworm				.   .
	Grasshoppers	63-83	Ground application	Apply the low rate when	

CROPS	PEST	RATE (mL/ha)	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES
		83	Aerial application	grasshoppers are up to the 3rd nymphal stage (up to 1 cm in length) or when insect numbers are low. Apply the high rate when grasshoppers are larger, up to but not including winged adults (up to 2.5 cm in length) or when insect numbers are high. If insect pressure is high apply a spray to a 15 m strip around the field. Avoid environmentally sensitive areas and unregistered crops.	
FLAX	Grasshoppers	63-83	Ground application	Apply the low rate when grasshoppers are up to the	Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not use more
		83	Aerial application	3rd nymphal stage (up to 1 cm in length) or when insect numbers are low. Apply the	than 3 applications per year. Allow a 7 day interval between treatments.
				high rate when grasshoppers are larger, up to but not including winged adults (up to 2.5 cm in length) or when insect numbers are high. If insect pressure is high apply a spray to a 15 m strip around the field. Avoid environmentally sensitive areas and unregistered crops.	DO NOT cut treated field for hay/forage. DO NOT graze treated fields. <b>DO NOT</b> feed treated crops to livestock. For grasses/non-grasses grown for seed production only, DO NOT feed seed screenings and aftermath to livestock. <b>Aerial Application:</b> Do not make more than 1 application of 83 mL/ha of the allowed seasonal total by air.
CEREAL CROPS	5	1	1	1	
WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS	Grasshoppers	63-83	Ground application	Apply the low rate when grasshoppers are up to the	Do not apply within 28 days of harvest. Do not use more
		83	Aerial application	3rd nymphal stage (up to 1 cm in length) or when insect numbers are low. Apply the high rate when grasshoppers are larger, up to but not including winged adults (up to 2.5 cm in length) or when insect numbers are high. If insect pressure is high apply a spray to a 15 m strip around the field. Avoid environmentally sensitive areas and unregistered crops.	than 3 applications per year. Allow a 7 day interval between treatments. DO NOT cut treated field for hay/forage. DO NOT graze treated fields. <b>DO NOT</b> feed treated crops to livestock. For grasses/non-grasses grown for seed production only, DO NOT feed seed screenings and aftermath to livestock. <b>Aerial Application:</b> Do not make more than 2 applications of 83 mL/ha of the allowed seasonal total by air.

CROPS	PEST	RATE (mL/ha)	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES
ZIVATAcan be tar and spring barley, green foxtail and y	if monitoring of grasshopp ellow foxtail may be obse	00L or ACHIE per population rved when ZIV	VE Liquid Herbicide for s indicates application i VATAis tank mixed wit	or one pass grasshopper and wild s necessary and timing is correct th Bison™ 400L or ACHIEVE I . For ground application only. D	. A reduction in control of Liquid Herbicide. Consult
OTHER USES					
ALFALFA,	Grasshoppers	63-83	Ground application	Apply the low rate when grasshoppers are up to the	Do not use more than 3 applications per year. Allow
		83	Aerial application	grasshopers are up to the 3rd nymphal stage (up to 1 cm in length) or when insect numbers are low. Apply the high rate when grasshoppers are larger, up to but not including winged adults (up to 2.5 cm in length) or when insect numbers are high. If insect pressure is high apply a spray to a 15 m strip around the field. Avoid environmentally sensitive areas and unregistered crops.	applications per year. Allow a 7 day interval between treatments. Alfalfa seed from treated crops is not to be used for production of 'alfalfa sprouts' for human consumption. DO NOT cut treated field for hay/forage. DO NOT graze treated fields. For grasses/non- grasses grown for seed production only, DO NOT feed seed screenings and aftermath to livestock.
ALFALFA	Alfalfa Weevil, Lygus Bug, Tarnished Plant Bug, Pea Aphid, Potato Leafhopper	83	Ground application only	Timing of applications should be based on the presence of vulnerable pest developmental stages and significant populations as determined by local monitoring.	Aerial Application: Do not make more than 1 application of 83 mL/ha of the allowed seasonal total by air.

#### ALFALFA Rate Conversion Chart

Rate (mL/ha)	Hectares treated with 1 L products
42	23.8
63	15.9
83	12.0
104	9.6
125	8.0

**NOTE TO USER:** READ THE FOLLOWING BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT FOR THE INDICATED SPECIAL USE APPLICATIONS:

The DIRECTIONS FOR USE for the uses described in this section of the label were developed by persons other than ADAMA Agricultural Solutions Canada Inc. (ADAMA). under the User Requested Minor Use Label Expansion program. For these uses, ADAMA has not fully assessed performance (efficacy) and/or crop tolerance (phytotoxicity) under all environmental conditions or for all crop varieties when used in accordance with the label. The user should test the product on a small area first, under local conditions and using standard practices, to confirm the product is suitable for widespread application.

CROPS	PEST	RATE (mL/ha)	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES
Choke Cherry shelterbelts	Prairie Tent Caterpillar, Ugly Nest Caterpillar, Fruit tree Leafroller	58	Ground application only	<ul> <li>Prairie Tent Caterpillar: Apply prior to flowering when tents are visible, generally mid to late May.</li> <li>Ugly Nest Caterpillar: Apply after flowering when tents are first visible, generally early to mid June.</li> <li>Fruit tree Leafroller: Apply after flowering when damage is first noted, generally early to mid June.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Apply as a foliar spray so leaves are wet but not dripping.</li><li>Do not use more than 1 application per year.</li><li>Use 1000 L/ha of water for thorough coverage.</li><li>DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.</li></ul>
BRASSICA CROPS	5		1		
Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage,	Swede Midge (Contarinia	83	Ground	Timing of applications should be based on the	Do not apply within 1 day of harvesting cabbage and 3

CROPS	PEST	RATE (mL/ha)	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES
Cauliflower	nasturtii)		application only	presence of vulnerable pest developmental stages and significant populations as	days of harvesting broccoli, Brussels sprouts or cauliflower.
				determined by local monitoring.	Do not use more than 3 applications per crop per year (249 mL product/year).
					Allow at least a 7 day interval between treatments.
					Use sufficient water for thorough coverage, 100 to 200 L/ha by ground sprayer.
					DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.
6'1 100 FC I	Onion Thrips	188	Ground application only	Apply when the insect first appears	Apply by foliar broadcast spray.
Silencer 120 EC Low VOC Insecticide may be applied to the following Brassica crops only: Broccoli, Chinese broccoli (gai lan), Brussels sprouts, cabbage (napa), cauliflower and kohlrabi					DO NOT apply within 1 day of harvesting cabbage and 3 days of harvesting all other Brassica Crops.
					DO NOT apply more than 3 applications per growing season.
					Allow a 7 day interval between treatments.
					DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.
					Apply in sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage.
					A water volume of 500 L/ha is recommended

# LEGUME VEGETABLES

CROPS	PEST	RATE mL/HA	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES
Soybean	Soybean aphids <sup>1</sup>	83-233	Ground application	The need and timing of	Unless otherwise indicated, repeat sprays
	Pea Aphid <sup>1</sup> Bean aphid <sup>1</sup>	83	Aerial application	application should be based on the presence of vulnerable pest developmental stages and	at 4 to 7 day intervals depending on the presence of significant
	Western bean	83-187	Ground application	significant populations as	populations as
	cutworm <sup>3,5</sup>	83	Aerial application		determined by local

	Grasshoppers	83	Ground or aerial application	determine by local monitoring.	monitoring.
	Cutworms <sup>3</sup>		11	<sup>1</sup> For aphids, use the higher rate when conditions favour rapidly	<b>DO NOT</b> apply
	Lygus bugs			increasing aphid populations.	within 14 days of harvesting for edible
		83-233	Ground application	Repeat sprays at 7 day intervals	podded peas, succulent shelled beans
	Bean Leaf beetle <sup>2</sup>	83	Aerial application	depending on the presence of	
BEANS,	Card and antidal	83-233	Ground application	significant populations as determined by local	(including succulent fava
succulent and	Soybean aphids <sup>1</sup>			monitoring.	beans), and
dry edible*	Pea Aphid <sup>1</sup>	83	Aerial application	Provincial soybean aphid	succulent shelled
	Bean aphid <sup>1</sup>			management guidelines suggest applying insecticide during the	peas.
		83 - 187	Ground application	flowering growth stage of	PHI 21 days for
	Western bean	83	Aerial application	soybean development.	soybean, dry peas
	cutworm <sup>3,5</sup>	05		<sup>2</sup> For bean leaf beetle, use the higher rate to target higher pest	and dry beans
	Cutworms <sup>3</sup>	83	Ground or aerial	populations or when conditions	(including lentils, lupins, chickpeas
			application	are conducive to bean pod	and dry fava
	Corn Borer <sup>4</sup>			mottle virus. Repeat sprays at 4 to 7 day intervals depending on	beans).
	Potato Leaf			the presence of significant	PHI 7 days for
	Hopper			populations as determined by	edible podded
	Lygus bugs			local monitoring. <sup>3</sup> Cutworm activity is greatest	beans.
	D X 01 112	83-233	Ground application	during the late evening and	DO NOT cut
	Bean Leaf beetle <sup>2</sup>	83	Aerial application	night. Application should be	treated field for
				timed as close as possible to insect feeding activity.	hay/forage. DO
				<sup>4</sup> For Corn borer control, apply	NOT graze treated fields, <b>DO</b>
				before the larva bores into the	NOT feed treated
				plant stalk or pods. <sup>5</sup> For western bean cutworm	crops to livestock.
				control repeat sprays at 4-7 day	<b>DO NOT</b> use more
				intervals.	than 3 applications
				Consult local agricultural personnel and provincial	per season.
				guidelines on the use of this	Aerial
				product.	application: Do
					not make more
					than 2 applications of 83 mL/ha of the
					allowed seasonal
					total by air.
					Water Volume:
					For ground
					application: 100 to 200 L/ha
					For aerial
					application: apply
					in a spray volume of 40 L/ha
*Beans, succule	nt and dry edible: Bea	ns (Phaseolus	spp.) (includes, runner bear	n, snap beans, wax beans, lima bean (g	green), field bean, kidney

\*Beans, succulent and dry edible: Beans (Phaseolus spp.) (includes, runner bean, snap beans, wax beans, lima bean (green), field bean, kidney bean, navy bean, Pinto bean, tepary bean); bean (Vigna spp.) (includes asparagus bean, Chinese longbean, moth bean, yardlong bean, adzuki bean, mung bean, rice bean, urd bean; blackeyed pea, catjang, cowpea, southern pea, crowder pea); jackbean; sword bean; bean (Lupinus spp.) (includes grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, and white sweet lupin), lablab bean, guar.

CROPS	PEST	RATE mL/HA	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES
PEAS, succulent: Pea ( <i>Pisum</i> spp.)	Soybean aphids <sup>1</sup>	83-233	Ground application	The need and timing of application should be based on	Unless otherwise indicated, repeat sprays
(includes dwarf pea, edible-pod pea, snow pea, sugar	Pea Aphid <sup>1</sup> Bean aphid <sup>1</sup>	83	Aerial application	the presence of vulnerable pest developmental stages and significant populations as	at 4 to 7 day intervals depending on the presence of significant
snap pea, English pea, garden pea, green pea), pigeon	Western bean cutworm <sup>3,5</sup>	83-187 83	Ground application Aerial application	determine by local monitoring. <sup>1</sup> For aphids, use the higher rate when conditions favour rapidly	populations as determined by local monitoring.
pea	Cutworms <sup>3</sup>	83	Ground or aerial application	increasing aphid populations. Repeat sprays	<b>DO NOT</b> apply within 14 days of

	Potato Leaf Hopper			at 7 day intervals depending on the presence of significant	harvesting for edible podded
	Bean Leaf beetle <sup>2</sup>	83-233	Ground application	populations as determined by local monitoring. Provincial	peas, succulent shelled beans
		83	Aerial application	soybean aphid management	(including
Peas Field	Soybean aphid <sup>1</sup>	83-233	Ground application	guidelines suggest applying insecticide during the flowering growth stage of soybean	succulent fava beans), and succulent shelled
	Pea Aphid <sup>1</sup> Bean aphid <sup>1</sup>	83	Aerial application	development. <sup>2</sup> For bean leaf beetle, use the	peas. PHI 21 days for
	1	83-187	Ground	higher rate to target higher pest populations or when conditions	soybean, dry peas and dry beans
	Western bean cutworm <sup>3,5</sup>		application	are conducive to bean pod	(including lentils,
	Cutwonin	83	Aerial application	mottle virus. <sup>3</sup> Cutworm activity is greatest	lupins, chickpeas and dry fava beans).
	Pea leaf weevil (Sitona lineate) <sup>4</sup>	83	Ground or aerial application	during the late evening and night. Application should be	PHI 7 days for edible podded
PEAS, dry: Pea	Soybean aphids <sup>1</sup>	83-233	Ground application	timed as close as possible to insect feeding activity. <sup>4</sup> Make the first application after	beans. <b>DO NOT</b> use more than 3 applications
( <i>Pisum</i> spp.) (includes field pea), pigeon pea	Pea Aphid <sup>1</sup> Bean aphid <sup>1</sup>	83	Aerial application	emergence but prior to the 5 to 6 node stage. Apply while the adults are still present on the plants, before egg laying begins. <sup>5</sup> For western bean cutworm	per season. DO NOT cut
pigeon pea	Bean aprild				treated field for
	Western bean cutworm <sup>3,5</sup>	83-187	Ground application		NOT graze treated
	cutworm <sup>3,3</sup>	83	Aerial application		fields. <b>DO NOT</b> feed treated crops
	Grasshoppers	83	Ground or aerial application	intervals.	to livestock.
	Cutworms <sup>3</sup>			Consult local agricultural personnel and provincial	Aerial Application: Do not make more
	Bean Leaf beetle <sup>2</sup>	83-233	Ground application	guidelines on the use of this product.	than 2 applications of 83 mL/ha of the
		83	Aerial application		allowed seasonal total by air.
					Water Volume:
					For ground
					application: 100 to 200 L/ha
					For aerial
					application: apply
					in a spray volume of 40 L/ha
Tonk Mix with Hoad	lling FC Fungicide (	Puraclostrobin 250	$\alpha/I$ on Dry Field Pa	as: SILENCER 120 EC Low VOC	move ha tank mixed with

Tank Mix with Headline EC Fungicide (Pyraclostrobin 250 g/L) on Dry Field Peas: SILENCER 120 EC Low VOC may be tank mixed with Headline EC Fungicide to control insects and diseases listed on the label of each product.

Read carefully and follow all use directions and use precautions on both the SILENCER 120 EC Low VOC and Headline EC Fungicide labels. Failure to follow the rates of use and timing of application as recommended for each product will result in unsatisfactory control of target pest.

CROPS	PEST	RATE Ml/HA	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES
Fava beans (broad beans)	Soybean aphids <sup>1</sup>	83-233	Ground application	The need and timing of application should be based	Unless otherwise indicated, repeat sprays
	Pea Aphid <sup>1</sup> Bean aphid <sup>1</sup>	83	Aerial application	on the presence of vulnerable pest developmental stages and significant populations as determine by local monitoring. <sup>1</sup> For aphids, use the higher rate when conditions favour rapidly increasing aphid populations. Repeat sprays at 7 day intervals depending on the presence of significant populations as determined by local monitoring. Provincial	at 4 to 7 day intervals depending on the presence of significant
	Western bean cutworm <sup>3,4</sup>	83-187	Ground application		populations as determined by local
		83	Aerial application		monitoring.
	Lygus bugs Potato Leafhopper	83	Ground or aerial application		
	Bean Leaf beetle <sup>2</sup>	83-233	Ground application		podded peas, succulent shelled beans (including succulent fava beans),
		83	Aerial application	soybean aphid management guidelines suggest applying insecticide during the	and succulent shelled peas. The preharvest interval
Chickpeas	Soybean aphids <sup>1</sup>	83-233	Ground application	flowering growth stage of soybean development.	is 21 days for soybean, dry peas and

	Pea Aphid <sup>1</sup> Bean aphid <sup>1</sup> Western bean cutworm <sup>3,4</sup> Grasshoppers Potato Leaf hoppers Cutworms <sup>3</sup>	83 83-187 83 83	Aerial application Ground application Aerial application Ground or aerial application	<ul> <li><sup>2</sup>For bean leaf beetle, use the higher rate to target higher pest populations or when conditions are conducive to bean pod mottle virus.</li> <li><sup>3</sup>Cutworm activity is greatest during the late evening and night. Application of ZIVATAshould be timed as close as possible to incost fooding activity.</li> </ul>	dry beans (including lentils, lupins, chickpeas and dry fava beans). The preharvest interval is 7 days for edible podded beans. <b>DO NOT</b> cut treated field for hay/forage. <b>DO NOT</b> graze treated fields. <b>DO</b> <b>NOT</b> feed treated grame to livest oak
Lentils	Bean Leaf beetle <sup>2</sup> Soybean aphids <sup>1</sup> Pea Aphid <sup>1</sup> Bean aphid <sup>1</sup>	83-233 83 83-233 83	Ground application Aerial application Ground application Aerial application	insect feeding activity. <sup>4</sup> For western bean cutworm control repeat sprays at 4-7 day intervals. Consult local agricultural personnel and provincial guidelines on the use of this product.	crops to livestock. Ground application: DO NOT use more than 3 applications per season. Aerial application: Do not make more than 2 applications of 83 mL/ha of the allowed seasonal total by air.
	Western bean cutworm <sup>3,4</sup> Grasshoppers Lygus Bugs Potato Leaf Hopper Cutworms <sup>3</sup>	83-187 83 83	Ground application Aerial application Ground or aerial application		Water Volume: For ground application: 100 to 200 L/ha. For aerial application: Apply in a spray volume of 40 L/ha.

FERNS OF ASPARAGUS							
CROPS	PEST	RATE (mL/ha)	APPLIC A TIO N METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES		
Ferns of Asparagus	European Asparagus Aphids	83 mL/ha	Ground application only.	Apply post-harvest to fem only. Reapply after 7-10 days if monitoring indicates further applications are required.	DO NOT apply more than 3 applications per season. 180 day Preharvest interval. DO NOT APPLY BY AIR		

# FIELD AND SWEET CORN

CROPS	PEST	RATE (mL/ha)	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLIC A TIO N TIMING	NOTES
Corn, Field and Sweet	Armyworm (Pseudaletia unipuncta)	83	Ground or aerial application	Spray no later than when first feeding damage is seen on foliage.	Repeat sprays at 4-7 day intervals depending on the presence of significant populations as determined by local monitoring. <b>DO NOT</b> cut treated field for silage/forage. <b>DO NOT</b> grazt treated fields. <b>DO NOT</b> feed treated crops to livestock. For grasses/non-grasses grown for seed production only, <b>DO NOT</b> feed seed screenings and aftermath to livestock. <b>Ground Application:</b> <b>DO NOT apply more</b> than 3 applications per hectar in total per season. <b>Aerial Application:</b> <b>DO NOT apply more</b> than 2 applications by air. <u>Ground Application:</u> Apply i 100 - 200 L of water per hectare. <u>Aerial Application:</u> Apply in 40 L of water per hectare. Sweet Corn: DO NOT apply within 1 day of harvest. Field corn, popcorn and corn grown for seed: DO NOT

G F: 11	Б	107			1 1 21 1 2
Corn, Field,	European corn	187	Ground application	Spray no later than	apply within 21 days of
Sweet, Pop and	borer (Ostrinia		or aerial application	when first feeding	harvest.
Seed.	nubilalis) and			damage is seen on	
	Corn earworm			foliage. Where there	
	(Helicoverpa zea)			are two generations,	
				late plantings of sweet	
				corn will require	
				sprays from the late	
				whorl stage until close	
				to harvest. This	
				treatment will not	
				prevent internal cob	
				damage if the insect	
				has penetrated the ear.	
				_	

TIMOTHY	(for seed production	n only)			
CROP	PEST	RATE (mL/ha)	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES
Timothy (for seed production only)	Grasshoppers	63 – 83 ml product/ha in 100 – 200 L/ha water	Ground application only.	Apply the low rate when grasshoppers are up to the 3rd nymphal stage (up to 1 cm in length) or when insect numbers are low. Apply the high rate when grasshoppers are larger, up to but not including winged adults (up to 2.5 cm in length) or when insect numbers are high. If insect pressure is high apply a spray to a 15 m strip around the field. Avoid environmentally sensitive areas and unregistered crops.	DO NOT apply more than 3 applications per season. DO NOT cut treated field for hay/forage. DO NOT graze treated fields. For grasses/non-grasses grown for seed production only DO NOT feed seed screenings and aftermath to livestock. Allow 7 days between applications. DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest. DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.
SWEET PC	ОТАТО				
CROP	PEST	RATE (mL/ha)	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES

Sweet	Potato Flea	83	Ground application	Timing of application	DO NOT apply
Potato	Beetle		only.	should be based on the	more than 3
	Tuber Flea Beetle			presence of vulnerable pest	applications per year.
	Potato Leafhopper			development stages and	Allow 7 days between
				significant population as	applications.
				determined by local monitoring.	DO NOT apply
					within 7 days of
					harvest.
					DO NOT APPLY BY
					AIR.
					Apply in a minimum of 100 L of water/ha.
					of 100 L of water/fia.

CROPS	PEST	RATE (mL/ha)	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES
Wheat, Barley and Oats	Armyworm (Pseudaletia unipuncta)	83	Ground or aerial application.	Spray no later than when first feeding damage is seen on foliage.	<ul> <li>Repeat sprays at 4-7 day intervals depending on the presence of significant populations as determined by local monitoring.</li> <li>DO NOT apply more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>DO NOT apply more than 2 applications of 83 mL/ha of the allowed seasonal total by air.</li> <li>DO NOT cut treated fiel for hay/forage. DO NOT graze treated fields. DO NOT feed treated crops livestock. For grasses/grown for seed production only, DO NO feed seed screenings and aftermath to livestock.</li> <li>Ground Application: Apply in 100 - 200 L of water per hectare.</li> <li>DO NOT apply within 1 days of harvest.</li> </ul>

POTATOES					
CROPS	PEST	RATE	APPLICATION	APPLICATION	NOTES
		(mL/ha)	METHOD	TIMING	
Potatoes	Armyworm (Pseudaletia <i>unipuncta)</i>	83	Ground application.	Spray no later than when first feeding damage	Repeat sprays at 4-7 day intervals depending on the

		83	Aerial application.	is seen on foliage.	<ul> <li>presence of significant populations as determined by local monitoring.</li> <li><b>DO NOT apply</b> more than 3 applications per year for ground.</li> <li><b>DO NOT apply</b> more than 2 applications of 83 mL/ha of the allowed seasonal total by air.</li> <li><b>Ground Application:</b> Application: Apply in 100 - 200 L of water per hectare.</li> <li><b>Aerial Application:</b> Apply in 40 L of water per hectare.</li> <li><b>DO NOT apply</b> within 7 days of harvest.</li> </ul>
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CROPS	PEST	RATE (mL/ha)	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES
Carrots	Carrot Rust Fly	83	Ground application.	First application should be	Allow 7 days between
	(Psila rosae)			applied at the 2-3 leaf stage when insects	applications.
	Carrot weevil			or damage appear.	DO NOT apply within 7
	(Listronis			Timing of applications	days of harvest.
	oregonensis			should be based on the	5
	0 =			presence of vulnerable pest	DO NOT apply more than
				developmental	applications per year.
				stages and significant	11 1 5
				populations as	DO NOT feed treated crop
				determined by local	to livestock.
				monitoring	
				monitoring	DO NOT APPLY BY AIR

CROPS	PEST	RATE (mL/ha)	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES
Canola	Swede midge (Contarinia nasturtii)	83	Ground or aerial application	Timing of applications should be based on the presence of vulnerable pest developmental stages and significant	Allow a 7 day interval between treatments. <b>DO NOT</b> apply within 7 days of harvest. <b>DO NOT</b> cut treated field for hay/forage <b>DO NOT</b> graze treated fields. <b>DO</b> <b>NOT</b> feed treated crops to livestock. For grasses/non- grasses grown for se production only, <b>D</b> <b>NOT</b> feed seed screenings and aftermath to livestoc <b>Ground</b> <b>Application:</b> <b>DO NOT</b> use more than 3 applications per year.

		Aerial Application: DO NOT make more than 1 application of 83 mL/ha of the allowed seasonal total by air.
		Water Volume: Ground Application: Apply in 100 - 200 L of water per hectare. Aerial Application: Apply in 40 L of water per hectare.

CROPS	PEST	RATE (mL/100 L)	APPLICATION Method	APPLICATION TIMING	NOTES
OUTDOOR ORNAMENTALS	Black Vine Weevil adults	30	Ground application	Apply when adult black vine weevils and feeding injury are first detected. Allow a 7 day interval between treatments.	DO NOT APPLY BY AIR. Do not apply more than three applications per year. Apply in sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage, to a maximum volume of 750 L/ha.

Do not use in residential areas. Residential areas are defined as any use site where by-standers including children could be exposed during or after application. This includes homes, schools, public buildings, or any other areas where the general public, including children, could be exposed.

#### **Resistance-Management Recommendations**

For resistance management, please note that ZIVATAcontains a Group 3 insecticide. Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to ZIVATA other Group 3 insecticides. The resistant individuals may dominate the insect population if this group of insecticides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Other resistance mechanisms that are not linked to site of action but are specific for individual chemicals, such as enhanced metabolism, may also exist. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay insecticide resistance:

- Where possible, rotate the use of ZIVATAor other Group 3 insecticides with different groups that control the same pests.
- Use tank mixtures with insecticides from a different group when such use is permitted.
- Insecticide use should be based on an IPM program that includes scouting, record keeping, and considers cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Monitor treated pest populations for resistance development.

- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and pest problems in your area.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact ADAMA Agricultural Solutions Canada Inc. . company representatives at 1 204 396-1640.

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