

PYRINEX® 48 EC
(MAPP 13534)

**An emulsifiable concentrate formulation containing 480 g/l (43.7 % w/w) chlorpyrifos.
Also contains xylene.**

An insecticide for the control of a wide range of insect pests in a range of crops.

Batch No.: see packaging

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USE.

5 litres e

PROTECT FROM FROST

The (COSHH) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations may apply to the use of this product at work.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL/HORTICULTURAL INSECTICIDE

Crops	Maximum individual dose (litres product/hectare) unless otherwise stated	Maximum number of treatments (per crop) unless otherwise stated	Latest time of application
Wheat, barley	1.5	Two	Before flag leaf sheath extending (Zadoks GS 39)
	AND 1.0	One	Until beginning of flowering (Zadoks GS 61)
	OR 0.7	One	14 days before harvest
Oats	1.5	Three	Before second node detectable
Permanent grassland, rotational grassland	1.5	One per year	14 days before cutting or grazing
Sugar beet	1.5	One	End of July in year of harvest
Forage maize	1.5	One	21 days before harvest

Crops	Maximum individual dose (litres product/hectare) unless otherwise stated	Maximum number of treatments (per crop) unless otherwise stated	Latest time of application
Cabbage, cauliflower, broccoli/calabrese, Chinese cabbage	2.0	Two per crop (see other specific restrictions 10)	Prior to head formation (BBCH 41)
Cabbage, cauliflower, Brussels sprouts, broccoli/calabrese at drilling or transplanting (field drench application)	70ml spray solution per plant (see other specific restrictions 1.)	One	4 days after transplanting, or at seedling emergence
	OR 5 litre spray solution per 30 metres of row (see other specific restrictions 1.)	One	4 days after transplanting or at seedling emergence
Cabbage, cauliflower, Brussels sprouts, broccoli/calabrese	100 ml product/5000 blocks (see other specific restrictions 4.)	One prior to planting out	4 leaf stage
Cabbage, cauliflower, Brussels sprouts, broccoli/calabrese	50 ml product/5000 modules (see other specific restrictions 5.)	One prior to planting out	4 leaf stage
Potato (seed)	2.0	Two	21 days before harvest
Onion	2.0	One	21 days before harvest
Plum	1.0	One per year	Pre-blossom,
Plum (for heat preservation only)	2.0	One per year (see other specific restrictions 7.)	14 days before harvest
Apple	1.0	One per year (see other specific restrictions 7.)	Pre-blossom (see other specific restrictions 7)
Apple (for cider production only)	2.0	Three per year	14 days before harvest (see other specific restrictions 7 and 8.)

Pears	1.0	One per year	Pre-blossom, (see other specific restrictions 7.)
Pears (for perry production only)	2.0	One per year,	14 days before harvest(see other specific restrictions 7 and 8)
Strawberry	1.5	Two per crop (red spider mite use) (see other specific restrictions 7 and.)	15 days before harvest
	OR		
	1.0	One per crop (aphids/tortrix use) (see other specific restrictions	15 days before harvest
	OR		
	570ml spray solution/ plant	One per crop (see other specific restrictions 3.)	
Raspberry	1.5	Three per year (see other specific restrictions 6 & 7.)	7 days before harvest
Blackcurrant and redcurrant	1.5	Three per year (see other specific restrictions 7.)	14 days before harvest
Gooseberry	1.5	One per year (see other specific restrictions 7.)	14 days before harvest
Cut logs	500ml spray solution per m ² (see other specific restrictions 9.)	Two per year	-
Other specific restrictions:			
1. When applied as a drench to listed brassicae, the maximum concentration must not exceed 1 ml product/1 litre water.			
2. When used as a drench on strawberries, this product must only be applied at the end of the cropping season but before the end of November.			

3. When used as a drench on strawberries the maximum concentration must not exceed 2.0 litres of product per 1000 litres of water.
4. When applied as a drench to peat blocks containing cabbage, Brussels sprouts, cauliflower and calabrese, the maximum concentration must not exceed 100ml of product per 25 litres of water.
5. When applied as a drench to modules containing cabbage, Brussels sprouts, cauliflower and calabrese, the maximum concentration must not exceed 50ml of product per 5 litres of water.
6. For raspberries the maximum total dose is 3.0 litres product/ha.
7. Fruit crops must not be treated during flowering.
8. Apple, pear and plum crops intended for fresh consumption must not be treated post flowering
9. For spray application to cut logs the maximum concentration must not exceed 1.0 litre of product per 100 litres of water.
10. Spray applications to cabbage, cauliflower, broccoli/calabrese and chinese cabbage should be made no later than 21 days before harvest.

KEEP LIVESTOCK out of treated areas for at least 14 days after treatment.

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE. FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR USING PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS.



Warning

Harmful if swallowed.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful if inhaled.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Flammable liquid and vapour.

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Avoid breathing vapours/spray.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

For advice on medical emergencies, fires or major spills telephone the National Chemical Emergency Centre on 01865 407333.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Operator Protection

Chlorpyrifos is an anticholinesterase organophosphorus compound. DO NOT USE if under medical advice NOT to work with such compounds.

Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable in addition to the following personal protective equipment.

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND FACE PROTECTION (FACESHIELD) when handling the concentrate.

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES when handling contaminated surfaces.

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS) AND SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES when handling drenched trays or peat blocks/modules of seedlings. However, engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment if a COSHH assessment shows they provide an equal or higher standard of protection.
WASH CONCENTRATE from skin or eyes immediately.
WHEN USING DO NOT EAT, DRINK OR SMOKE.
DO NOT BREATHE SPRAY.
WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before meals and after work.
WASH ALL PROTECTIVE CLOTHING thoroughly after use, especially the insides of gloves.

Environmental Protection

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads.

KEEP LIVESTOCK out of treated areas for at least 14 days after treatment.

DANGEROUS TO BEES. Do not apply to crops in flower or to those in which bees are actively foraging. Do not apply when flowering weeds are present.

EXTREMELY DANGEROUS TO FISH OR OTHER AQUATIC LIFE. Do not contaminate surface waters or ditches with chemical or used container.

DO NOT ALLOW DIRECT SPRAY from broadcast air-assisted sprayers to fall within 18m of the top of the bank of a static or flowing waterbody unless a Local Environment Risk Assessment for Pesticides (LERAP) permits a narrower buffer zone, or within 5m of the top of a ditch which is dry at the time of application. Aim spray away from water.

DO NOT ALLOW DIRECT SPRAY from horizontal boom sprayers to fall within 5m of the top of the bank of a static or flowing waterbody, or within 1m of the top of a ditch which is dry at the time of application. DO NOT ALLOW DIRECT SPRAY from hand-held sprayers to fall within 1m of the top of the bank of a static or flowing waterbody. Aim spray away from water.

THIS PRODUCT IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR BUFFER ZONE REDUCTION UNDER THE LERAP HORIZONTAL BOOM SPRAYERS SCHEME.



This product qualifies for inclusion within the Local Environment Risk Assessment for Pesticides (LERAP) scheme for BROADCAST AIR-ASSISTED SPRAYERS ONLY. Before each spraying operation from a broadcast air-assisted sprayer, either a LERAP must be carried out in accordance

with HSE's published guidance or the statutory buffer zone must be maintained. The results of the LERAP must be recorded and kept available for three years.

Storage and Disposal

KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD, DRINK AND ANIMAL FEEDING STUFFS.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, tightly closed, in a safe place.

WASH OUT CONTAINER THOROUGHLY, empty washings into spray tank and dispose of safely.

DO NOT RE-USE CONTAINER for any purpose.

GUIDE TO DOCTOR

IF YOU FEEL UNWELL, seek medical advice (show label wherever possible).

IF SWALLOWED, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING: SEEK MEDICAL ADVICE

IMMEDIATELY AND SHOW THIS CONTAINER OR LABEL

Symptoms of Poisoning:

These may include excessive sweating, headache, weakness, faintness and giddiness, nausea, stomach pains, vomiting, small pupils, blurred vision, muscle twitching.

First Aid:

If any of the above symptoms occur, particularly if there is known contamination:

STOP WORK

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash exposed skin and hair.

Prevent all exertion.

Call doctor AT ONCE and show him this label.

This product contains an anticholinesterase organophosphorus compound.

Specific Treatment

1. IN ALL CASES AND AS EARLY AS POSSIBLE inject Atropine sulphate 2mg. or pro rata for children and repeat (if necessary) until fully atropinised.
2. IF AVAILABLE administer Pralidoxime 1 gramme by intra-muscular injection. Repeat after 3-4 hours.

Other Measures

1. Keep airway clear.
2. Watch respiration - intubation with endotracheal tube, or tracheotomy may be necessary in conjunction with artificial ventilation.
3. Put patient at complete rest in hospital for 25 hours at least.

Confirmation of Diagnosis

By estimating cholinesterase activity (5ml blood, unhaemolysed, collected in an anticoagulant).

Further advice from: nearest National Poisons Information Centre.

This leaflet/booklet is part of the approval label.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be read carefully in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

RESTRICTIONS

The main restrictions are listed below. For other restrictions refer to 'CROP SPECIFIC INFORMATION' section.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Control of soil pests will be reduced in organic soils and when soil temperature remains below 5°C.

Consult the processor before treating crops intended for processing.

Breakdown of Pyrinex 48EC inside glasshouses is very slow and can result in damage to susceptible crops planted several months later (e.g. lettuce, celery, Chinese leaves, chrysanthemums etc) can result from even a single application of Pyrinex 48EC at the high concentrations used.

1. Strains of some aphid species are resistant to many aphicides. Where aphids resistant to products containing chlorpyrifos occur, Pyrinex 48EC is unlikely to give satisfactory control. Repeat treatments are likely to result in lower levels of control.
2. Pear suckers resistant to one or more groups of insecticides are widespread. Where strains resistant to products containing organophosphorus insecticides occur, Pyrinex 48EC is unlikely to give satisfactory control. Where repeat treatments are necessary, use different active substances.
3. Strains of 'spider mites' resistant to one or more groups of acaricides are widespread. Where strains resistant to products containing chlorpyrifos occur, Pyrinex 48EC is unlikely to give satisfactory control.

PEST CONTROL

Pyrinex 48EC is an organophosphorus insecticide which has a wide spectrum of activity against many pests. It acts by contact action having activity both biting insects such as caterpillars and sucking insects such as aphids.

For further information on pest control refer to 'CROP SPECIFIC INFORMATION' below.

CROP SPECIFIC INFORMATION (Including Pest Control Information)

CROP	PEST	MAXIMUM INDIVIDUAL DOSE IN L/Ha	LATEST TIMING AND NOTES
ARABLE CROPS			
Wheat, barley, Oats** - up to 14 days before harvest	Frit fly	1.5	Apply on appearance of damage symptoms to the central shoot.
	Wheat blossom, Midge	1.0	Apply when first spikelets just visible (GS 51) until the beginning of flowering (GS 61)
	Wheat bulb Fly	1.5	Apply on appearance of damage or when pest warning given by ADAS or other specialist advisor that egg-hatch has occurred. Later applications to crops at the dead heart symptom stage will be less effective. Do not apply to snow covered soil. If egg hatch is prolonged a second application may be required, especially on organic soils.
	Leather-jackets	1.5	Application may be made when damage appears if high pest levels are found. **For oats the latest time of application is before second node detectable stage.
Sugar Beet End of July in year of harvest	Leather-jackets	1.5	End of July in year of harvest. Do not apply within four days of any herbicide. Apply when first damage is seen. This is usually when sugar beet follows grass. The sugar beet should be vigorous and the first leaves at least 12mm.

CROP	PEST	MAXIMUM INDIVIDUAL DOSE IN L/Ha	LATEST TIMING AND NOTES
FORAGE CROPS			
Maize - up to 21 days before harvest	Frit fly	1.5	Apply at 100% crop emergence. If emergence is variable apply when half the crop has reached the 2 leaf stage.
Grassland - up to 14 days before cutting or grazing	Frit fly	1.5	Frit fly will attack young plants at any time of the year. Apply at crop emergence or when damage is seen.
Seed crops of cabbage, cauliflower, broccoli/calabrese - up to 21 days before harvest.	Cabbage root fly	100 ml/100 litres water Apply approx. 70 ml of dilute spray per plant or 5 litres spray solution per 30 metre of row.	Apply as a drench to the base of transplants within 4 days of planting out or direct to drilled plants at crop emergence if after the third week of April.
	Small species of caterpillars	1.5	Apply with an authorised wetter at 0.05% Apply after caterpillars have hatched when damage or caterpillars are seen.

VEGETABLE AND SALAD CROPS			
The number of foliar applications permitted on brassicas is one per crop			
Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage, Cauliflower, Broccoli/calabrese prior to head formation	Aphid	1.0	Apply with an authorised wetter at 0.05% when aphids first appear (this can also be used for the caterpillar and cutworm recommendations below). Results in summer under dry conditions will be reduced.
	Small species of caterpillar	1.5	Apply when damage is first seen, repeat where necessary.
	Cutworms	2.0	Spray when damage is first seen or when warnings are given by ADAS.
Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Calabrese, Cauliflower, broccoli	Cabbage root fly	100ml/100 litres	Apply as a drench of 70ml to the base of every plant as soon as growth commences after transplanting. The latest time of application is 4 days after transplanting.
Complete control on Brussels sprout buttons is unlikely to be achieved.			

<p>Cabbage, cauliflower, Brussels sprout, broccoli/calabrese</p>	<p>Cabbage root fly</p>	<p>Peat block: 100ml product/ 25 litres water</p> <p>Modules: 50 ml product/5 litres of water</p>	<p>Apply ALONE as a peat block or module treatment. Immediately before treatment, moisten leaves with a light spray of water (e.g. 2 litres/5000 plants for modules). Ensure that the total water applied does not allow leaching from the blocks or modules.</p> <p>Peat blocks - apply 100 ml product per 5000 blocks (43 mm³) in the most dilute solution. The water volume should not exceed the water holding capacity of the peat block to avoid leaching, but should be at least 25 litres/5000 blocks. After treatment, wash the spray from the leaves with water.</p> <p>Modules - apply 50 ml product in 5 litres water per 5000 plants. This should treat modules of 11 to 13 ml capacity, but larger volumes can be applied to larger modules. After drenching, wash the plant leaves using 5 litre water/5000 modules.</p> <p>Do not exceed the concentrations: Peat block: 100 ml product/25 litres of water. Modules: 50 ml product/5 litres of water.</p> <p>Modules should be transplanted as soon as possible after treatment. If plants are to be dispatched freshly watered, Pyrinex 48EC should be applied a few days before hand to ensure that it is not leached from the module during final watering. Pyrinex 48EC should not be used to treat blocks or modules planted out before the beginning of April.</p>
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CROP	PEST	MAXIMUM INDIVIDUAL DOSE IN L/Ha	LATEST TIMING AND NOTES
			<p>Transplanting of treated blocks and modules to a depth which brings untreated soil into contact with plant stems above the top of the block or module will lead to reduced control. DO NOT APPLY IN TANK MIX. Application in tank mix may cause severe scorch.</p> <p>Overdosing can result in transient yellowing of leaves, especially where high rates of a composting or wetting agent have been used.</p> <p>Breakdown of Pyrinex 48EC inside glasshouses is very slow and can result in damage to susceptible crops planted several months later (eg. lettuce, celery, Chinese leaves, chrysanthemums etc) can result from even a single application of Pyrinex 48EC at the high concentrations used.</p>
<p>Onion, Seed Potatoes</p> <p>- up to 21 days before harvest</p>	<p>Cutworms</p>	<p>2.0</p>	<p>Spray when damage is first seen or when warnings are given by ADAS or other specialist advisor.</p> <p>For potatoes do not spray crops under severe drought stress as damage may occur. The variety Desiree is particularly susceptible. Only use on seed potatoes.</p>
FRUIT CROPS			
<p>Apple</p> <p>- pre-blossom</p>	<p><u>Pre-blossom</u> Aphid Blossom Weevil Sucker Capsid Tortrix Winter moth</p>	<p>1.0</p>	<p>Apply in sufficient water to give good cover and canopy penetration (250-2000l/ha). These pests will normally be controlled by an application at green cluster to pink bud. Capsid and aphid may need a second spray at petal fall.</p> <p>DO NOT APPLY BETWEEN PINK BUD AND PETAL FALL</p>

CROP	PEST	MAXIMUM INDIVIDUAL DOSE IN L/Ha	LATEST TIMING AND NOTES
Apple	<u>Post-blossom</u> Aphid, Codling moth Capsid, Winter moth, Woolly aphid, Red spider mite, Sawfly, Tortrix Post blossom use restricted to use on apples intended for cider production (see other restriction 7 and 8)	2.0	Apply in sufficient water to give good cover and canopy penetration.(250-2000l/ha). Aphid and Sawfly will be controlled by a spray at or after petal fall. Winter moth, Codling moth and tortrix will be controlled by spray from mid - June onwards. Follow spray warnings. Red spider mite and woolly aphid will normally be controlled by the Codling/Tortrix sprays. Resistant organophosphorus strains of Red spider mite will not be controlled. Up to three applications can be made.
Pear - up to 14 days before harvest maximum total dose 2l/ha	<u>Pre-blossom</u> Aphid Capsid Tortrix Winter moth	1.0	Apply in sufficient water to give good Cover and canopy penetration (250-200 l/ha). These pests will normally be controlled by an application between bud burst and white bud.
DO NOT APPLY DURING FLOWERING			
	<u>Post-blossom</u> Aphid Capsid Caterpillars Codling moth Pear sucker, Red spider mite Post-blossom use restricted to use on pears intended for perry production (see other restriction 7 and 8)	2.0 (28fl.oz/ac)	Apply in sufficient water to give good cover penetration (250-200 l/ha). For capsids, caterpillars and Pear sucker, apply when pest is first seen. Codling moth will be controlled by spray for mid June onwards. Aphid will normally be controlled when treating for codling. Resistant organophosphorus strains of red spider mite will not be controlled.
Plum - up to 14 days before harvest Maximum total dose 2l/ha	<u>Pre-blossom</u> Aphid Tortrix Winter moth	1.0	Apply in sufficient water to give good cover and canopy penetration (250-2000l/ha). Spray from bud burst to white bud stage.
DO NOT APPLY BETWEEN WHITE BUD AND PETAL FALL			

	<p><u>Post-blossom</u> Aphid, Damson hop, Mealy plum aphid, Winter moth, Red spider mite Post-blossom use restricted to use on crops intended for heat preservation (see other restriction 7 and 8)</p>	<p>2.0</p>	<p>For control of Winter moth spray at cot split. Spray for aphids on appearance and repeat as necessary. Any of these sprays will normally control non-OP resistant red spider mite. Apply in 250-2000l/ha water. Only non organophosphorus resistant strains of Damsonhop aphid will be controlled.</p>
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CROP	PEST	MAXIMUM INDIVIDUAL DOSE IN L/Ha	LATEST TIMING AND NOTES
Blackcurrant - up to 14 days before harvest	Aphid caterpillars capsid	1.0	For aphids apply when attack occurs. Apply in sufficient water to give good leaf cover and canopy penetration (1000 l/ha). For capsid and caterpillars spray at early flower and three weeks later. Late aphid may require a third spray.
	Red Spider Mite	1.5	Apply in 2000 l/ha for control of red spider mite. OP resistant strains will not be controlled. . Treat bushes post-picking to clear up residual populations.
Raspberry - up to 7 days before harvest	Aphid Raspberry beetle Raspberry cane midge	1.0	Apply in 500-1000 litres water per hectare. Use a minimum 1000l/ha for raspberry beetle control. For cane midge spray on warning from ADAS or when small splits occur on outside of young cane. If repeat applications are necessary, use a different active substance Spray at first pink fruit stage for control of raspberry beetle. For aphids, spray pre- blossom as required.
	Red Spider Mite	1.5	Spray into bottom of crop below the bottom wire.i.e. the bottom 60cm. Spray aphid and red spider mite on appearance. Only non OP resistant red spider mite will be controlled.
Strawberry - up to 15days before harvest	Aphid, Tortrix	1.0	Apply in sufficient water to give good leaf cover and canopy penetration (1000 l/ha). Spray on appearance when pest appears before flowering. Do not spray again until the crop has been picked. Only make one application per crop against these pests.
	Red spider Mite	1.5	Spray at the first sign of damage and at any time until the start of the flowering- two sprays may be necessary. Only non organophosphorous resistant red spider mite will not be controlled.
	Vine weevil	2.0 in 1000 litres	Apply 285-570ml solution per plant to the crown and surrounding soil after cropping and burning off. Always check plant susceptibility on a small number of plants first before treating large areas. Application to control vine weevil must not be made to strawberries grown under

			plastic tunnels or in cloches. Only one application per crop is permitted.
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CROP	PEST	MAXIMUM INDIVIDUAL DOSE IN L/Ha	LATEST TIMING AND NOTES
Gooseberries - up to 14 days before harvest	Aphid Capsid Caterpillars	1.0	For aphids apply when attack occurs. Apply in sufficient water to give good leaf cover and canopy penetration (1000l/ha). For capsid spray at first flower open and repeat three weeks later. For control of caterpillar spray as soon as the pests are seen, usually after fruit set. Late aphid may require a third spray. It is important to ensure spray penetration into the centre of large bushes.
	Red spider mite	1.5	Apply in 2000l/ha for control of red spidermite. OP resistant strains will not be controlled. Spray as soon as mites are seen on the foliage. If a repeat application is needed, use a different active substance
NON EDIBLE CROPS			
Cut forest logs	Ambrosia beetle. Larch shoot beetle. Pine shoot beetle	1.0 per 100 litres	For single logs apply 500ml of solution per sq. metre of log surface area as a directed spray. If spraying stack apply 700ml solution per sq. metre. If spraying before infestation has occurred Pyrinex 48EC should be applied in water. If infestation has occurred apply in paraffin or diesel oil.

NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS

* The maximum number of treatments per crop will vary according to the use. Where they have been applied and further control of the target pest is required, apply an appropriate insecticide that does not contain Chlorpyrifos.

MIXING AND APPLICATION

Mixing

Add half the required volume of water to the spray tank. Invert and shake thoroughly the contents of the bottle of Pyrinex 48EC. Then add the recommended quantity to the spray tank. Agitate while topping up and continue agitation during spraying.

USE IMMEDIATELY. Do not leave sprayer standing with spray mix in it. Always ensure that the sprayer is clean, in good working order and calibrated accurately to the sprayer manufacturers' recommendations. Thoroughly wash all spray and measuring equipment with water and a wetting agent immediately after use.

On emptying the container, RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using an integrated pressure rinsing device or manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling and dispose of container safely.

Volume

Apply in a minimum of 200 litres per hectare of water except for vegetables, fruit and non-edible crops where a minimum of 500 l/ha should be used. Low volume applications should not be used. If crop is dense a higher volume of water should be used.

Application

Make sure the sprayer is set to give an even application at the correct volume. It is essential that good leaf coverage is obtained, particularly in vegetables and fruit.

DISCLAIMER/CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY

The specified properties of our products and the mode of application stated on this label have been established on the basis of research and experience. Products conform to specification at the time of delivery but, as we exercise no control over their subsequent storage, handling, mixing or use or the weather conditions before, during and after application, all of which may affect the performance of the products, no responsibility or liability will be accepted by us or our re-sellers for any failure in performance, damage or injury to person or property whatsoever arising from the storage, handling, application or use of the products. These conditions cannot be varied by our staff or agents whether or not they supervise or assist in or make recommendations concerning the use of such products. We recommend you contact your dealer to request advice on the suitability of this product for any new and/or unusual growing methods or for new varieties not listed on this label.

Marketed by:

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Label code

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