

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ardent 50 SC

Revision Date 17-Aug-2023 Version 2.0

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# Section 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### **Product identifier**

# Ardent 50 SC

Synonyms Kresoxim-methyl 500 SC

Pure substance/mixture Mixture Formula SC

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use Fungicide

**Uses advised against** Do not use for any other purpose than described on the label

#### Details of the supplier of the substance or mixture and of the safety data sheet

Supplier's name and address ADAMA SOUTH AFRICA (PTY) LTD

Ground Floor, Simeka House The Vineyards Office Estate 99 Jip De Jager Drive Bellville 7530, South Africa

+ 27 21 982 1460

#### For further information please contact

Email address SDS@ADAMA.COM

**Emergency telephone numbers** 

+ 27 82 446 8946 (Griffon Poison Information Centre) + 27 86 155 5777 (Tygerberg Poison Information Centre)

+27(0)86 100 0366; (SPILL TECH®)

+27 (0)83 253 6618

#### Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Classification of the liquid mixture

Carcinogenicity Category 2 (H351)
Acute aquatic hazard Category 1 (H400)
Chronic aquatic hazard Category 1 (H410)

Signal word DANGER

**Hazard statement** H351 – Suspected of causing cancer.

H410 – Very toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.







#### Other hazards

#### **Precautionary statements**

P203 – Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.

P405 - Store locked up.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P270 – Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.

P280 – Wear protective gloves/face protection/eye protection/protective clothing.

P264 – Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling.

P318 – If exposed or concerned, get medical advice.

P273 – Avoid release to the environment apart from the intended use.

P391 - Collect spillage.

P501 – Dispose of contents and/or container to an approved waste disposal plant.

# Section 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Mixture (liquid)

Chemical name	Weight%	CAS Number	EC Number	GHS classification	M-Factor
Kresoxim-methyl	43 – 46	143390-89-0	604-351-6	Carcinogenicity 2 (H351) Aquatic acute 1 (H400) Aquatic chronic 1 (H410)	10
Water	41 – 48	7732-18-5	231-791-2	Not classified	
Other ingredients	9 – 13	_	_	Not relevant for classification	

## **Section 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice If exposed or concerned, get medical advice. If possible, show the label (directions for

use) or this SDS.

**Ingestion** Most important acute symptoms/effects: none known.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth well with clean water.

Inhalation Most important acute symptoms/effects: irritation, coughing may occur.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

**Skin contact** Most important acute symptoms/effects: none known.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with soapy water.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

**Eye contact** Most important acute symptoms/effects: eye irritation may occur.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, get medical help.

Most important delayed symptoms/effects after exposure

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause damage to organs such as the liver,

including liver cancer.

Indication of immediate medical attention

If skin irritation occurs, or if eye irritation persists, or if a burning sensation in the upper airways persists, get medical help. Get medical help if you feel unwell. Treat symptomatically. Pre-existing conditions may be aggravated, such as eye, skin, or

respiratory disorders.

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Protection of first responders

Avoid contact with the mixture.

Wear gloves and a mask to prevent transmission of pathogens.

#### **Section 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Appropriate/suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, foam, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) or dry powder may be used but select

extinguishing media that is appropriate for local circumstances and the surroundings.

Inappropriate extinguishing media

Water jet. Do not scatter spilled material with high pressure water streams.

Nature of hazardous combustion products

Suffocating, irritating and toxic fumes of carbon oxides (CO and CO<sub>2</sub>), oxides of

nitrogen, and other unknown hazardous substances may form.

Other hazards arising from the mixture

None known. There is no sensitivity to mechanical impact or to static discharge for

this mixture, and no direct explosion hazard.

Special protective equipment

Avoid breathing vapours and combustion by-products. Use self-contained breathing apparatus and complete protective clothing. Do not attempt to act without suitable

protective equipment.

Precautions and/or protective actions

Move containers from the fire area if it can be done without risk.

Avoid contact with oxidising agents.

Use water spray to cool down closed containers, but only after considering other

material in the vicinity that may pose a hazard.

Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.

Take precautions to prevent extinguishing media contaminating surface water or

ground water.

#### Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Distinguish between large or small spills or releases.

Personal precautions Avoid skin and eye contact with spilled material. Do not inhale spray or mist.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes. Do not eat, drink, or smoke during clean-up operations.

**Protective equipment** Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/face protection/eye protection.

Emergency actions and procedures

Stop leaks if it can be done without risk. Remove all non-essential persons from the spill area. No other special emergency actions or procedures are required.

**Environmental precautions** The product is for terrestrial use only and not intended for aquatic applications.

Do not apply directly to areas where surface water is present, or to aquatic habitats, estuaries, or marine habitats. Do not mix and load within 15 m of boreholes, streams, rivers or dams. Prevent spray drift onto other crops, grazing, rivers, dams

or areas not under treatment.

Avoid contamination of food, feedstuffs, drinking water and eating utensils. Do not contaminate surface or ground water when disposing of rinsate or water

used to wash equipment.

Report a large release to the appropriate authorities.

Methods and materials for containment/cleaning up

Move intact containers from the spill area. The product is a water dispersible liquid.

The spill area may be slippery when wet.

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<u>Small spills:</u> Dilute with water, if necessary, then mop up and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Rinse the spill area with soapy water and mop up.

<u>Large spills:</u> Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements, or confined areas by diking, if possible. Contain the spillage, collect and transfer it to suitable containers for salvage or disposal. Alternatively, avoid spreading by using a suitable sorbent (dry sand, sawdust, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite, or universal sorbent) and scoop into containers for disposal. Flush the area with water if appropriate.

Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, face and eye protection, such as nitrile

rubber gloves, face shield, a face mask and long-sleeved clothing.

Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.

Do not breath mist or spray.

Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Conditions for safe storage Store locked up.

Store in the original container in a cool, dry and well-ventilated area. Keep containers tightly closed and out of direct sunlight. Protect them

from sources of heat and open flames.

Store separately from any food, feed, or drinks. Keep out of reach of children and uninformed persons.

Any incompatibilities Avoid excessive heat. Avoid contact with strong bases, acids, or oxidising agents.

**Risk Management Methods** 

(RMM)

The information required is contained in this Safety Data Sheet.

#### Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**National occupational**Studies indicate that agricultural operators are at low risk of exposure to kresoxim-methyl during mixing and loading. Actual exposures are much less than the

Acceptable Operator Exposure Level (AOEL) of 0.9 mg/kg bodyweight per day.

**Biological limit values** The acceptable daily intake (ADI) of kresoxim-methyl is 0 to 0.4 mg/kg bodyweight

per day. It is considered unnecessary to set an acute reference dose (RfD).

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Safety showers and eye

wash stations should be provided.

**Respiratory protection** Wear a face mask.

**Eye protection** Wear a face shield or safety glasses. When chemical dust is present, protect the

eyes with tight sealing safety goggles (EN 166).

**Hand protection** Wear suitable chemical resistant gloves (EN 374) made from nitrile rubber (0.4 mm),

chloroprene rubber (0.5 mm) or butyl rubber (0.7 mm).

**Body protection** Wear a water repellent woven overall (65% polyester and 35% cotton) with long

sleeves. Wear protective boots (EB13832).

**General hygiene** Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.

Wash hands and face after handling.

Wash clothes before reuse.

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**Environmental protection** 

Do not contaminate surface or ground water when disposing of rinsate or water used to wash equipment.













## **Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Property Value Method Remark

Physical state liquid suspension

Clarity not applicable a suspension

Colouroff-whiteOdourodourlessOdour thresholdnot determined

Melting point/freezing point

Boiling point (or initial point and range)

Flammability (gases, liquids, solids) not flammable aqueous suspension

Lower and upper explosion limits

Lower and upper flammability limits

Flash point

Autoignition temperature
Decomposition temperature

pH, neat

pH, aqueous dilution 6 to 9

**Dissociation in water, pKa** kresoxim-methyl does not dissociate

Kinematic viscosity (of liquids) in mm<sup>2</sup>/s

Solubility in water disperses in water

Solubility in a specified non-polar solventnot miscible with non-polar solventsPartition coefficient (n-octanol/water) $\log Pow = 3.40$  at 25 °C (a.i.)Vapour pressure $2.3 \times 10^{-6}$  Pa at 20 °C (a.i.)

**Density and/or relative density** approximately 1.1 to 1.3

Bulk density, g/ml not applicable not a solid

Relative vapour density Particle characteristics

Evaporation rate Surface tension

Note: blank cells indicate that no information is available or was provided.

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# **Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Chemical stability** Stable when handled and stored under normal conditions.

**Reactivity** Non-corrosive to metals. No other data available.

Safety significance of any change in physical appearance

The mixture is not expected to change in physical appearance over time, except

for non-hazardous and reversible settling.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No known hazardous reactions and no polymerisation under normal handling

conditions.

**Conditions to avoid** Keep out of direct sunlight, away from excessive heat and flames.

Pressure, shock, static discharge, and vibrations have no known effect.

**Incompatible materials** Avoid strong bases, acids, and oxidising agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

The mixture is not expected to produce hazardous decomposition products when

used and stored properly.

# Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological effect	Ardent 50 SC (mixture)	Kresoxim-methyl (active ingredient)	
Acute oral toxicity	LD <sub>50</sub> (rat) > 5 000 mg/kg	LD <sub>50</sub> (rat) > 5 000 mg/kg	
Acute dermal toxicity	LD <sub>50</sub> (rat) > 2 000 mg/kg	LD <sub>50</sub> (rat) > 2 000 mg/kg	
Acute inhalation toxicity		LC <sub>50</sub> (rat, 4 hours) > 5.6 mg/ℓ	
Skin corrosion/irritation		not a skin irritant	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation		not an eye irritant	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation		not a skin sensitiser (guinea pig)	
Germ cell mutagenicity		not mutagenic or genotoxic	
Carcinogenicity		suspected of causing cancer	
Reproductive toxicity		not a reproductive toxicant	
STOT, single exposure			
STOT, repeated exposure			
Aspiration hazard		not classified	

Note: blank cells indicate that no information is available or was provided

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# Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological effect	Ardent 50 SC (mixture)	Kresoxim-methyl (active ingredient)
Acute aquatic toxicity: fish		Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) 96-hour LC <sub>50</sub> 0.199 mg/ℓ
crustacea		<i>Daphnia magna</i> (water flea) 96-hour EC₅o 0.186 mg/ℓ
algae		Ankistrodesmus bibrianus 72-hour E₀C₅0 0.063 mg/ℓ
Chronic aquatic toxicity: fish		Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) 28-day NOEC 0.013 mg/ℓ
crustacea		<i>Daphnia magna</i> (water flea) 28-day NOEC 0.032 mg/ℓ
algae		
Acute terrestrial toxicity: birds		mallard duck oral LD <sub>50</sub> > 5 000 mg/kg bobwhite quail oral LD <sub>50</sub> > 2 000 mg/kg
honeybees		acute oral LD <sub>50</sub> > 100 $\mu$ g/bee acute contact LD <sub>50</sub> > 100 $\mu$ g/bee
earthworm		Eisenia foetida LC <sub>50</sub> > 937 mg/kg dry soil
soil		DT <sub>50</sub> < 5 days
water		rapidly hydrolysed
biodegradation		not readily
Bioaccumulative potential: Partition coefficient		log P <sub>OW</sub> = 3.40 at 25 °C
Bioconcentration factor, BCF		220 (whole fish), 430 (viscera), 52 (fillet)
Mobility in soil		medium mobility ( $K_{foc} = 219 - 372 \text{ ml/g}$ )
Other adverse effects		

Note: blank cells indicate that no information is available or was provided

The components of this mixture do not meet the criteria for classification

# **Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Dispose of waste residues responsibly as hazardous chemical waste through a licensed waste removal company.

Waste from unused product or residues must be classified, labelled, handled, and treated in accordance with the regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Refer to the manufacturer or supplier for information on recovery or recycling, for options on reclamation, and on disposal of unused material.

During incineration, hazardous gases (oxides of carbon and nitrogen) may be produced.

Avoid release of waste into the environment.

PBT and vPvB assessment

Dispose of the container by rinsing it properly. Do not re-use. Destroy it mechanically and dispose of to an approved recycling facility.

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#### **Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

IMDG/IMO UN number (see Note below) 3082

UN proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

(kresoxim-methyl)

Transport hazard class 9
UN packing group number III
Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for users EmS F-A S-F

RID/ADR UN number (see Note below) 3082

UN proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

(kresoxim-methyl)

Transport hazard class 9
UN packing group number III
Environmental hazard Yes

Special precautions for users EmS F-A S-F

ICAO/IATA UN number (see Note below) 3082

UN proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

(kresoxim-methyl)

Transport hazard class 9
UN packing group number III
Environmental hazard Yes

Special precautions for users EmS F-A S-F

MARPOL 73/758 Annex II, and the IBC Code: Transport in bulk

Not applicable





Note: UN 3077 and UN 3082 – These products may be transported as non-dangerous goods under the special provisions of IMDG Code 2.10.2.7, ADR SP375 and ICAO/IATA A197 when packed in single or inner packaging of up to 5 litres for liquids, or 5 kg and less for solids

#### **Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Relevant safety regulations Regulations for Hazardous Chemical Agents 2021, Department of

Employment and Labour (March 2021).

Relevant health regulations Occupational Health and Safety Act, Act 85 of 1993, Department of

Employment and Labour.

Relevant environmental regulations Guidelines on the administration of incidents, as described in section 30 of

the National Environmental Management Act, Act 107 of 1998 (NEMA),

Department of Environmental Affairs (2019).

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Waste Classification and Management Regulations 2013, National Environmental Management Waste Act, Act 59 of 2008, Department of

Water and Environmental Affairs.

Relevant transport regulations The National Road Traffic Act 93 of 1996, Department of Transport.

SANS 10228: The identification and classification of dangerous goods for

transport by road and rail modes (2012).

Other relevant regulations Regulations to Domesticate the Requirements of the Rotterdam Convention

on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure for Certain Hazardous Chemicals

and Pesticides in International Trade, 2023, Department of Forestry,

Fisheries and the Environment (February 2023).

**Subject to the Montreal Protocol** No Subject to the Stockholm Convention Nο Subject to the Rotterdam Convention Nο Subject to any prohibitions Nο Subject to any restrictions Nο

#### Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION

#### **Revision notes**

This is a complete revision of Version 1 of the SDS dated 27 November 2019 to reflect the altered composition of Ardent 50 SC (other formulants).

#### Full text of hazard statements referred to in Sections 2 and 3

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects

#### Abbreviations used

ADI means acceptable daily intake.

ADR means Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

a.i. means active ingredient

AOEL means Acceptable Operator Exposure Level.

CAS Number means Chemical Abstract Service number.

EC Number means European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances (EINECS) or European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) number.

EC<sub>50</sub> means the concentration at which 50% of the test organisms are affected.

GHS means Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

ICAO means International Civil Aviation Organisation

IATA means International Air Transport Association.

IMDG means International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IMO means International Maritime Organisation.

LC<sub>50</sub> means the lethal concentration to 50% of a test population (the median lethal concentration).

LD<sub>50</sub> means the lethal dose to 50% of a test population (the median lethal dose).

NEMA means National Environmental Management Act.

NOEC means no observed effect concentration.

PBT means persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic

PEL means permissible exposure limit.

RE means repeated exposure.

RID means Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

SE means single exposure.

SDS means safety data sheet.

STOT means specific target organ toxicity.

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TWA means time-weighted average.
UN means United Nations.
vPvB means very persistent and very bioaccumulative
WG means water dispersible granules.

Reviser's code: KQ-kn-1147

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief
at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use,
processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality
specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such
material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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