



ADAMA

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WARLOCK® 19.2 EC

Reg. no. L9872 Act/Wet 36 of/van 1947

An emulsifiable concentrate insecticide with stomach action for the control of the pests as listed on apples and pears, barley, canola, citrus, maize and sweetcorn, pomegranates, stone fruit, tomatoes, table and wine grapes, and wheat.

IRAC INSECTICIDE GROUP CODE

6

IRAC INSEKDODERGROEPKODE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT/AKTIEWE BESTANDDEEL

emamectin benzoate (avermectin) 19.2 g/L emamektien-bensoaat (avermektien)

NET VOLUME/NETTO VOLUME

..... L

REGISTRATION HOLDER/REGISTRASIEHOUER

ADAMA South Africa (Pty.) Ltd.

Reg. no. 1992/001741/07

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**WARLOCK® is the registered trademark of a company of the ADAMA GROUP.
WARLOCK® is die geregistreerde handelsmerk van 'n maatskappy van die ADAMA GROEP.**

CONTACT IN EMERGENCY/KONTAK IN NOOD

Griffon Poison Information Centre: +27 82 446 8946

Tygerberg Poison Information Centre: +27 861 555 777

Batch number

.....

Lotnommer

Date of manufacture

.....

Datum van vervaardiging

UN no.: 3082



WARNINGS

Withholding periods (minimum number of days between last application and harvest):

Apples, pears	14 days
Barley	14 days
Canola	14 days
Citrus	14 days
Maize, sweetcorn	14 days
Pomegranates	14 days
Stone fruit	7 days
Table and wine grapes	7 days
Tomatoes	1 day
Wheat	14 days

Export crops: The local maximum residue levels (MRLs) will not be exceeded if **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** is used according to the label instructions. However, ADAMA South Africa (Pty) Ltd cannot be held responsible if export MRLs are exceeded. The local export marketing bodies must be consulted regarding application timing, withholding periods and specific tolerances of countries where produce will be exported to.

Note: Growing crops under shading, such as nets or plastic covers, could possibly influence the rate of decline of residues of **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC**. Contact the local ADAMA South Africa (Pty) Ltd technical advisor for more information.

- Handle with care.
- Harmful if swallowed.
- Severe eye irritant.
- Harmful to animals and toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates.
- Harmful to birds.
- Toxic to bees.
- Store in a cool, dry place away from light and food and feedstuffs.
- Keep out of reach of children, uninformed persons and animals.
- **Re-entry:** Do not enter treated area until spray deposit has dried off.

Although this remedy has been extensively tested under a large variety of conditions, the registration holder does not warrant that it will be efficacious under all conditions because the action and effect thereof may be affected by factors such as abnormal climatic and storage conditions, quality of dilution water, compatibility with other substances not indicated on the label and the occurrence of resistance of the insect against the remedy concerned as well as by the method, time and accuracy of application. The registration holder furthermore does not accept responsibility for damage to crops, vegetation, the environment or harm to humans or animals or for lack of performance of the remedy concerned due to failure of the user to follow the label instructions or to the occurrence of conditions which could not have been foreseen in terms of the registration. Consult the supplier in the event of any uncertainty.

PRECAUTIONS

- When handling the concentrate, wear gloves, boots, and face shield.
- Do not inhale fumes or spray mist.
- Avoid contact with skin and eyes. If eye contact occurs, flush the eye immediately with running water for at least 15 minutes.
- Wash contaminated clothing daily.
- Wash with soap and water after use or accidental skin contact.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke while mixing, applying or before washing hands and face.
- Do not spray during periods of bee activity.
- Clean spray equipment after use and dispose of wash water where it will not contaminate crops, grazing, rivers or dams.
- Invert the empty container over the spray or mixing tank and allow to drain for at least 30 seconds after the flow has slowed down to a drip. Thereafter rinse the container three times with a volume of water equal to a minimum of 10 % of that of the container. Add the rinsings to the contents of the spray tank before destroying the container.
- Destroy the empty container by perforation and never use for any other purpose.
- Avoid drift of spray mist to other crops, grazing, rivers, dams and areas not under treatment. Do not spray if the wind velocity exceeds 2 meters per second (7 km per hour).
- Prevent contamination of food, feedstuffs, drinking water and eating utensils.

RESISTANCE WARNING

For the purpose of resistance management, **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** is classified as a group code 6 insecticide. Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** and other group code 6 insecticides. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the insect population if these insecticides are used repeatedly. These resistant insects may not be controlled by **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** or any other group code 6 insecticides.

To delay insecticide resistance:

- Avoid exclusive repeated use of insecticides from the same insecticide group code. Alternate or tank-mix with products from different insecticide group codes.
- For tank mixing or alternation with products in other insecticide group codes, refer to applicable individual product labels.
- Integrate the control methods (chemical, cultural, biological) into insecticide control programmes.

For specific information on resistance management contact the registration holder of this product.

USE RESTRICTIONS

Do not use **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** during flowering and when bees are actively foraging, as the product can be toxic to bees.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Use only as indicated.

General

WARLOCK® 19.2 EC controls Lepidoptera larvae effectively, and is effective against Lepidoptera larvae resistant to organophosphate, pyrethroids, and insect growth regulators. The product has a translaminar action and is rapidly absorbed into the plant. Larval feeding stops after the ingestion of plants treated with **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC**, with death occurring within four days.

Note: Growing crops under shading, such as nets or plastic covers, could possibly influence the rate of decline of residues of **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC**. Contact the local ADAMA South Africa (Pty) Ltd technical advisor for more information.

Emergency registrations

Emergency registration has been granted for a number of crops, as indicated in the table listing the application rates for the particular crops and targets. Please note that when a product has been approved for the purpose of emergency registration, it is still under evaluation with regard to efficacy, selectivity and behaviour of residues in the particular crop. Environmental and human safety data have already been evaluated and approved at initial registration of the product.

Compatibility

The compatibility of **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** with other fungicides or insecticides has not been evaluated. It is advisable always to carry out a physical compatibility test prior to application when **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** is tank-mixed with other fungicides or insecticides.

Mixing instructions

Half fill the spray tank with water. Add the required volume of **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** to a small amount of water and mix thoroughly before it is added to the spray tank while agitating. When tank-mixing **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** with other products, first mix these products separately with water before adding to the spray tank. Wettable powders, water dispersible granules and suspension concentrates should be added to the spray tank first and then followed by **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC**. Fill the spray tank with water while continuously agitating. Do not allow the tank mixture to settle. Refer to the labels of the products that **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** is to be tank mixed with and adhere to the label instructions. Do not allow spray mixture to stand overnight.

Application

WARLOCK® 19.2 EC can be applied by any suitable medium or high volume applicator provided it is correctly calibrated, is fitted with an effective agitation mechanism and is able to distribute the spray material evenly over target area. Apply in 300 to 1 000 L of water per hectare, depending on plant height. The use of flat fan nozzles is recommended.

APPLICATION RATES

CROP AND TARGET	DOSAGE	REMARKS
Apples, pears Codling moth (<i>Cydia pomonella</i>)	60 ml/100 L water	<p>Apply WARLOCK® 19.2 EC as a full cover spray, ensuring thorough coverage. Calculate the spray volume to be applied per hectare according to the tree-row-volume formula described by Unrath.</p> <p>Apply at intervals of 7 to 10 days, during the second or following generations of codling moth, but apply to one codling moth generation per season only.</p> <p>Do not apply more than a total of four applications of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC per growing season. To delay the development of resistance, apply products with a different mode of action against the next codling moth generations.</p>
African bollworm (<i>Helicoverpa armigera</i>) (Emergency registration)	80–100 ml/100 L water	<p>Monitor for bollworm and start application of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC when the first signs of pest presence are observed. Repeat if necessary, applying at intervals of 7 to 10 days.</p> <p>Apply WARLOCK® 19.2 EC as a full cover spray, ensuring thorough coverage. Calculate the spray volume to be applied per hectare according to the tree-row-volume formula described by Unrath.</p> <p>Do not apply more than a total of four applications of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC per growing season. To delay the development of resistance, apply in an integrated pest management programme, alternating with products with a different mode of action.</p> <p>Emergency registration: Please refer to the comments under 'DIRECTIONS FOR USE'.</p>
Barley, wheat African bollworm (<i>Helicoverpa armigera</i>) (Emergency registration)	650 ml/ha	<p>Monitor for bollworm and start application of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC when the first signs of pest presence are observed. Repeat if necessary, applying at intervals of 7 days.</p> <p>Ensure thorough coverage of the plants, applying in at least 150 L water per hectare.</p> <p>Do not apply more than a total of two applications of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC per growing season. To delay the development of resistance, apply in an integrated pest management programme, alternating with products with a different mode of action.</p> <p>Emergency registration: Please refer to the comments under 'DIRECTIONS FOR USE'.</p>

CROP AND TARGET	DOSAGE	REMARKS
Canola African bollworm (<i>Helicoverpa armigera</i>) (Emergency registration)	650 ml/ha	<p>Monitor for bollworm and start application of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC when the first signs of pest presence are observed. Repeat if necessary, at intervals of 7 days.</p> <p>Ensure thorough coverage of the plants, applying in at least 150 L water per hectare.</p> <p>Do not apply more than a total of two applications of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC per growing season. To delay the development of resistance, apply in an integrated pest management programme, alternating with products with a different mode of action.</p> <p>Emergency registration: Please refer to the comments under 'DIRECTIONS FOR USE'.</p>
Citrus False codling moth (<i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>) African bollworm (<i>Helicoverpa armigera</i>) (Emergency registration)	80–100 ml/100 L water	<p>Monitor for false codling moth and African bollworm and start application of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC when the first signs of pest presence are observed. Repeat if necessary, applying at intervals of 7 to 10 days.</p> <p>Apply WARLOCK® 19.2 EC as a full cover spray, ensuring thorough coverage. Calculate the spray volume to be applied per hectare according to the tree-row-volume formula described by Unrath.</p> <p>Do not apply more than a total of four applications of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC per growing season. To delay the development of resistance, apply in an integrated pest management programme, alternating with products with a different mode of action.</p> <p>Emergency registration: Please refer to the comments under 'DIRECTIONS FOR USE'.</p>
Maize and sweetcorn Fall armyworm (<i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>)	625 ml/ha	<p>Apply WARLOCK® 19.2 EC as a full cover spray, ensuring thorough coverage, before larvae migrate into the maize ears.</p> <p>The application rate depends on the level of infestation and size of the larvae. Apply in an integrated pest management programme, alternating with products with a different mode of action, at intervals of 7 days. Start with control measures as soon as the pest is observed in the production region.</p> <p>Apply a maximum of two applications of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC per growing season.</p>

CROP AND TARGET	DOSAGE	REMARKS
Pomegranates False codling moth <i>(Thaumatotibia leucotreta)</i> African bollworm <i>(Helicoverpa armigera)</i> (Emergency registration)	80–100 ml/100 L water	<p>Monitor for false codling moth and African bollworm and start application of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC when the first signs of pest presence are observed. Repeat if necessary, applying at intervals of 7 to 10 days.</p> <p>Apply WARLOCK® 19.2 EC as a full cover spray, ensuring thorough coverage. Calculate the spray volume to be applied per hectare according to the tree-row-volume formula described by Unrath.</p> <p>Do not apply more than a total of three applications of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC per growing season. To delay the development of resistance, apply in an integrated pest management programme, alternating with products with a different mode of action.</p> <p>Emergency registration: Please refer to the comments under 'DIRECTIONS FOR USE'.</p>
Stone fruit False codling moth <i>(Thaumatotibia leucotreta)</i>	80–100 ml/100 L water	<p>Monitor for false codling moth and start application of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC when the first signs of pest presence are observed. Repeat if necessary, applying at intervals of 7 to 10 days.</p> <p>The application rate depends on the level of infestation and size of the larvae.</p> <p>Apply WARLOCK® 19.2 EC as a full cover spray, ensuring thorough coverage. Calculate the spray volume to be applied per hectare according to the tree-row-volume formula described by Unrath.</p> <p>Do not apply more than a total of two applications of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC per growing season in stone fruit.</p> <p>To delay the development of resistance, apply in an integrated pest management programme, alternating with products with a different mode of action.</p>

CROP AND TARGET	DOSAGE	REMARKS
Stone fruit (continued) African bollworm (<i>Helicoverpa armigera</i>) (Emergency registration)	80 ml/100 L water	<p>Monitor for bollworm and start application of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC when the first signs of pest presence are observed. Repeat if necessary, applying at intervals of 7 to 10 days.</p> <p>Apply WARLOCK® 19.2 EC as a full cover spray, ensuring thorough coverage. Calculate the spray volume to be applied per hectare according to the tree-row-volume formula described by Unrath.</p> <p>Do not apply more than a total of two applications of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC per growing season in stone fruit.</p> <p>To delay the development of resistance, apply in an integrated pest management programme, alternating with products with a different mode of action.</p> <p>Emergency registration: Please refer to the comments under 'DIRECTIONS FOR USE'.</p>
Table and wine grapes False codling moth (<i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>)	80 ml/100 L water	<p>Monitor for false codling moth and start application of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC when the first signs of pest presence are observed. Repeat if necessary, applying at intervals of 7 to 10 days.</p> <p>Apply WARLOCK® 19.2 EC as a full cover spray, ensuring thorough coverage.</p> <p>Do not apply more than a total of four applications of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC per growing season. To delay the development of resistance, apply in an integrated pest management programme, alternating with products with a different mode of action.</p>
African bollworm (<i>Helicoverpa armigera</i>) (Emergency registration)	80 ml/100 L water	<p>Monitor for bollworm and start application of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC when the first signs of pest presence are observed. Repeat if necessary, applying at intervals of 7 to 10 days.</p> <p>Apply WARLOCK® 19.2 EC as a full cover spray, ensuring thorough coverage. Calculate the spray volume to be applied per hectare according to the tree-row-volume formula described by Unrath.</p> <p>Do not apply more than a total of four applications of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC per growing season. To delay the development of resistance, apply in an integrated pest management programme, alternating with products with a different mode of action.</p> <p>Emergency registration: Please refer to the comments under 'DIRECTIONS FOR USE'.</p>

CROP AND TARGET	DOSAGE	REMARKS
Tomatoes African bollworm <i>(Helicoverpa armigera)</i> Tomato semi-looper <i>(Chrysodeixis acuta)</i>	500 ml/ha	<p>Apply when the pest is first noticed, as a full cover spray in 300 to 1 000 L of water per hectare, depending on plant height. Use WARLOCK® 19.2 EC in <u>block applications consisting of two sprays each</u>. Apply two applications 7 days apart (first block). Follow up 21 days later with two applications 7 days apart (second block). Avoid applying the second block application of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC within 21 days of the first block application. Treat re-infestation that occurs within 21 days of the second block application of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC with insecticides from a non-related chemistry group.</p> <p>Apply a maximum of four applications of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC during the growing season.</p>
Tomato leafminer <i>(Tuta absoluta)</i>	625–750 ml/ha	<p>Apply WARLOCK® 19.2 EC at the first signs of the pest (larvae) or pest damage, as a full cover spray in 300 to 1 000 L of water per hectare, depending on plant height.</p> <p>The application rate depends on the level of infestation and size of the larvae.</p> <p>Apply as <u>block applications</u> consisting of <u>two sprays each</u>: two applications 7 days apart (first block), followed 21 days later with another two applications 7 days apart (second block). If re-infestation occurs during the 21-day interval between the two blocks of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC apply suitable insecticides from a non-related chemistry group.</p> <p>WARLOCK® 19.2 EC should be used as part of an integrated strategy for the control of tomato leafminer.</p> <p>Apply a maximum of four applications of WARLOCK® 19.2 EC during the growing season.</p>

WAARSKUWINGS

Onthoudingsperiodes (minimum aantal dae tussen laaste toediening en oes of weiding):

Appels, perde	14 dae
Gars	14 dae
Granate	14 dae
Kanola	14 dae
Koring	14 dae
Mielie, soetmielies	14 dae
Sitrus	14 dae
Steenvrugte	7 dae
Tafel- en wyndruwe	7 dae
Tamaties	1 dag

Uitvoergewasse: Die plaaslike maksimum residuvlakke (MRV's) sal nie oorskry word nie indien **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** volgens etiketaanbevelings gebruik word. ADAMA South Africa (Pty) Ltd kan egter nie verantwoordelik gehou word indien uitvoer-MRV's oorskry sou word nie. Skakel die plaaslike uitvoerorganisasies rakende tyd van toediening, onthoudingsperiodes en spesifieke toleransievereistes van lande waarheen produkte uitgevoer gaan word.

Let op: Verbouing van gewasse onder bedekking, soos nette of plastiekbedekkings, kan moontlik die tempo van afbreek van residue van **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** beïnvloed. Kontak die plaaslike ADAMA South Africa (Pty) Ltd tegniese adviseur vir meer inligting.

- Hanteer versigtig.
- Skadelik indien ingesluk.
- Uiters irriterend vir oë.
- Skadelik vir diere en giftig vir visse en ongewerwelde waterdiere.
- Skadelik vir voëls.
- Giftig vir bye.
- Berg in 'n koel, droë plek weg van lig, voedsel en voer.
- Hou buite bereik van kinders, oningesigte persone en diere.
- **Hertoegang:** Moet nie die behandelde gebied binnegaan voor die sputstof droog is nie.

Alhoewel hierdie middel omvattend onder 'n groot verskeidenheid toestande getoets is, waarborg die registrasiehouer nie dat dit onder alle toestande doeltreffend sal wees nie. Die werking en doeltreffendheid daarvan kan beïnvloed word deur faktore soos abnormale klimaats-, grond-, en bergingstoestande, kwaliteit van die verdunningswater, verenigbaarheid met ander stowwe wat nie op die etiket aangedui word nie en die voorkoms van weerstand van die insekte teen die betrokke middel, asook die tyd en akkuraatheid van toediening. Verder aanvaar die registrasiehouer nie verantwoordelikheid vir skade aan gewasse, plantegroei en die omgewing of nadelige invloede op mens of dier of vir 'n gebrek aan prestasie van die betrokke middel as gevolg van versuim van die gebruiker om etiketaanwysings na te kom, of as gevolg van die ontstaan van toestande wat nie kragtens die registrasie voorsien kon word nie. Raadpleeg die verskaffer in die geval van enige onsekerheid.

VOORSORGMAATREËLS

- Dra handskoene, skoene en 'n gesigskerm as konsentraat hanteer word.
- Moet nie dampe of die sproeinewel inasem nie.
- Vermy kontak met vel en oë. In geval van oogkontak spoel dadelik vir minstens 15 minute met lopende water.
- Was besoedelde klere daagliks.
- Was met seep en water na gebruik of per abuise velkontak.
- Moet nie eet, drink of rook terwyl vermeng of toegedien word of voor hande en gesig gewas is nie.
- Moet nie toedien wanneer bye aktief is nie.
- Maak sputapparaat skoon na gebruik en gooi waswater weg waar dit nie gewasse, weiding, riviere of damme sal besoedel nie.
- Keer die leëhouer om oor die sput- of mengtenk en laat dit dreineer vir ten minste 30 sekondes nadat die vloeistof tot 'n gedrup verander het. Spoel die leëhouer daarna drie keer uit met 'n volume water gelykstaande aan minstens 10 % van die volume van die houer. Gooi die spoelwater in die meng- of sputtenk voor die leëhouer vernietig word.
- Vernietig die leëhouer deur gate daarin te maak en moet dit vir geen ander doel gebruik nie.
- Verhoed dat die sputnewel wegdryf oor ander gewasse, weiding, riviere, damme en gebiede wat nie behandel moet word nie. Moet nie toedien nie wanneer die windspoed 2 meter per sekonde (7 km per uur) oorskry nie.
- Verhoed besoedeling van voedsel, voer, drinkwater en eetgerei.

WEERSTANDSWAARSKUWING

Vir die doel van weerstandsbestuur is **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** as 'n groepkode 6 insekdoder geklassifiseer. Enige insekpopulasie mag individue bevat wat 'n natuurlike weerstand teen **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** en ander groepkode 6 insekdoders het. Die weerstandbiedende individue kan uiteindelik die insekpopulasie domineer as hierdie insekdoders herhaaldelik gebruik word. Hierdie weerstandbiedende insekte mag dalk nie deur **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** of ander groepkode 6 insekdoders beheer word nie.

Om insekdoderweerstand te vertraag:

- Vermy die uitsluitlike herhaalde gebruik van insekdoders van dieselfde insekdodergroepkode. Wissel af, of gebruik in tenkmengsels met middels van ander groepkodes.
- Indien van tenkmengsels gebruik gemaak word of met ander produkte afgewissel word, moet na die etikette van die ander individuele produkte verwys word.
- Integreer beheermetodes (chemies, bewerking, biologies) in insekdoderbeheerprogramme.

Vir meer spesifieke inligting rakende weerstandsbestuur, skakel die registrasiehouer van hierdie produk.

GEBRUIKSBEPERKINGS

Moenie **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** gebruik tydens blom en wanneer bye aktief voed nie, aangesien die produk toksies kan wees vir bye.

GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS

Gebruik alleenlik soos voorgeskryf.

Algemeen

WARLOCK® 19.2 EC beheer Lepidoptera-larwes doeltreffend. Dit is ook effektief teen Lepidoptera-larwes wat weerstandbiedend is teen organofosfate, piretroïdes en insekgroeireguleerders. Dit het 'n translaminêre werking en word vinnig in die plant geabsorbeer. Die larwes hou op vreet na die inname van plantmateriaal wat met **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** behandel is en vrek daarna binne vier dae.

Let op: Verbouing van gewasse onder bedekking, soos nette of plastiekbedekkings, kan moontlik die tempo van afbreek van residuie van **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** beïnvloed. Kontak die plaaslike ADAMA South Africa (Pty) Ltd tegniese adviseur vir meer inligting.

Noodregistrasies

Noodregistrasies is toegeken vir 'n aantal gewasse, soos aangedui in die tabel wat die toedieningshoeveelhede vir elke gewas en teiken bevat. Let daarop dat wanneer die gebruik van 'n produk vir die doel van noodregistrasie goedgekeur is, dit steeds geëvalueer word vir effektiwiteit, selektiwiteit, en die gedrag van residuie in die spesifieke gewas. Omgewings- en menslike veiligheidsdata is reeds geëvalueer en goedgekeur tydens die aanvanklike registrasie van die produk.

Verenigbaarheid

WARLOCK® 19.2 EC se verenigbaarheid met ander swam- en insekdoders is nie geëvalueer nie. Dit word aanbeveel dat 'n fisiese verenigbaarheidstoets eers voor toediening gedoen moet word, voordat tenkmengsels met ander swam- en insekdoders gemaak word.

Vermenging

Maak die sputtenk half vol met water. Voeg die benodigde hoeveelheid **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** by 'n klein hoeveelheid water, vermeng deeglik en gooi in die tenk terwyl geroer word. Indien **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** met ander middels in 'n tenkmengsel gebruik gaan word, vermeng hierdie middels eers apart met 'n klein hoeveelheid water voor dit in die tenk gevoeg word. Benatbare poeiers, water dispergeerbare korrels en suspensiekonsentrate moet eerste in die sputtenk gevoeg word en daarna gevvolg word met **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC**. Vul die sputtenk met water terwyl voortdurend geroer word. Moet nie die tenkmengsel toelaat om uit te sak nie. Verwys na die etikette van middels waarmee **WARLOCK® 19.2 EC** gemeng gaan word en kom die etiketvereistes na. Moet nie die sputtmengsel oornag laat staan nie.

Toediening

WARLOCK® 19.2 EC kan met enige gesikte medium- of hoëvolume sputtapparaat toegedien word, mits dit korrek gekalibreer is, dit oor 'n doeltreffende roermeganisme beskik en in staat is om die sputtmengsel eweredig oor die teikenoppervlak te versprei. Dien toe in 300 tot 1 000 L water per hektaar, afhangende van die planthoogte. Platwaaierspuitpunte word aanbeveel.

TOEDIENINGSHOEVEELHEDE

GEWAS EN TEIKEN	DOSIS	OPMERKINGS
Appels, perde Kodlingmot (<i>Cydia pomonella</i>)	60 ml/100 L water	<p>Dien WARLOCK® 19.2 EC as 'n voldek-bespuiting toe en verseker deeglike bedekking. Bereken die sputvolume wat per hektaar toegedien moet word volgens die boom-ry-volume-metode van Unrath.</p> <p>Dien teen intervalle van 7 tot 10 dae toe, tydens die tweede of volgende generasies van kodlingmot, maar dien teen slegs een kodlingmotgenerasie per seisoen toe.</p> <p>Moet nie meer as vier toedienings van WARLOCK® 19.2 EC in totaal per groeiseisoen toedien nie. Om die ontwikkeling van weerstand te vertraag, moet produkte met 'n ander meganisme van werking teen die volgende kodlingmot-generasies gebruik word.</p>
Afrika-bolwurm (<i>Helicoverpa armigera</i>) (Noodregistrasie)	80–100 ml/100 L water	<p>Monitor vir bolwurm en begin WARLOCK® 19.2 EC toedien sodra die eerste tekens van teenwoordigheid van die plaag opgemerk word. Herhaal toediening indien nodig, teen intervalle van 7 tot 10 dae.</p> <p>Dien WARLOCK® 19.2 EC as 'n voldek-bespuiting toe en verseker deeglike bedekking. Bereken die sputvolume wat per hektaar toegedien moet word volgens die boom-ry-volume-metode van Unrath.</p> <p>Moet nie meer as vier toedienings van WARLOCK® 19.2 EC in totaal per groeiseisoen toedien nie. Om die ontwikkeling van weerstand te vertraag, dien toe in 'n geïntegreerde plaagbestuurprogram en wissel af met produkte wat 'n ander meganisme van werking het.</p> <p>Noodregistrasie: Verwys asseblief terug na die kommentaar onder 'GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS'.</p>
Gars en koring Afrika-bolwurm (<i>Helicoverpa armigera</i>) (Noodregistrasie)	650 ml/ha	<p>Monitor vir bolwurm en begin WARLOCK® 19.2 EC toedien sodra die eerste tekens van teenwoordigheid van die plaag opgemerk word. Herhaal toedienings indien nodig, teen intervalle van 7 dae.</p> <p>Verseker deeglike bedekking van die plant, deur in minstens 150 L water per hektaar toe te dien.</p> <p>Moet nie meer as twee toedienings van WARLOCK® 19.2 EC in totaal per groeiseisoen toedien nie. Om die ontwikkeling van weerstand te vertraag, dien toe in 'n geïntegreerde plaagbestuurprogram en wissel af met produkte wat 'n ander meganisme van werking het.</p> <p>Noodregistrasie: Verwys asseblief terug na die kommentaar onder 'GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS'.</p>

GEWAS EN TEIKEN	DOSIS	OPMERKINGS
Granate Valskodlingmot (<i>Thaumatomibia leucotreta</i>) Afrika-bolwurm (<i>Helicoverpa armigera</i>) (Noodregistrasie)	80–100 ml/100 L water	<p>Monitor vir valskodlingmot en Afrika-bolwurm en begin WARLOCK® 19.2 EC toedien sodra die eerste tekens van die teenwoordigheid van die plaag opgemerk word. Herhaal toedienings indien nodig, teen intervalle van 7 tot 10 dae.</p> <p>Dien WARLOCK® 19.2 EC as 'n voldek-bespuiting toe en verseker deeglike bedekking. Bereken die spuitvolume wat per hektaar toegedien moet word volgens die boom-ry-volume-metode van Unrath.</p> <p>Moet nie meer as drie toedienings van WARLOCK® 19.2 EC in totaal per groeiseisoen toedien nie. Om die ontwikkeling van weerstand te vertraag, dien toe in 'n geïntegreerde plaagbestuurprogram en wissel af met produkte wat 'n ander meganisme van werking het.</p> <p>Noodregistrasie: Verwys asseblief terug na die kommentaar onder 'GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS'.</p>
Kanola Afrika-bolwurm (<i>Helicoverpa armigera</i>) (Noodregistrasie)	650 ml/ha	<p>Monitor vir bolwurm en begin WARLOCK® 19.2 EC toedien sodra die eerste tekens van die teenwoordigheid van die plaag opgemerk word. Herhaal toedienings indien nodig, teen intervalle van 7 dae.</p> <p>Verseker deeglike bedekking van die plant, deur in minstens 150 L water per hektaar toe te dien.</p> <p>Moet nie meer as twee toedienings van WARLOCK® 19.2 EC in totaal per groeiseisoen toedien nie. Om die ontwikkeling van weerstand te vertraag, dien toe in 'n geïntegreerde plaagbestuurprogram en wissel af met produkte wat 'n ander meganisme van werking het.</p> <p>Noodregistrasie: Verwys asseblief terug na die kommentaar onder 'GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS'.</p>
Mielies en soetmielies Herfs-kommandowurm (<i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>)	625 ml/ha	<p>Dien WARLOCK® 19.2 EC as 'n voldek-bespuiting toe om voldoende bedekking te verseker, voordat larwes in die mieliekoppe begin inbeweeg.</p> <p>Die toedieningsdosis word bepaal deur die vlak van infestasie. Dien toe in 'n geïntegreerde plaagbestuurprogram en wissel af met produkte wat 'n ander meganisme van werking het, teen intervalle van 7 dae. Begin met die toepassing van beheermaatreëls wanneer die plaag in die produksiestreek opgemerk word.</p> <p>Dien 'n maksimum van twee toedienings van WARLOCK® 19.2 EC tydens die groeiseisoen van die gewas toe.</p>

GEWAS EN TEIKEN	DOSIS	OPMERKINGS
Sitrus Valskodlingmot (<i>Thaumatomibia leucotreta</i>) Afrika-bolwurm (<i>Helicoverpa armigera</i>) (Noodregistrasie)	80–100 ml/100 L water	<p>Monitor vir valskodlingmot en Afrika-bolwurm en begin WARLOCK® 19.2 EC toedien sodra die eerste tekens van die teenwoordigheid van die plaag opgemerk word. Herhaal toediening indien nodig, teen intervalle van 7 tot 10 dae.</p> <p>Dien WARLOCK® 19.2 EC as 'n voldek-bespuiting toe en verseker deeglike bedekking. Bereken die spuitvolume wat per hektaar toegedien moet word volgens die boom-ry-volume-metode van Unrath.</p> <p>Moet nie meer as vier toedienings van WARLOCK® 19.2 EC in totaal per groeiseisoen toedien nie. Om die ontwikkeling van weerstand te vertraag, dien toe in 'n geïntegreerde plaagbestuurprogram en wissel af met produkte wat 'n ander meganisme van werking het.</p> <p>Noodregistrasie: Verwys asseblief terug na die kommentaar onder 'GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS'.</p>
Steenvrugte Valskodlingmot (<i>Thaumatomibia leucotreta</i>)	80–100 ml/100 L water	<p>Monitor vir valskodlingmot en begin WARLOCK® 19.2 EC toedien sodra die eerste tekens van die teenwoordigheid van die plaag opgemerk word. Herhaal toedienings indien nodig, teen intervalle van 7 tot 10 dae.</p> <p>Die toedieningsdosis word bepaal deur die vlak van infestasie en die grootte van die larwes.</p> <p>Dien WARLOCK® 19.2 EC as 'n voldek-bespuiting toe en verseker deeglike bedekking. Bereken die spuitvolume wat per hektaar toegedien moet word volgens die boom-ry-volume-metode van Unrath.</p> <p>Moet nie meer as twee bespuittings van WARLOCK® 19.2 EC in totaal per groeiseisoen op steenvrugte toedien nie.</p> <p>Om die ontwikkeling van weerstand te vertraag, dien toe in 'n geïntegreerde plaagbestuurprogram en wissel af met produkte wat 'n ander meganisme van werking het.</p>

GEWAS EN TEIKEN	DOSIS	OPMERKINGS
Steenvrugte (verv.) Afrika-bolwurm (<i>Helicoverpa armigera</i>) (Noodregistrasie)	80 ml/100 L water	<p>Monitor vir bolwurm en begin WARLOCK® 19.2 EC toedien sodra die eerste tekens van die teenwoordigheid van die plaag opgemerk word. Herhaal toedienings indien nodig, teen intervalle van 7 tot 10 dae.</p> <p>Dien WARLOCK® 19.2 EC as 'n voldek-bespuiting toe en verseker deeglike bedekking. Bereken die spuitvolume wat per hektaar toegedien moet word volgens die boom-ry-volume-metode van Unrath.</p> <p>Moet nie meer as twee bespuitings van WARLOCK® 19.2 EC in totaal per groeiseisoen op steenvrugte toedien nie.</p> <p>Om die ontwikkeling van weerstand te vertraag, dien toe in 'n geïntegreerde plaagbestuurprogram en wissel af met produkte wat 'n ander meganisme van werking het.</p> <p>Noodregistrasie: Verwys asseblief terug na die kommentaar onder 'GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS'.</p>
Tafel- en wyndruwe Valkoddingmot (<i>Thaumatomibia leucotreta</i>)	80 ml/100 L water	<p>Monitor vir valskoddingmot en begin WARLOCK® 19.2 EC toedien sodra die eerste tekens van die teenwoordigheid van die plaag opgemerk word. Herhaal toedienings indien nodig, teen intervalle van 7 tot 10 dae.</p> <p>Dien WARLOCK® 19.2 EC as 'n voldek-bespuiting toe en verseker deeglike bedekking.</p> <p>Moet nie meer as vier toedienings van WARLOCK® 19.2 EC in totaal per groeiseisoen toedien nie. Om die ontwikkeling van weerstand te vertraag, dien toe in 'n geïntegreerde plaagbestuurprogram en wissel af met produkte wat 'n ander meganisme van werking het.</p>
Afrika-bolwurm (<i>Helicoverpa armigera</i>) (Noodregistrasie)	80 ml/100 L water	<p>Monitor vir bolwurm en begin WARLOCK® 19.2 EC toedien sodra die eerste tekens van die plaag se teenwoordigheid opgemerk word. Herhaal toedienings indien nodig, teen intervalle van 7 tot 10 dae.</p> <p>Dien WARLOCK® 19.2 EC as 'n voldek-bespuiting toe en verseker deeglike bedekking.</p> <p>Moet nie meer as vier toedienings van WARLOCK® 19.2 EC in totaal per groeiseisoen toedien nie. Om die ontwikkeling van weerstand te voorkom, dien toe in 'n geïntegreerde plaagbestuurprogram en wissel af met produkte wat 'n ander meganisme van werking het.</p> <p>Noodregistrasie: Verwys asseblief terug na die kommentaar onder 'GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS'.</p>

GEWAS EN TEIKEN	DOSIS	OPMERKINGS
Tamaties Afrika-bolwurm <i>(Helicoverpa armigera)</i> Tamatievalslandmeter <i>(Chrysodeixis acuta)</i>	500 ml/ha	<p>Dien toe sodra plaag opgemerk word, as 'n voldekbespuiting in 300 tot 1 000 L water per hektaar, afhangend van die planthoogte. Gebruik WARLOCK® 19.2 EC in <u>bloktoedienings wat uit twee bespuitings elk bestaan</u>. Dien die twee toedienings van die eerste blok 7 dae uitmekaar toe. Volg 21 dae later op met twee toedienings van die tweede blok 7 dae uitmekaar. Moet nie die tweede bloktoediening van WARLOCK® 19.2 EC binne 21 dae van die eerste bloktoediening toedien nie. Indien herbesmetting binne 21 dae van die tweede bloktoediening van WARLOCK® 19.2 EC voorkom, moet dit behandel word met 'n insekdoder van 'n nie-verwante chemiese groep.</p> <p>Dien 'n maksimum van vier toedienings WARLOCK® 19.2 EC gedurende die groeiseisoen toe.</p>
Tamatie-blaarmynner <i>(Tuta absoluta)</i>	625–750 ml/ha	<p>Dien WARLOCK® 19.2 EC toe sodra die eerste tekens van die plaag(larwes) of plaagskade waargeneem word. Dien as 'n voldekbespuiting in 300 tot 1 000 L water per hektaar toe, afhangend van die planthoogte.</p> <p>Die toedieningsdosis word bepaal deur die vlak van infestasie en die grootte van die larwes.</p> <p>Gebruik WARLOCK® 19.2 EC in <u>bloktoedienings wat uit twee bespuitings elk bestaan</u>. Dien die twee toedienings van die eerste blok 7 dae uitmekaar toe. Volg 21 dae later op met twee toedienings van die tweede blok 7 dae uitmekaar. Indien herbesmetting binne 21 dae na die eerste bloktoediening van WARLOCK® 19.2 EC voorkom, moet dit behandel word met 'n insekdoder van 'n nie-verwante chemiese groep.</p> <p>WARLOCK® 19.2 EC moet gebruik word as deel van 'n geïntegreerde plaagbestuur-program vir die beheer van tamatie-blaarmynner beheer.</p> <p>Dien 'n maksimum van vier toedienings WARLOCK® 19.2 EC gedurende die groeiseisoen toe.</p>