according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



### **CEBARA**

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : CEBARA

Product Registration number : MAPP 18569

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : Fungicide

stance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Adama Agricultural Solutions UK Ltd

Third Floor East

1410 Arlington Business Park Theale, READING, RG7 4SA

UK

Telephone : +44 (0) 1635 860 555

Telefax : +44 (0) 1635 861 555

E-mail address of person

responsible for the SDS

: ukenquiries@adama.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone**: National Chemical Emergency Centre (UK)

**number** 01865 407333 (24 hours)

National Poisons Information Centre (Republic of Ireland)

Tel: 01 809 2166 (8am – 10pm 7 days a week)

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification** 

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Acute toxicity, Category 4

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters air-ways.

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Acute aquatic toxicity, Category 1 H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 1 H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the

environment, comply with the instructions for use.

EUH208 Contains isopyrazam, cyprodinil. May produce an

allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P102 Keep out of reach of children

P260 Do not breathe spray

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/doctor.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep

comfortable for breathing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P391 Collect spillage

SP1 Do not contaminate water with the product or its container (Do not clean application equipment near surface water/Avoid contamination via

drains from farmyards and roads).

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: mixture of octanoic acid- decanoic acid- N,N-dimethylamide

solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. isopyrazam

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### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2 Mixtures

### **Hazardous components**

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
mixture of octanoic acid- decanoic acid- N,N-dimethylamide	1118-92-9 214-272-5 01-2119974115-37	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H335	>= 20 - < 30
solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	64742-94-5 265-198-5 649-424-00-3 01-2119451151-53	Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 10 - < 20
cyprodinil (ISO)	121552-61-2 612-242-00-X	Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	>= 10 - < 20
triethyl phosphate	78-40-0 201-114-5 015-013-00-7 01-2119492852-28	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 10 - < 20
poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), -[2,4,6-tris(1-phenylethyl)phenyl] hydroxy-	99734-09-5	Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 2.5 - < 10
isopyrazam	881685-58-1	Skin Sens. 1B; H317 Repr. 2; H361d Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	>= 3 - < 10
naphthalene	91-20-3 202-049-5 601-052-00-2	Flam. Sol. 2; H228 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Carc. 2; H351 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1;	>= 0.25 - < 1

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H410

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Have the product container, label or Safety Data Sheet with

you when calling the emergency number, a poison control

center or physician, or going for treatment.

If inhaled : Move the victim to fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respira-

tion.

Keep patient warm and at rest.

Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

In case of skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses.

Immediate medical attention is required.

If swallowed : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this

container or label.

Do not induce vomiting: contains petroleum distillates and/or

aromatic solvents.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : There is no specific antidote available.

Treat symptomatically.

Do not induce vomiting: contains petroleum distillates and/or

aromatic solvents.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Extinguishing media - small fires

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or car-

bon dioxide.

Extinguishing media - large fires

Alcohol-resistant foam

or

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Water spray

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

As the product contains combustible organic components, fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous prod-

ucts of combustion (see section 10).

Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to

health.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing ap-

paratus.

Further information Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible ab-

sorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local

/ national regulations (see section 13). Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Clean with detergents. Avoid solvents.

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal considerations see section 13., Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling No special protective measures against fire required.

> Avoid contact with skin and eyes. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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For personal protection see section 8.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: No special storage conditions required. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s)

: For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval conditions laid down on the product label.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	64742-94-5	TWA	8 ppm 50 mg/m3	Supplier
cyprodinil (ISO)	121552-61- 2	TWA	5 mg/m3	Syngenta
isopyrazam	881685-58- 1	TWA	1 mg/m3	Syngenta
naphthalene	91-20-3	TWA	10 ppm 50 mg/m3	91/322/EEC
Further information	Indicative			

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### **Engineering measures**

Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical protection measure if exposure cannot be eliminated.

The extent of these protection measures depends on the actual risks in use.

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards. Where necessary, seek additional occupational hygiene advice.

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : No special protective equipment required.

Hand protection

Material : Nitrile rubber
Break through time : > 480 min
Glove thickness : 0.5 mm

Remarks : Wear protective gloves. The choice of an appropriate glove

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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does not only depend on its material but also on other quality features and is different from one producer to the other. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. The break through time depends amongst other things on the material, the thickness and the type of glove and therefore has to be measured for each case. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the spe-

cific work-place.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Wear as appropriate: Impervious clothing

Respiratory protection

Skin and body protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure

limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Suitable respiratory equipment:

Respirator with combination filter for vapour/particulate (EN

141)

The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the max-

imum expected contaminant concentration

(gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self-

contained breathing apparatus must be used.

Filter type : Combined particulates and organic vapour type (A-P)

Protective measures : The use of technical measures should always have priority

over the use of personal protective equipment.

When selecting personal protective equipment, seek appro-

priate professional advice.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties** 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

uniform, clear, mobile

Colour : orange to brown Odour : sweetish, pungent

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : 4.0 - 8.0

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> Melting point/range No data available

> **Boiling point/boiling range** : No data available

Flash point > 165 °C(1002.0 hPa)

Method: Pensky-Martens closed cup

Evaporation rate No data available

: No data available Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper explosion limit / Upper : No data available

flammability limit

Lower explosion limit / Lower : No data available

flammability limit

Vapour pressure

No data available

Relative vapour density No data available

Density 1.02 g/cm3

Solubility(ies)

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

: 440 °C Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic

: 18.8 mPa.s (20 °C)

8.2 mPa.s (40 °C)

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information

Surface tension : 26.4 mN/m, 20 °C

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

None reasonably foreseeable.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions

: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid

: No decomposition if used as directed.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid

None known.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact Eye contact

### **Acute toxicity**

### **Product:**

Acute oral toxicity

: LD50 (Rat, female): 3,129 mg/kg

Remarks: The toxicological data has been taken from prod-

ucts of similar composition.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.62 - < 5.24 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Remarks: The toxicological data has been taken from prod-

ucts of similar composition.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: The toxicological data has been taken from prod-

ucts of similar composition.

### **Components:**

### cyprodinil (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity

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: LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 1.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

triethyl phosphate:

Acute oral toxicity

: LD50 (Rat): 1,600 mg/kg

Acute toxicity estimate: 500 mg/kg

Method: Converted acute toxicity point estimate

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 8.817 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 20,000 mg/kg

poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), -[2,4,6-tris(1-phenylethyl)phenyl]- -hydroxy-:

Acute oral toxicity

: LD50 Oral (Rat): 5,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

isopyrazam:

Acute oral toxicity

: LD50 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Rat, female): 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

single ingestion.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.28 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

naphthalene:

Acute oral toxicity

: Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single ingestion.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Product:** 

Species: Rabbit

Result: Mild skin irritation

Remarks: The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar composition.

#### **Components:**

### mixture of octanoic acid- decanoic acid- N,N-dimethylamide:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irritating to skin.

### cyprodinil (ISO):

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

### isopyrazam:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### **Product:**

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Remarks: The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar composition.

#### Components:

### mixture of octanoic acid- decanoic acid- N,N-dimethylamide:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Risk of serious damage to eyes.

### cyprodinil (ISO):

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

#### triethyl phosphate:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

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### isopyrazam:

Species: Rabbit Result: No eye irritation

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

### **Product:**

Species: Guinea pig

Result: Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

Remarks: The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar composition.

#### **Components:**

### cyprodinil (ISO):

Species: Guinea pig

Result: The product is a skin sensitiser, sub-category 1B.

### isopyrazam:

Species: Mouse

Result: The product is a skin sensitiser, sub-category 1B.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

### **Components:**

### cyprodinil (ISO):

sessment

Germ cell mutagenicity- As- : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

#### triethyl phosphate:

sessment

Germ cell mutagenicity- As- : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

### poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), -[2,4,6-tris(1-phenylethyl)phenyl]- -hydroxy-:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As- : In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

sessment

sessment

#### isopyrazam:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As- : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

### Carcinogenicity

#### Components:

### cyprodinil (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assess- : No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

ment

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triethyl phosphate:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

isopyrazam:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

naphthalene:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Reproductive toxicity

**Components:** 

cyprodinil (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: No toxicity to reproduction

triethyl phosphate:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

No toxicity to reproduction

isopyrazam:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments., Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility., Evidence of developmental toxicity at high doses

(reduction in eye size).

STOT - single exposure

**Components:** 

mixture of octanoic acid- decanoic acid- N,N-dimethylamide:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation.

Repeated dose toxicity

**Components:** 

cyprodinil (ISO):

Remarks: No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

**Aspiration toxicity** 

**Components:** 

solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

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**SECTION 12: Ecological information** 

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.36 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on test results obtained with similar product.

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.22 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on test results obtained with similar product.

: ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 6.6 Toxicity to algae

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on test results obtained with similar product.

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Chronic aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects., Classifica-

tion of the product is based on the summation of the concen-

trations of classified components.

Components:

mixture of octanoic acid- decanoic acid- N,N-dimethylamide:

Toxicity to fish

LC50: 14.8 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Chronic aquatic toxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

cyprodinil (ISO):

Toxicity to fish

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2.41 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.033 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test Type: flow-through test

LC50 (Americamysis bahia (Mysid shrimp)): 0.0081 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 5.2

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.4

End point: Growth rate

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 1.78 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.541 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

10, Annex VI - Harmonised

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0.0082 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

NOEC: 0.0019 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d

Species: Americamysis bahia (Mysid shrimp)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10, Annex VI - Harmonised

triethyl phosphate:

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): > 2,985 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 min

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

NOEC: 31.6 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

ic toxicity) Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), -[2,4,6-tris(1-phenylethyl)phenyl]- -hydroxy-:

Toxicity to fish

: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 21 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

isopyrazam:

Toxicity to fish

: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.063 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.034 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.13 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 4

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mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.31

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 96 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

10

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0.00287 mg/l Exposure time: 32 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0.013 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10

### naphthalene:

### **Ecotoxicology Assessment**

Acute aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

#### **Components:**

### mixture of octanoic acid- decanoic acid- N,N-dimethylamide:

Biodegradability

Result: Readily biodegradable.

Stability in water : Remarks: Product is not persistent.

cyprodinil (ISO):

Biodegradability

Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Degradation half life: ca. 10 d Stability in water

Remarks: Product is not persistent.

triethyl phosphate:

Biodegradability

Result: Not readily biodegradable.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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isopyrazam:

Biodegradability

Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Stability in water Degradation half life: 21 d

Remarks: Product is not persistent.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

cyprodinil (ISO): Bioaccumulation

: Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4.0 (25 °C)

isopyrazam:

Bioaccumulation

Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4.1 (25 °C)

log Pow: 4.4 (25 °C)

12.4 Mobility in soil

**Components:** 

mixture of octanoic acid- decanoic acid- N,N-dimethylamide:

Stability in soil : Remarks: Product is not persistent.

cyprodinil (ISO):

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: Cyprodinil has low to slight mobility in soil.

Stability in soil Dissipation time: 0.1 - 2 d

Percentage dissipation: 50 % (DT50) Remarks: Product is not persistent.

isopyrazam:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: Isopyrazam has low to slight mobility in soil.

Stability in soil Dissipation time: 70 d

> Percentage dissipation: 50 % (DT50) Remarks: Product is not persistent.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### **Product:**

Assessment

: This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher..

#### **Components:**

#### cyprodinil (ISO):

Assessment

: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB)..

### triethyl phosphate:

Assessment

: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB)..

### poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), -[2,4,6-tris(1-phenylethyl)phenyl]- -hydroxy-:

Assessment

: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB)..

### isopyrazam:

Assessment

: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB)..

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incinera-

tion.

If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with

local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Triple rinse containers.

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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dling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

Waste Code : uncleaned packagings

150110, packaging containing residues of or contaminated by

dangerous substances

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 UN number

ADN : UN 3082
ADR : UN 3082
RID : UN 3082
IMDG : UN 3082
IATA : UN 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name

**ADN** : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(CYPRODINIL AND ISOPYRAZAM)

**ADR** : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(CYPRODINIL AND ISOPYRAZAM)

RID : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(CYPRODINIL AND ISOPYRAZAM)

IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(CYPRODINIL AND ISOPYRAZAM)

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(CYPRODINIL AND ISOPYRAZAM)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN : 9
ADR : 9
RID : 9
IMDG : 9
IATA : 9

14.4 Packing group

**ADN** 

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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**ADR** 

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9
Tunnel restriction code : (-)

**RID** 

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

**IMDG** 

Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo :

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

964

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen: 964

ger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**ADR** 

Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG** 

Marine pollutant : yes

IATA (Passenger)

Marine pollutant : yes

IATA (Cargo)

Marine pollutant : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mix-

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import

of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de-

plete the ozone layer

Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pol-

lutants

: Not applicable

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

E1 Quantity 1 Quantity 2
ENVIRONMENTAL 100 t 200 t
HAZARDS

34 Petroleum products: (a)

2,500 t

25,000 t

gasolines and naphthas, (b) kerosenes (including jet fuels), (c) gas oils (including diesel fuels, home heating oils and gas oil blending streams),(d) heavy fuel oils (e) alternative fuels serving the same purposes and with similar properties as regards

properties as regards flammability and environmental hazards as the products referred to in points (a) to (d)

### Other regulations:

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work.

Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

Use plant protection products safely. Always read the label and product information before use.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance when it is used in the specified applications.

SECTION 16: Other information Full text of H-Statements

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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H228 H302 H304 H315 H317 H318 H335 H351 H361d H400 H410 H411		Causes skin irritat May cause an alle Causes serious ey Causes serious ey May cause respira Suspected of caus Suspected of dam Very toxic to aqua Very toxic to aqua Toxic to aquatic lif	allowed and enters airways. ion. ergic skin reaction. e damage. e irritation. etory irritation. sing cancer. aging the unborn child.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute Acute aquatic toxicity Aquatic Chronic Chronic aquatic toxicity Asp. Tox. Aspiration hazard Carcinogenicity Carc. Eye Dam. Serious eye damage Eve Irrit. Eve irritation Flam. Sol. Flammable solids Repr. Reproductive toxicity

Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

91/322/EEC : Europe. Commission Directive 91/322/EEC on establishing

indicative limit values

91/322/EEC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx -Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumu-

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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lative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

#### Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure: Acute Tox. 4 H332 On basis of test data. Repr. 2 H361d Calculation method STOT SE 3 H335 Calculation method Asp. Tox. 1 H304 Calculation method Aquatic Acute 1 H400 On basis of test data. H410 Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 1

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